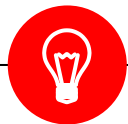


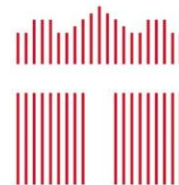
# *Applied Deep Learning*



## Attention Mechanism

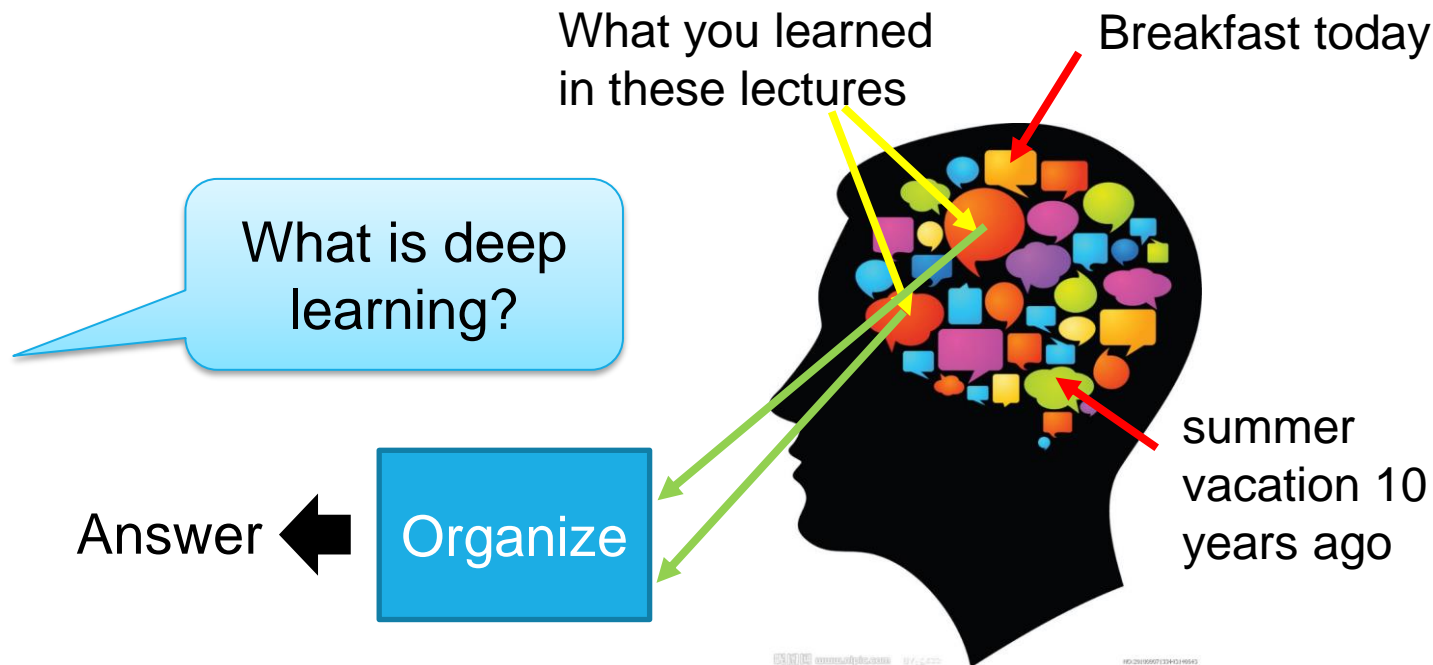


September 11th, 2024 <http://adl.miulab.tw>

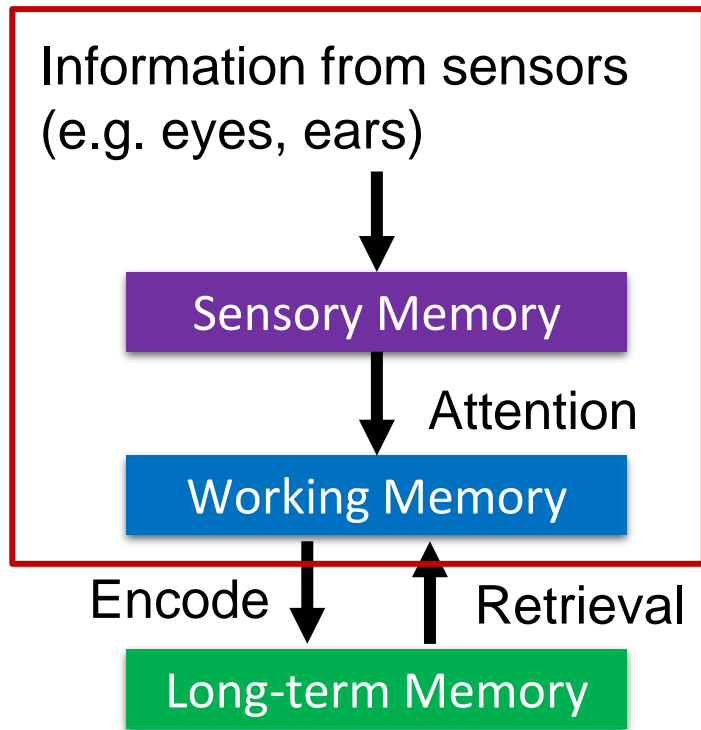


National  
Taiwan  
University  
國立臺灣大學

# Attention and Memory



# Attention and Memory



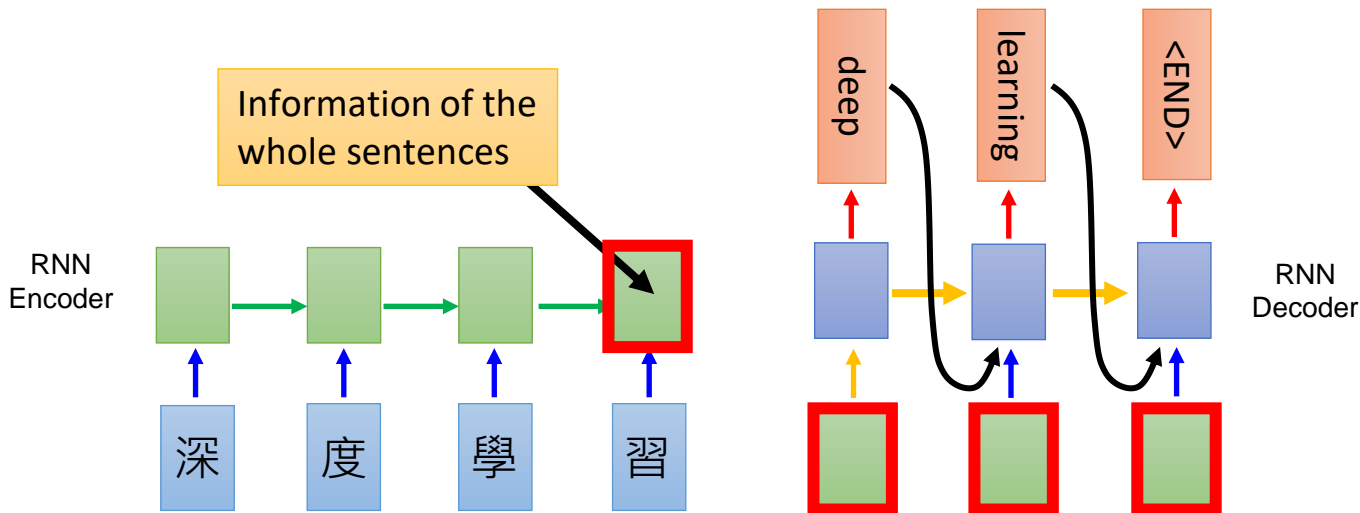
Problem: very long sequence  
or an image



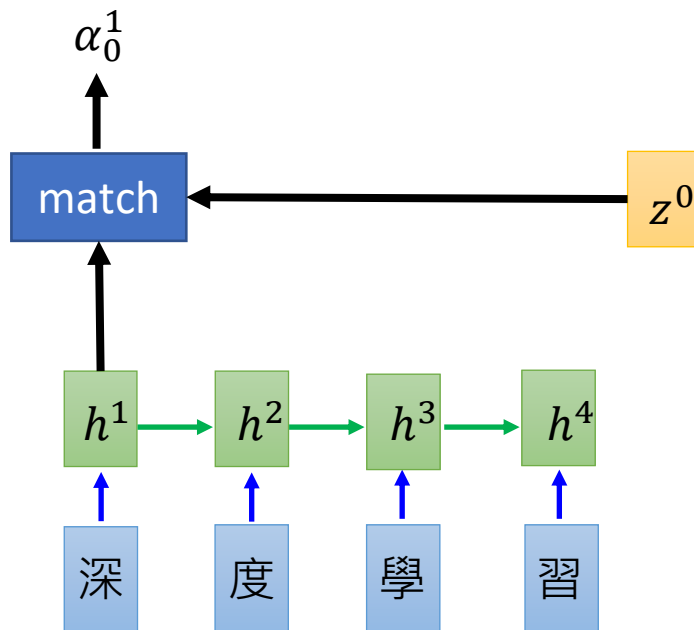
