



Cisco Lab - Switch



2013.03.18

大綱

- ▶ Multi-LAN
 - ▶ VLAN
 - ▶ TRUNK
 - ▶ VTP
- ▶ ACL
- ▶ Port Channel
- ▶ Routing
 - ▶ InterVLAN Routing
 - ▶ Static Routing
- ▶ Homework



Recall – Packet Routing

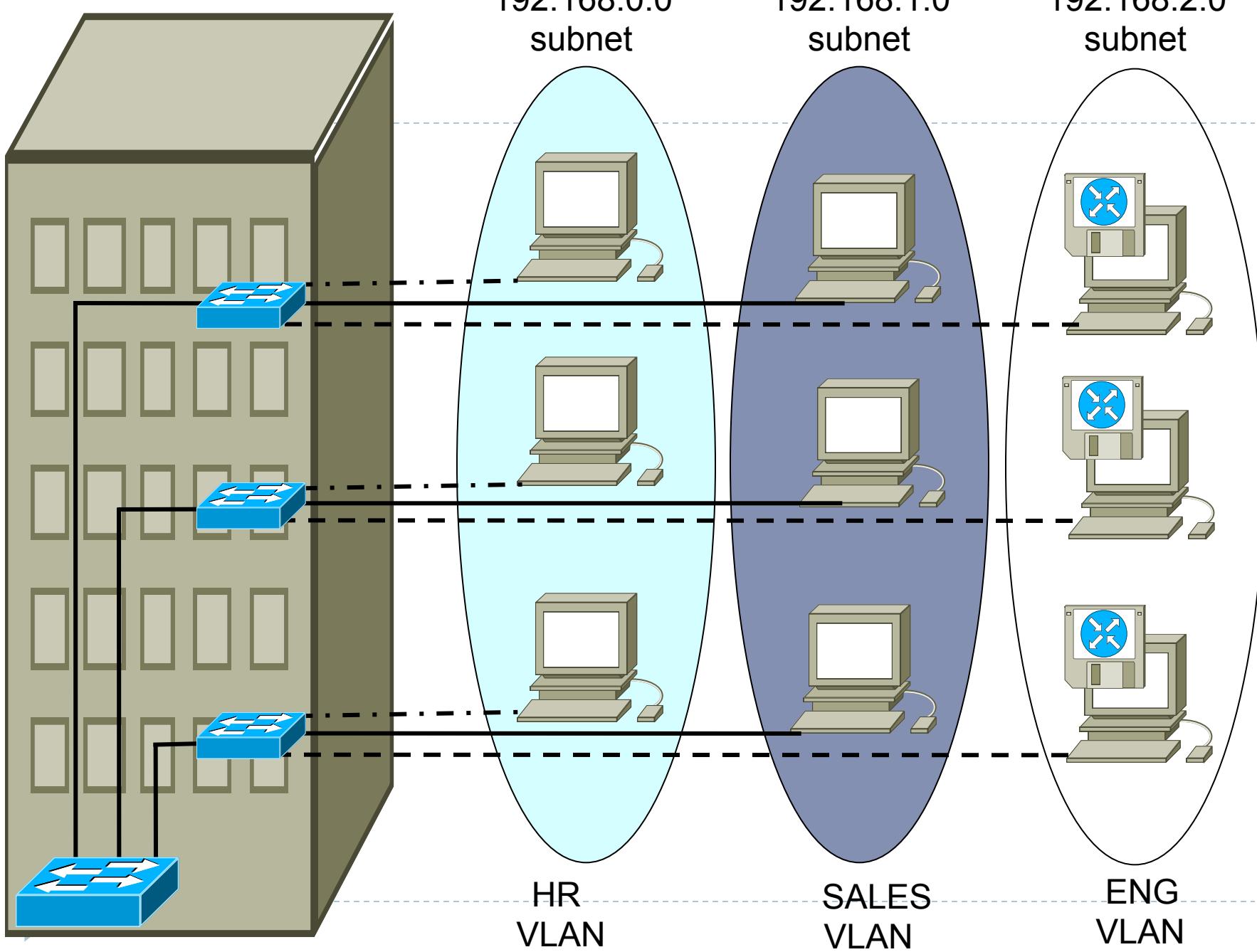
- ▶ Inner (V)LAN
 - ▶ Destination IP in the same subnet (according to subnet mask)
 - ▶ No GW needed
 - ▶ First broadcast (ARP) packets in switch
- ▶ Inter (V)LAN
 - ▶ “Routing”
 - ▶ GW (Router / Core Switch / AP etc.) needed
 - ▶ GW must have IP on both src and dst subnet
 - ▶ Default gateway : Last usable IP in the subnet
- ▶ Must check both dir. in duplex transmission !!



