# Applied Deep Learning



# **Gating Mechanism**



March 22nd, 2021 <a href="http://adl.miulab.tw">http://adl.miulab.tw</a>



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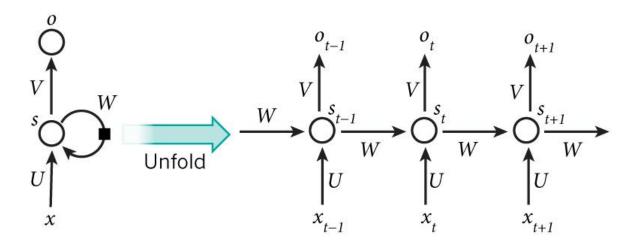
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Review

Vanishing Gradient Problem

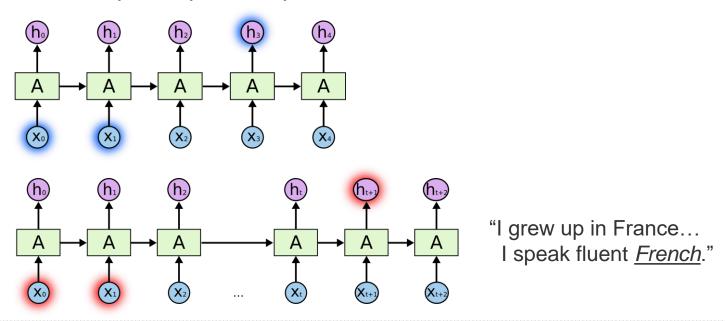
#### **Recurrent Neural Network Definition**

$$s_t = \sigma(Ws_{t-1} + Ux_t)$$
  $\sigma(\cdot)$ : tanh, ReLU  $o_t = \operatorname{softmax}(Vs_t)$ 



## Vanishing Gradient: Gating Mechanism

RNN: keeps temporal sequence information



Issue: in theory, RNNs can handle such "long-term dependencies," but they cannot in practice 
→ use gates to directly encode the long-distance information

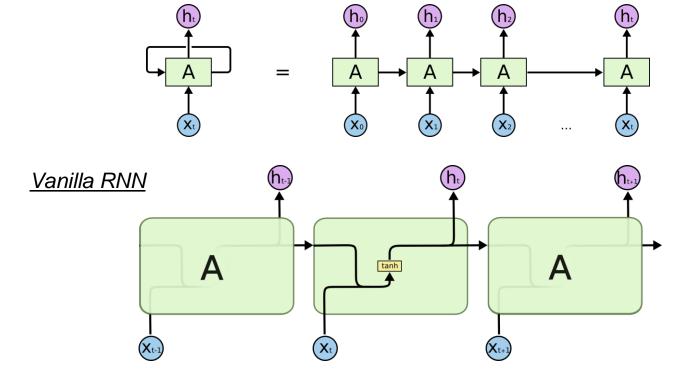
# **Long Short-Term Memory**

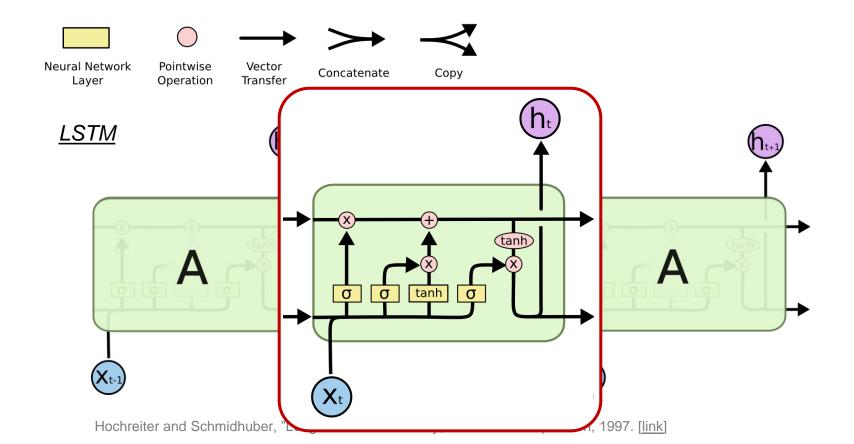
Addressing Vanishing Gradient Problem

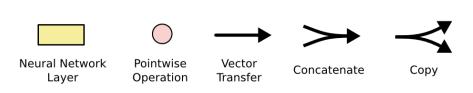
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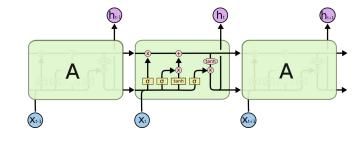
## Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM)