Solution: pay attention on the  
**partial** input object each time

# Machine Translation

- Sequence-to-sequence learning: both input and output are both sequences with different lengths.
- E.g. 深度學習 → deep learning



# Machine Translation with Attention

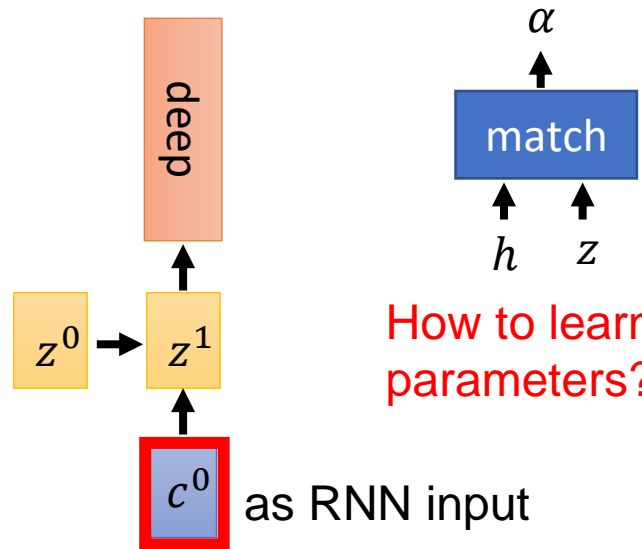
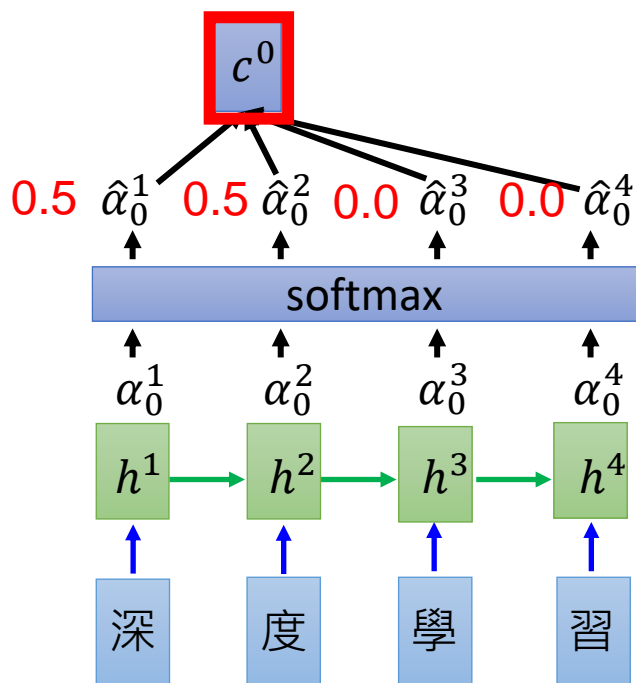


What is **match** ?

- Cosine similarity of  $z$  and  $h$
- Small NN whose input is  $z$  and  $h$ , output a scalar
- $\alpha = h^T W z$

How to learn the parameters?