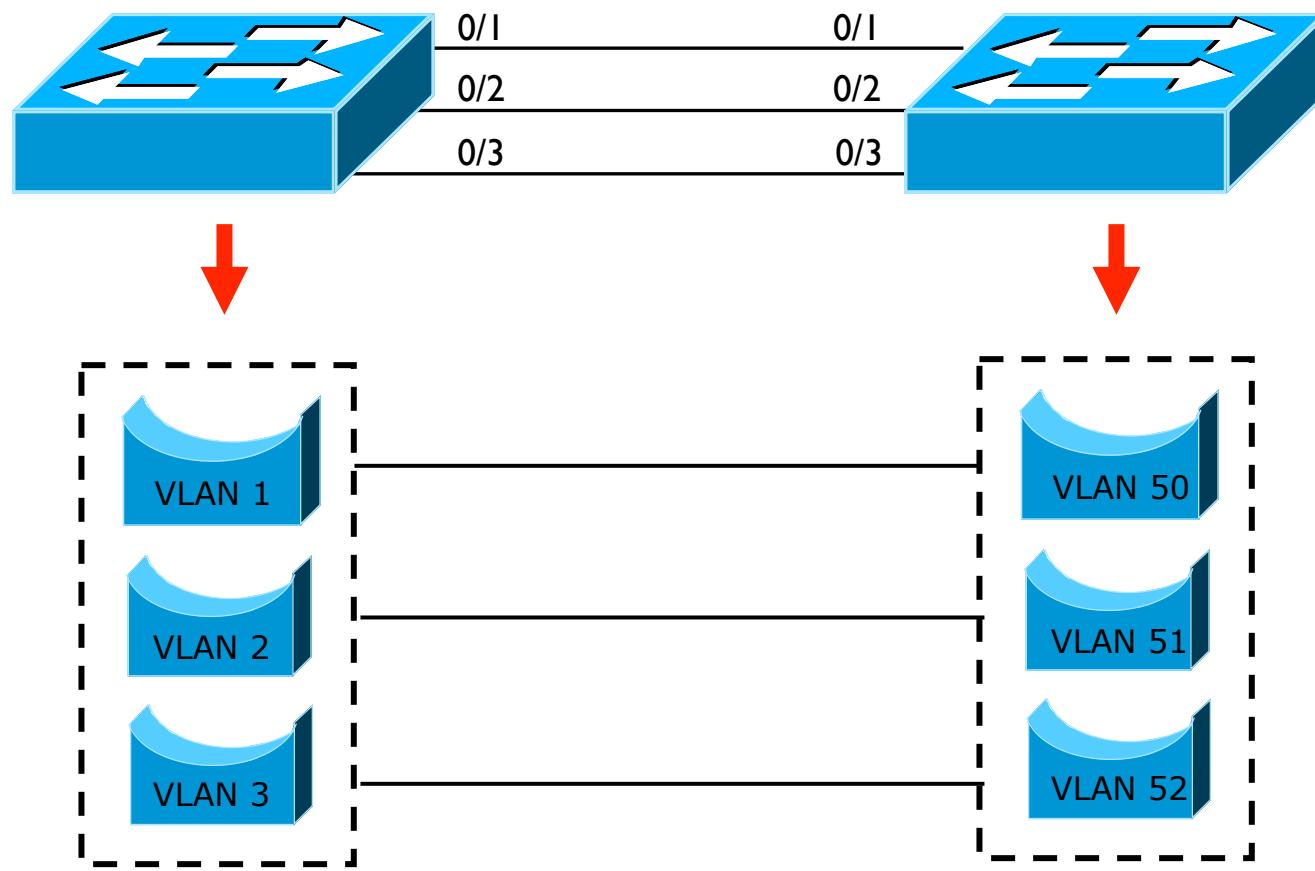
Example

- ▶ **140.112.91.1/23 ↔ 140.112.90.1/24**
 - ▶ → : inner LAN, broadcast, no gateway needed.
 - ▶ ← : inter LAN, need to pass gateway of 140.112.90.1/24 device
- ▶ **How about VLAN ??**
 - ▶ Same VLAN, same subnet (inner) : no GW, common.
 - ▶ Same VLAN, different subnet (inter) : GW needed, GW must have multiple IP in same VLAN, valid but need careful settings.
 - ▶ Different VLAN, same subnet (inner) : not valid, since no GW means no routing among VLAN.
 - ▶ Different VLAN, different subnet (inter) : GW needed, common.