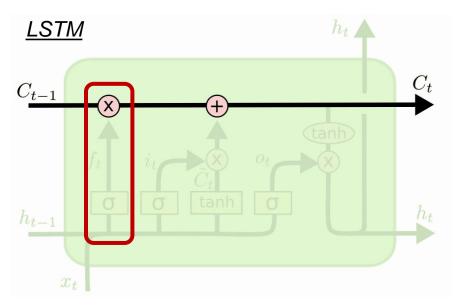
LSTMs are explicitly designed to avoid the long-term dependency problem









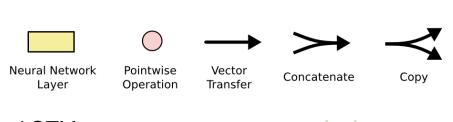


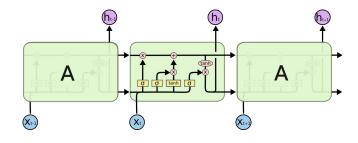
runs straight down the chain with minor linear interactions

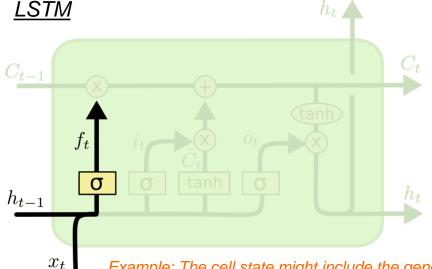
→ easy for information to flow along it unchanged

Gates are a way to optionally let information through

→ composed of a sigmoid and a pointwise multiplication operation





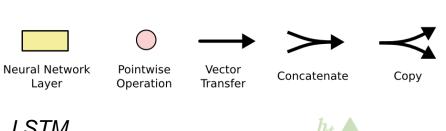


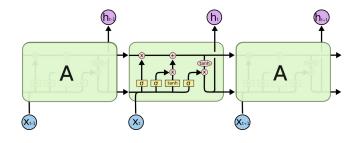
forget gate (a sigmoid layer): decides what information we're going to throw away from the cell state

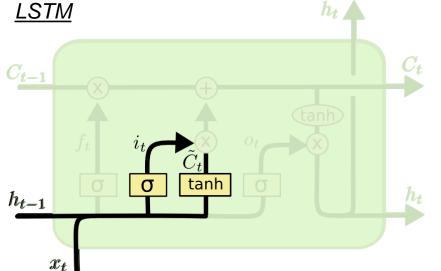
$$f_t = \sigma\left(W_f \cdot [h_{t-1}, x_t] + b_f\right)$$

- 1: "completely keep this"
- 0: "completely get rid of this"

Example: The cell state might include the gender of the present subject, so that the correct pronouns can be used. When seeing a new subject, we want to forget the old subject's gender.







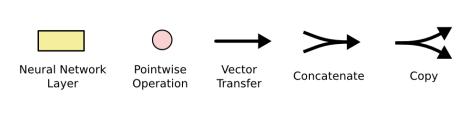
input gate (a sigmoid layer): decides what new information we're going to store in the cell state

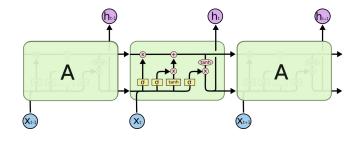
$$i_t = \sigma\left(W_i \cdot [h_{t-1}, x_t] + b_i\right)$$

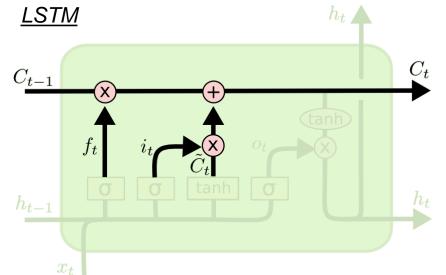
$$\tilde{C}_t = \tanh(W_C \cdot [h_{t-1}, x_t] + b_C)$$

Vanilla RNN

Example: We want to add the new subject's gender to the cell state for replacing the old one.





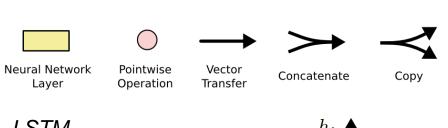


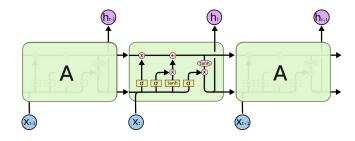
cell state update: forgets the things we decided to forget earlier and add the new candidate values, scaled by how much we decided to update each state value

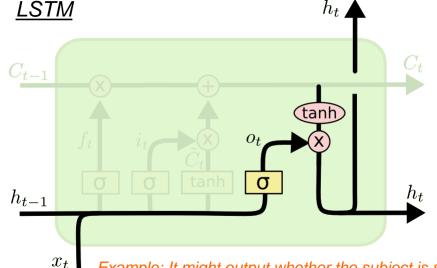
$$C_t = f_t * C_{t-1} + i_t * \tilde{C}_t$$