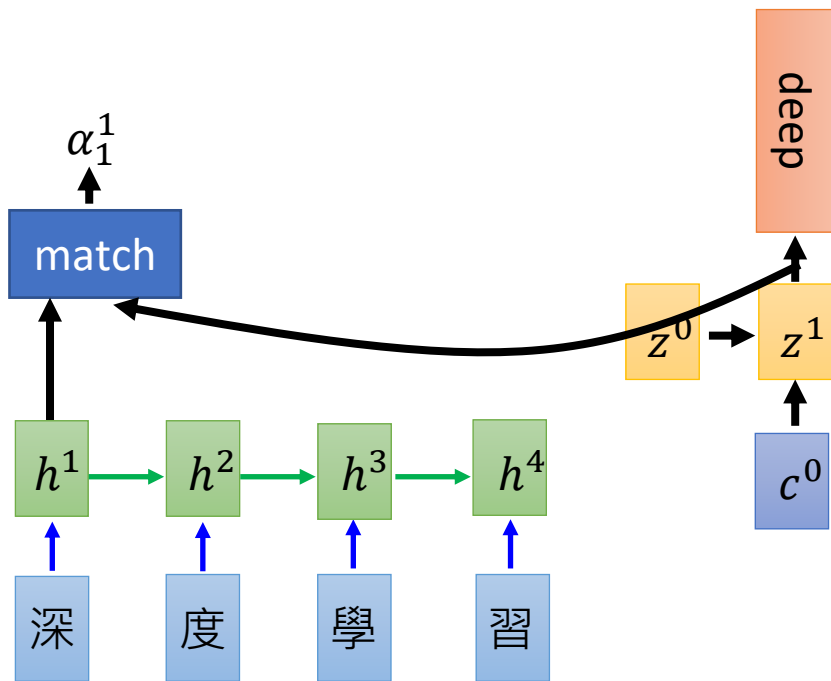
# Machine Translation with Attention



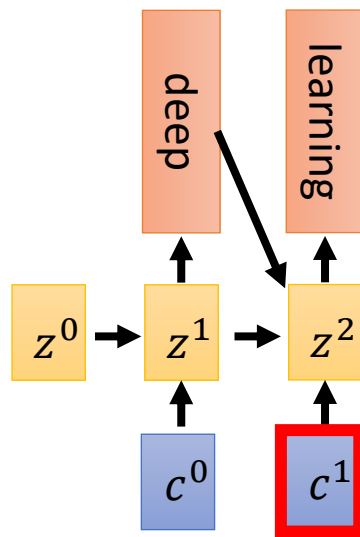
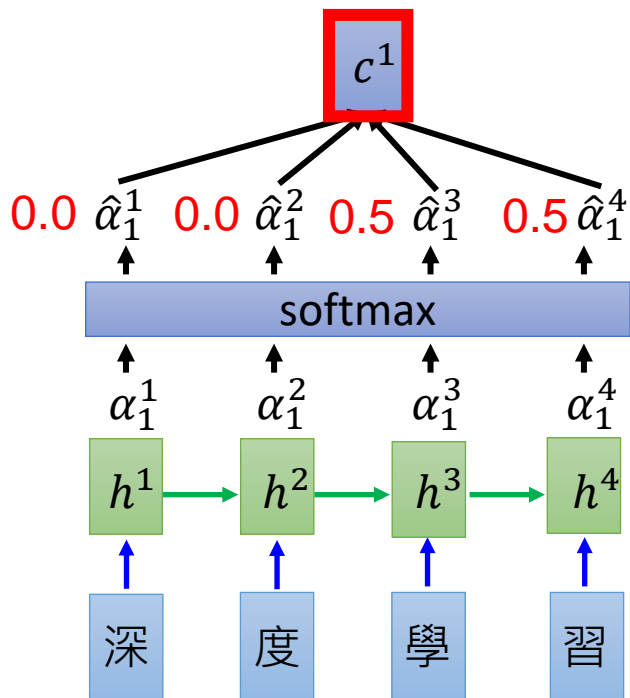
How to learn the parameters?