Multi-LAN - VLAN

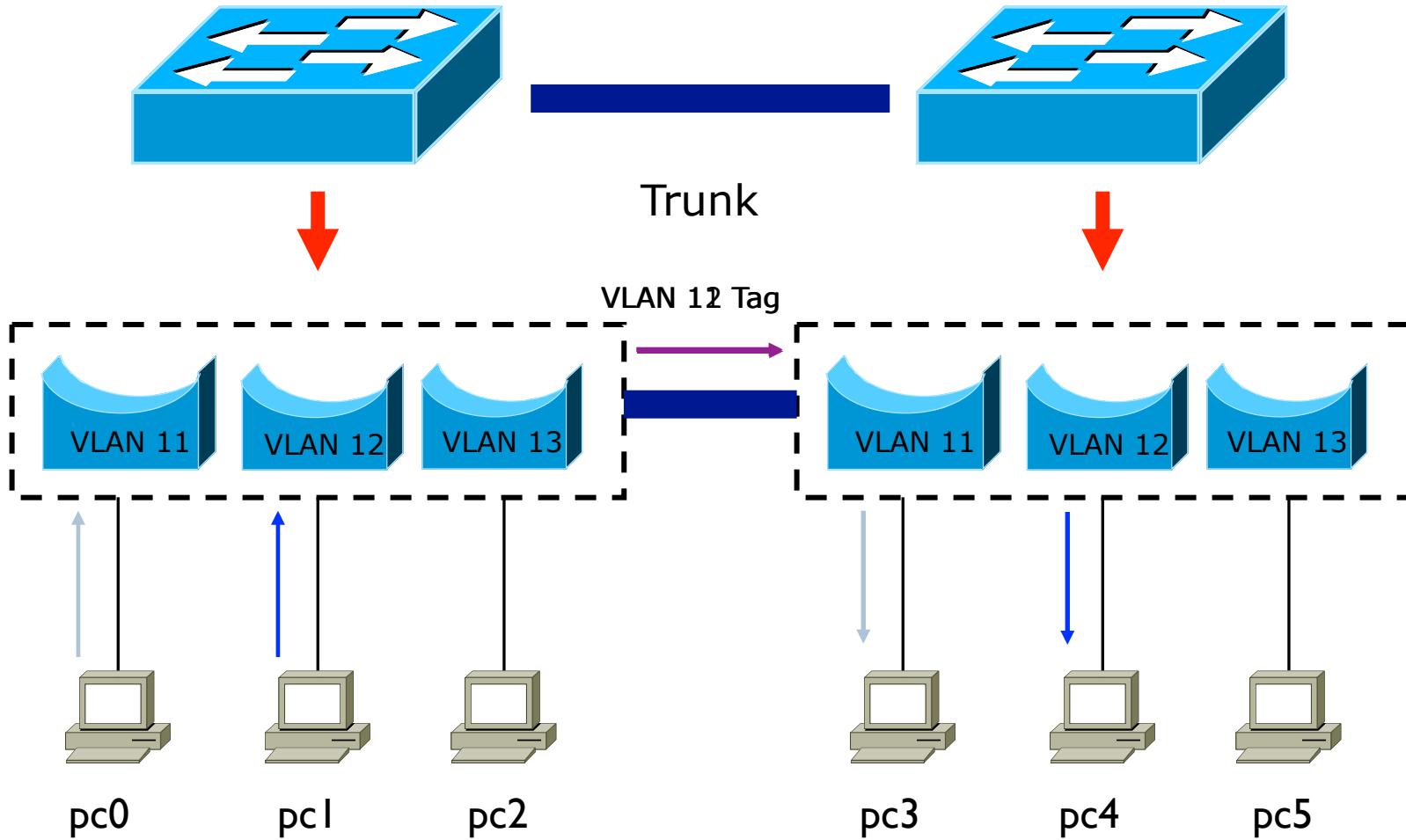


Multi-LAN - VLAN

- ▶ **Switch(config)#vlan “vlan-id”**
 - ▶ 建立新vlan
- ▶ **Switch(config-vlanid)#name “vlan-name”**
 - ▶ 為所新增的vlan命名
- ▶ **Switch(config)#interface fastethernet 0/1**
 - ▶ 進入單一interface設定模式
- ▶ **Switchport mode access**
- ▶ **Switchport access vlan “vlan-id”**