- $f_t$ : decides which to forget
- *i<sub>t</sub>*: decide which to update

where we actually drop the information about the old subject's gender and add the new information







output gate (a sigmoid layer): decides what new information we're going to output

$$o_t = \sigma\left(W_o \left[ h_{t-1}, x_t \right] + b_o \right)$$

$$h_t = o_t * \tanh\left(C_t\right)$$

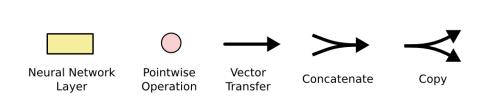
Example: It might output whether the subject is singular or plural, so that we know what form a verb should be conjugated into if that's what follows next.

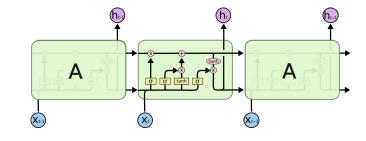
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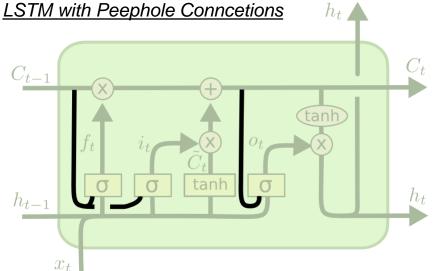
# **Variants on LSTM**

Addressing Vanishing Gradient Problem

#### **LSTM** with Peephole Connections







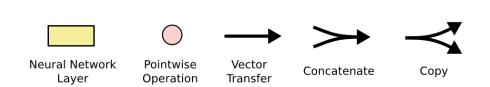
Idea: allow gate layers to look at the cell state

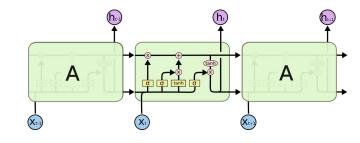
$$f_t = \sigma\left(W_f \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C_{t-1}}, h_{t-1}, x_t \end{bmatrix} + b_f\right)$$

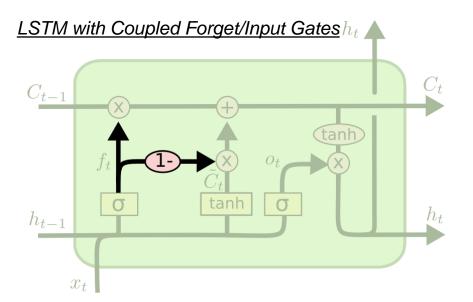
$$i_t = \sigma\left(W_i \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C_{t-1}}, h_{t-1}, x_t \end{bmatrix} + b_i\right)$$

$$o_t = \sigma\left(W_o \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C_t}, h_{t-1}, x_t \end{bmatrix} + b_o\right)$$

### **LSTM** with Coupled Forget/Input Gates







Idea: instead of separately deciding what to forget and what we should add new information to, we make those decisions together

$$C_t = f_t * C_{t-1} + (1 - f_t) * \tilde{C}_t$$

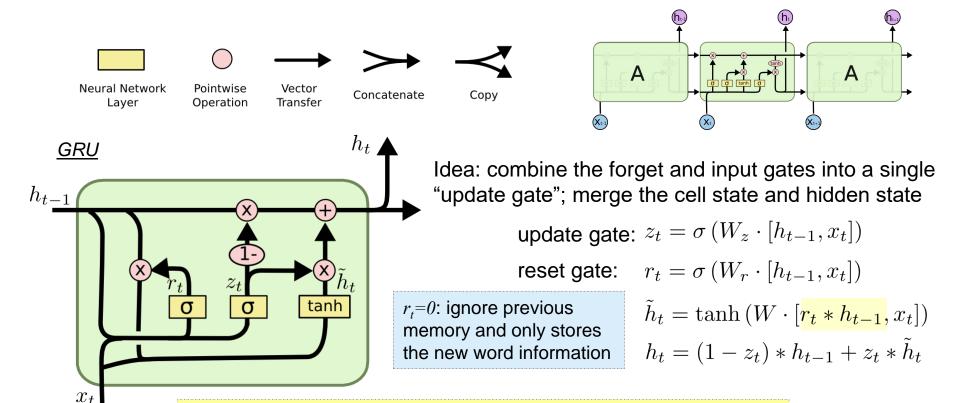
We only forget when we're going to input something in its place, and vice versa.

## **Gated Recurrent Unit**

Addressing Vanishing Gradient Problem



#### **Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU)**



GRU is simpler and has less parameters than LSTM

#### **Concluding Remarks**

- Gating mechanism for vanishing gradient problem
- Gated RNN
  - Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM)
    - Peephole Connections
    - Coupled Forget/Input Gates
  - Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU)