$$c^0 = \sum \hat{\alpha}_0^i h^i = 0.5h^1 + 0.5h^2$$

# Machine Translation with Attention



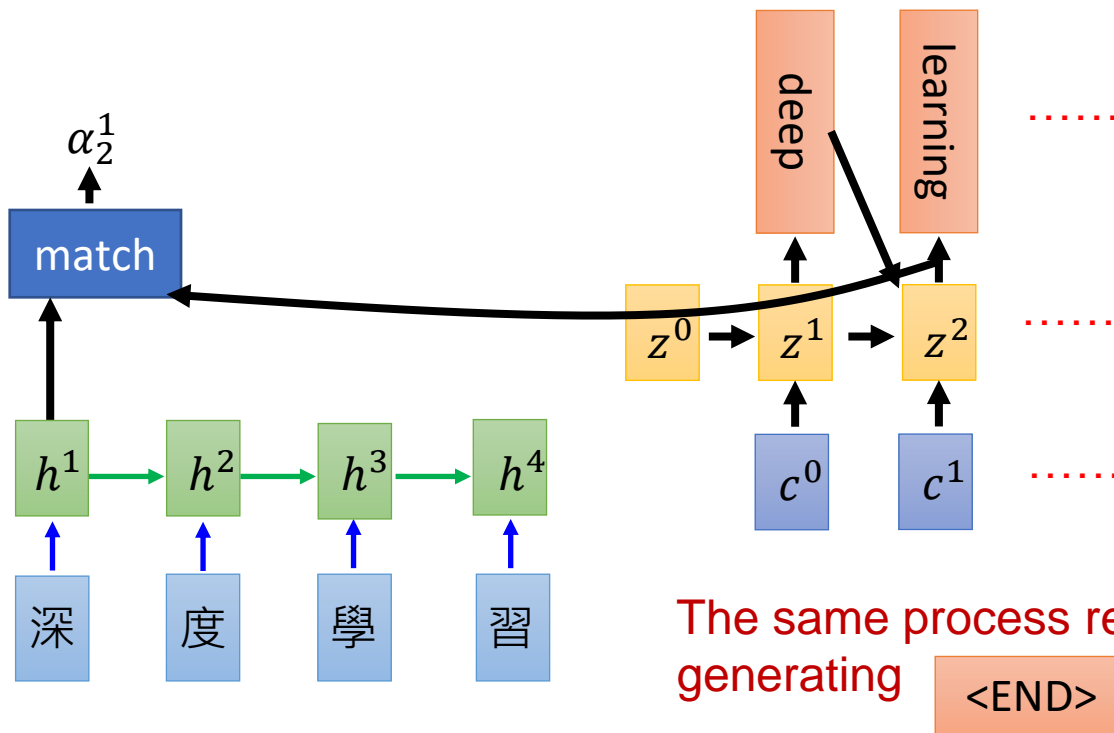
# Machine Translation with Attention



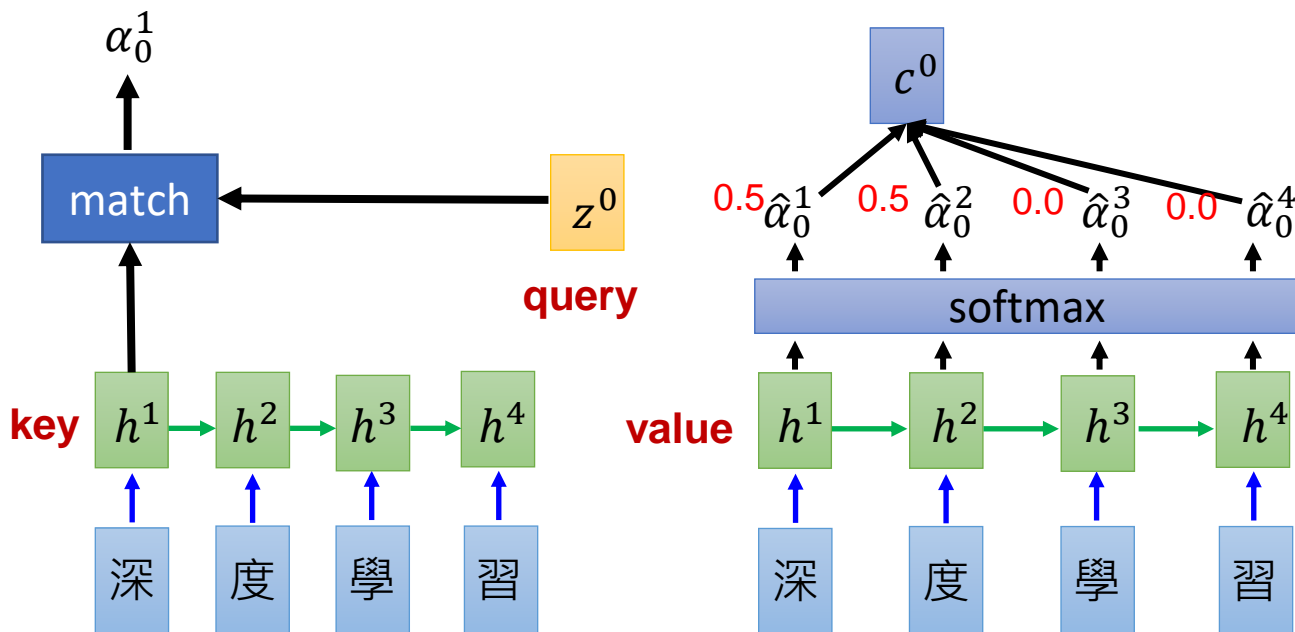
$$c^1 = \sum \hat{\alpha}_1^i h^i = 0.5h^3 + 0.5h^4$$



# Machine Translation with Attention



# Machine Translation with Attention



# Dot-Product Attention

- Input: a query  $q$  and a set of key-value ( $k$ - $v$ ) pairs to an output
- Output: weighted sum of values

Inner product of  
query and corresponding key

$$A(q, K, V) = \sum_i \frac{\exp(q \cdot k_i)}{\sum_j \exp(q \cdot k_j)} v_i$$

- Query  $q$  is a  $d_k$ -dim vector
- Key  $k$  is a  $d_k$ -dim vector
- Value  $v$  is a  $d_v$ -dim vector

# Dot-Product Attention in Matrix

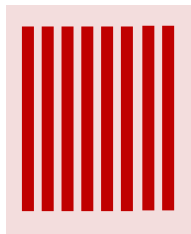
- Input: *multiple* queries  $q$  and a set of key-value ( $k$ - $v$ ) pairs to an output
- Output: a set of weighted sum of values

$$A(q, K, V) = \sum_i \frac{\exp(q \cdot k_i)}{\sum_j \exp(q \cdot k_j)} v_i$$

$$A(Q, K, V) = \text{softmax}(QK^T)V$$

$$[|Q| \times d_k] \times [d_k \times |K|] \times [|K| \times d_v]$$

softmax  
row-wise



$$= [|Q| \times d_v]$$

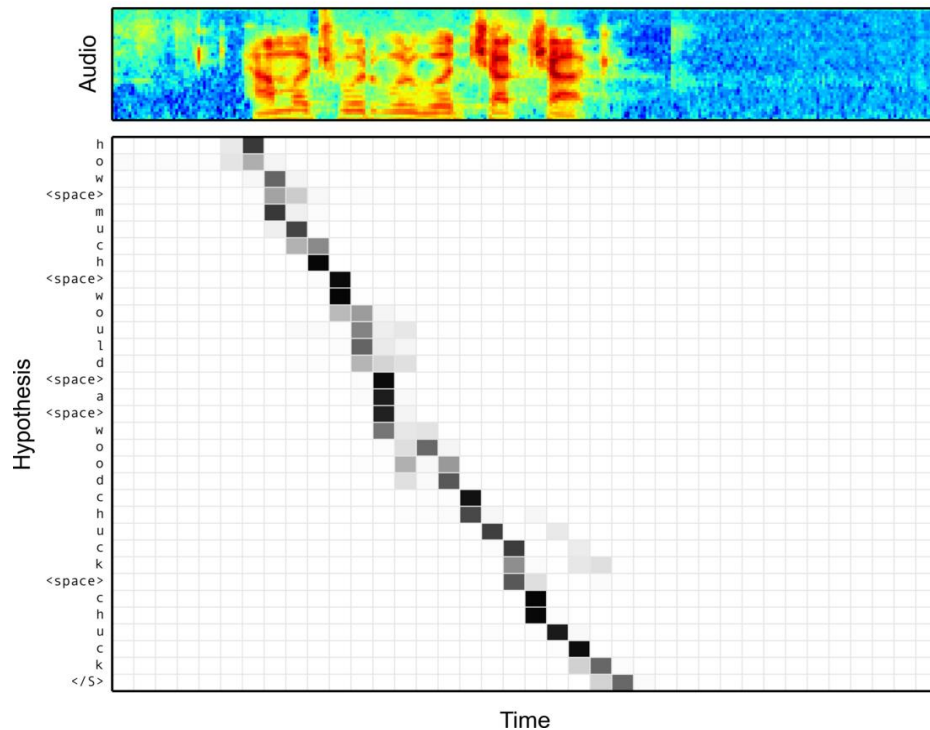
13

# Attention Applications

各種不同的應用都用得到 **Attention**

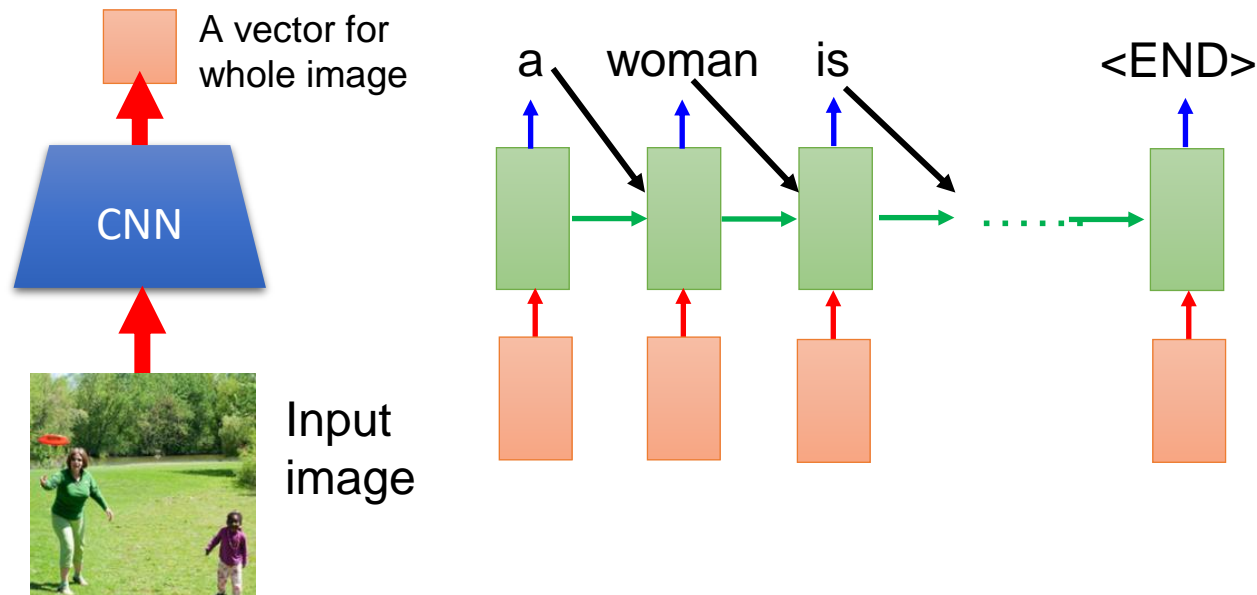
# Speech Recognition with Attention

Alignment between the Characters and Audio

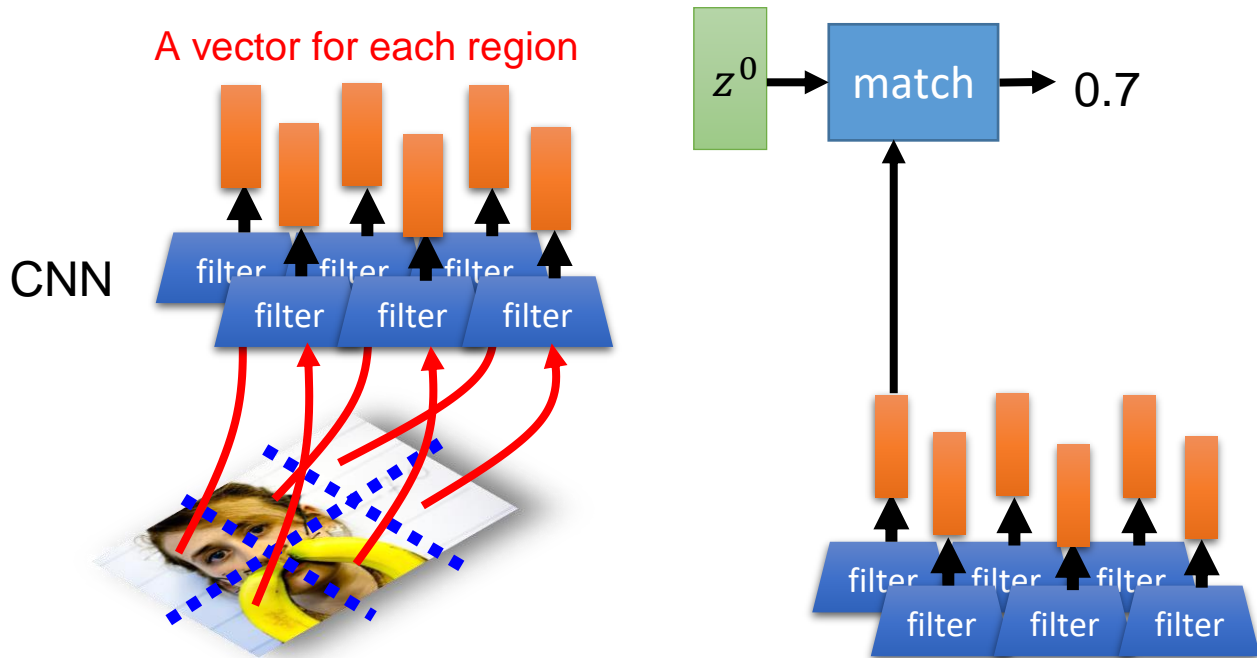


# Image Captioning

- Input: image
- Output: word sequence

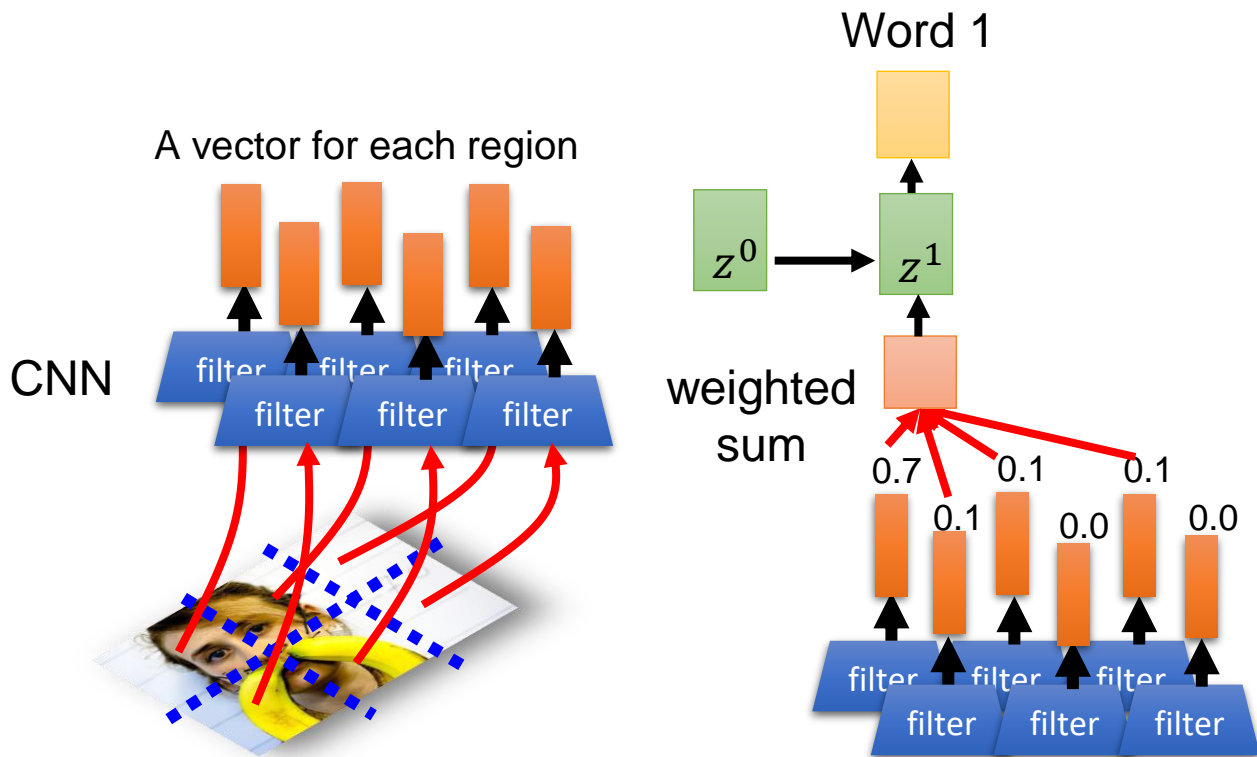


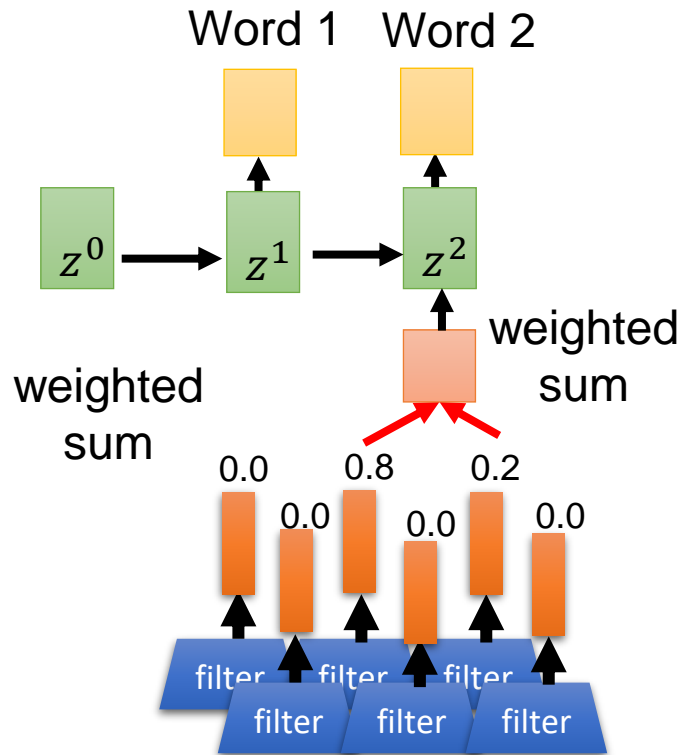
# Image Captioning with Attention





# Image Captioning with Attention





# Image Captioning

## Good examples



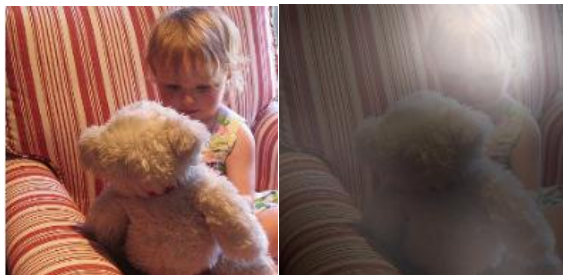
A woman is throwing a frisbee in a park.



A dog is standing on a hardwood floor.



A stop sign is on a road with a mountain in the background.



A little girl sitting on a bed with a teddy bear.



A group of people sitting on a boat in the water.



A giraffe standing in a forest with trees in the background.

# Image Captioning

## Bad examples



A large white bird standing in a forest.



A woman holding a clock in her hand.



A man wearing a hat and  
a hat on a skateboard.



A person is standing on a beach  
with a surfboard.



A woman is sitting at a table  
with a large pizza.



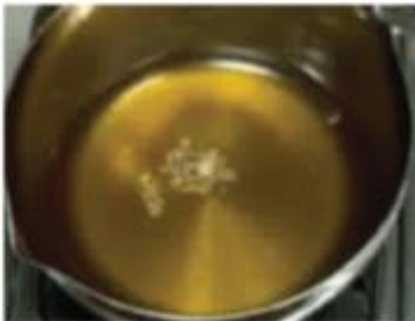
A man is talking on his cell phone  
while another man watches.

# Video Captioning



**Ref:** A man and a woman ride a motorcvcle  
A **man** and a **woman** are **talking** on the **road**

# Video Captioning

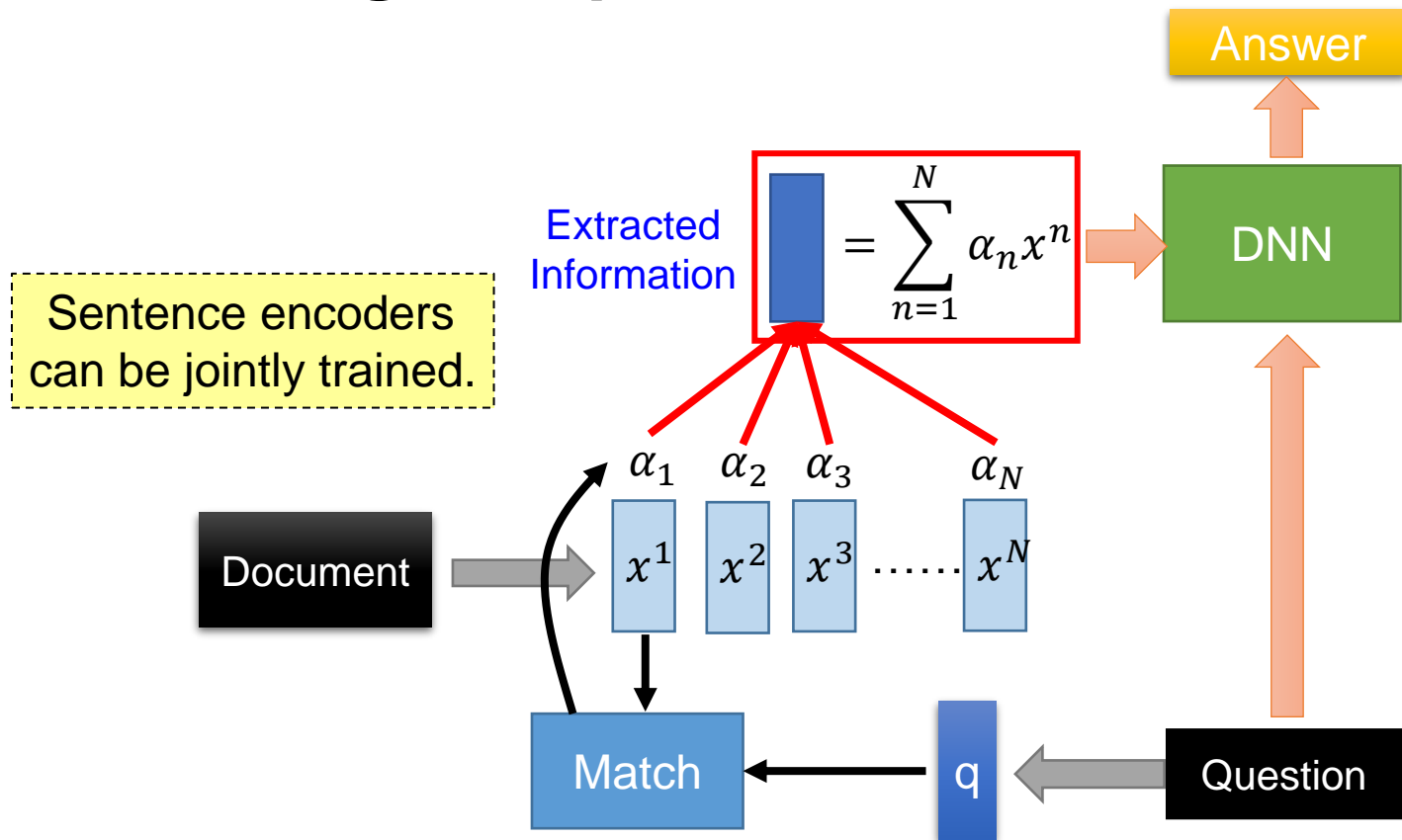


**Ref:** A woman is frying food

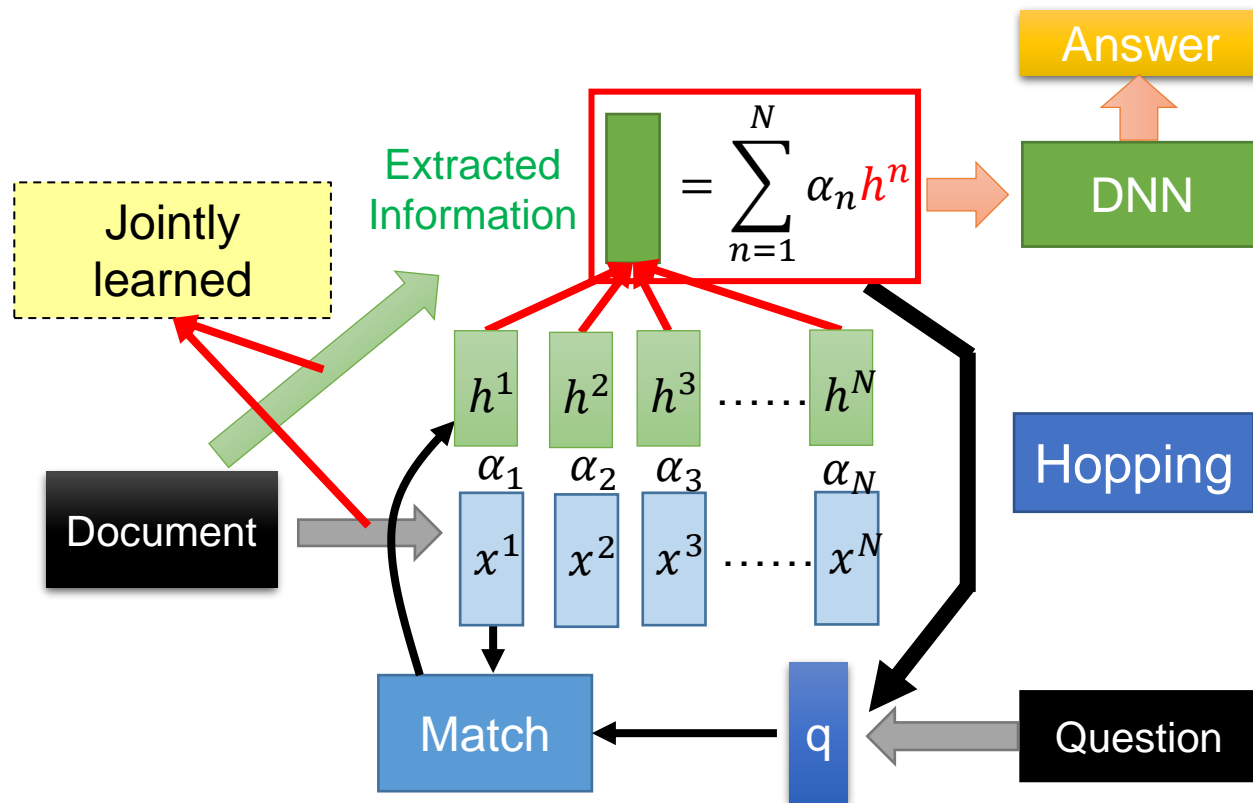
**Someone** is **frying** a **fish** in a **pot**



# Reading Comprehension

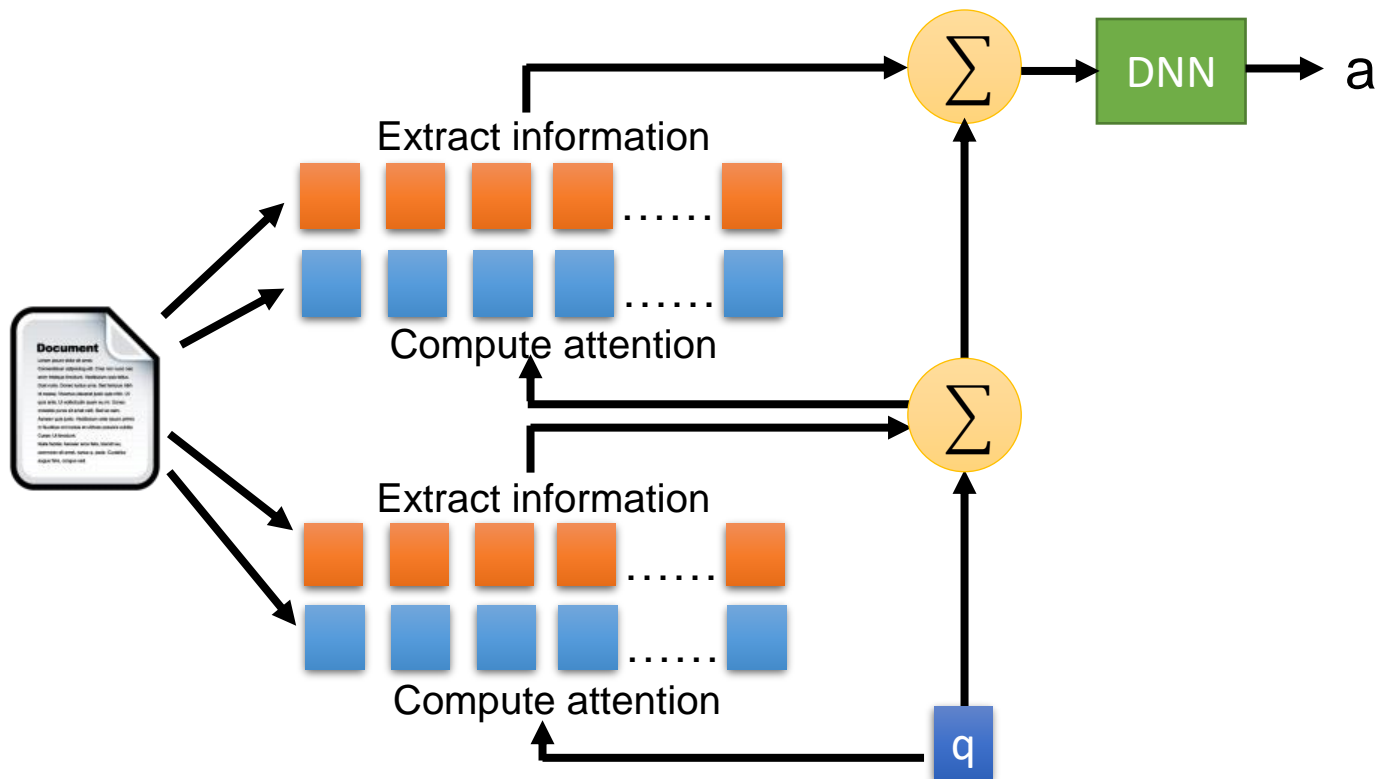


# Reading Comprehension





# Memory Network



# Memory Network

## Multi-hop performance analysis

Story (1: 1 supporting fact)	Support	Hop 1	Hop 2	Hop 3
Daniel went to the bathroom.	yes	0.00	0.00	0.03
Mary travelled to the hallway.		0.00	0.00	0.00
John went to the bedroom.		0.37	0.02	0.00
John travelled to the bathroom.		0.60	0.98	0.96
Mary went to the office.		0.01	0.00	0.00
Where is John? Answer: bathroom Prediction: bathroom				

Story (16: basic induction)	Support	Hop 1	Hop 2	Hop 3
Brian is a frog.	yes	0.00	0.98	0.00
Lily is gray.	yes	0.07	0.00	0.00
Brian is yellow.		0.07	0.00	1.00
Julius is green.		0.06	0.00	0.00
Greg is a frog.	yes	0.76	0.02	0.00
<b>What color is Greg? Answer: yellow Prediction: yellow</b>				

# Conversational QA – CoQA, QuAC

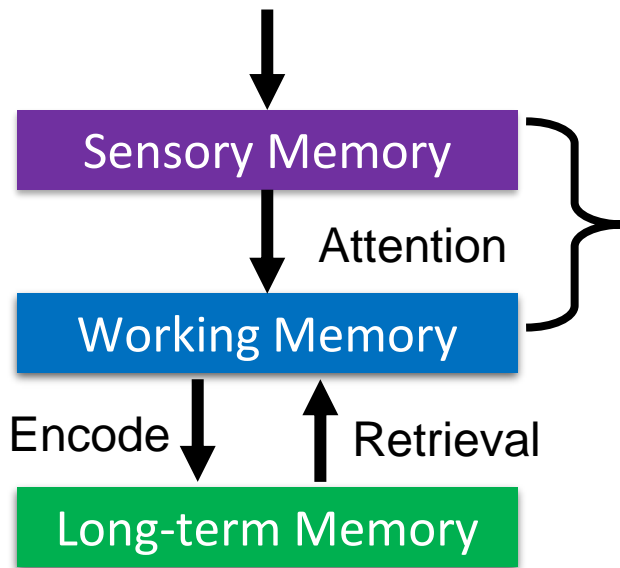
Jessica went to sit in her rocking chair. Today was her birthday and she was turning 80. Her granddaughter Annie was coming over in the afternoon and Jessica was very excited to see her. Her daughter Melanie and Melanie's husband Josh were coming as well. Jessica had . . .

## ● The QA pairs are conversational

- Q1: Who had a birthday?
- A1: Jessica
- Q2: How old would she be?
- A2: 80
- Q3: Did she plan to have any visitors?
- A3: Yes
- Q4: How many?
- A4: Three
- Q5: Who?
- A5: Annie, Melanie, and Josh

# Concluding Remarks

Information from sensors  
(e.g. eyes, ears)



$$A(q, K, V) = \sum_i \frac{\exp(q \cdot k_i)}{\sum_j \exp(q \cdot k_j)} v_i$$

$$A(Q, K, V) = \text{softmax}(QK^T)V$$