Multi-LAN - Trunk



Multi-LAN - Trunk

- ▶ **switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q** (optional, needed on some device)
 - ▶ 指定Trunk封裝為dot1q模式
- ▶ **switchport mode trunk**
 - ▶ 指定Switch Port為Trunk Port
- ▶ **switchport trunk allowed vlan “Vlan- ID”**
 - ▶ 允許特定VLAN ID的流量通過Trunk Port



Multi-LAN - VTP

- ▶ **VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP)**
 - ▶ Cisco專有協議
 - ▶ 負責同步網域中相同VTP Domain Switch的VLAN資訊
 - ▶ VTP Mode : Server、Client、Transparent
 - ▶ 利用Switch的Trunking Port作VLAN的同步。

所支援的動作	Server模式	Client模式	Transparent模式
新增VLAN設定	○	×	○
修改VLAN設定	○	×	○
刪除VLAN設定	○	×	○
發送設定給其他設備做同步	○	×	×
轉發設定給其他設備	○	○	○
同步其他設備給的VLAN設定	○	○	×
儲存到NVRAM中	○	×	○

Multi-LAN - VTP

- ▶ **Switch(config)#vtp mode server/client/transpartent**
 - ▶ 設定VTP的模式
- ▶ **Switch(config)#vtp domain “Domain Name”**
 - ▶ 設定VTP Domain名稱，Domain相同的才會進行VLAN的同步
- ▶ **Switch#show vtp status**
 - ▶ 顯示設備的VTP狀態

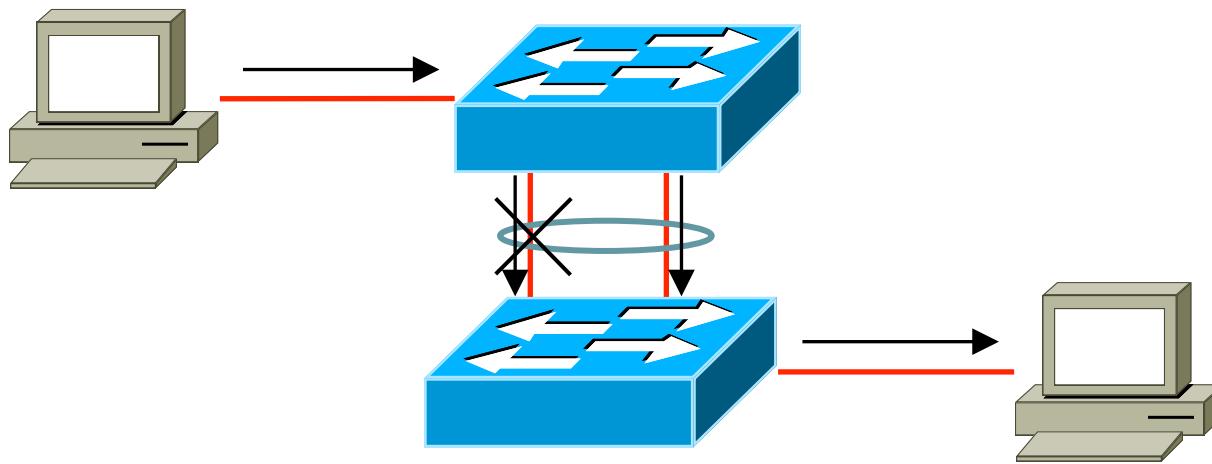


Port Channel

- ▶ 利用數個實體介面邏輯上合併為一個
- ▶ 增加頻寬
- ▶ 分散流量
- ▶ 達到備援的目的
- ▶ 單一**session**只在同一實體介面上跑



Port Channel



Port Channel

1. Switch(config)#interface range fastethernet 0/1 – 4
 - ▶ 指定要作為同一Group的Port
 2. Switch(config-if-range)#shutdown
 - ▶ 為避免對流量產生影響，建議在建立Port Channel前先將Port關閉
 3. Switch(config-if-range)#channel-group “Channel-Group ID” mode active/passive
 - ▶ Channel-Group建立起來所使用的ID
 - ▶ Active：主動建立Port-Channel
 - ▶ Passive：當遠端Switch為Active並要求建立Port-Channel時才會建立
- ▶ Show etherchannel summary
- ▶ 查看Port-Channel狀態
 - ▶ 對Port Channel進行設定
 - ▶ Switch(config)#interface port-channel “Channel-Group ID”

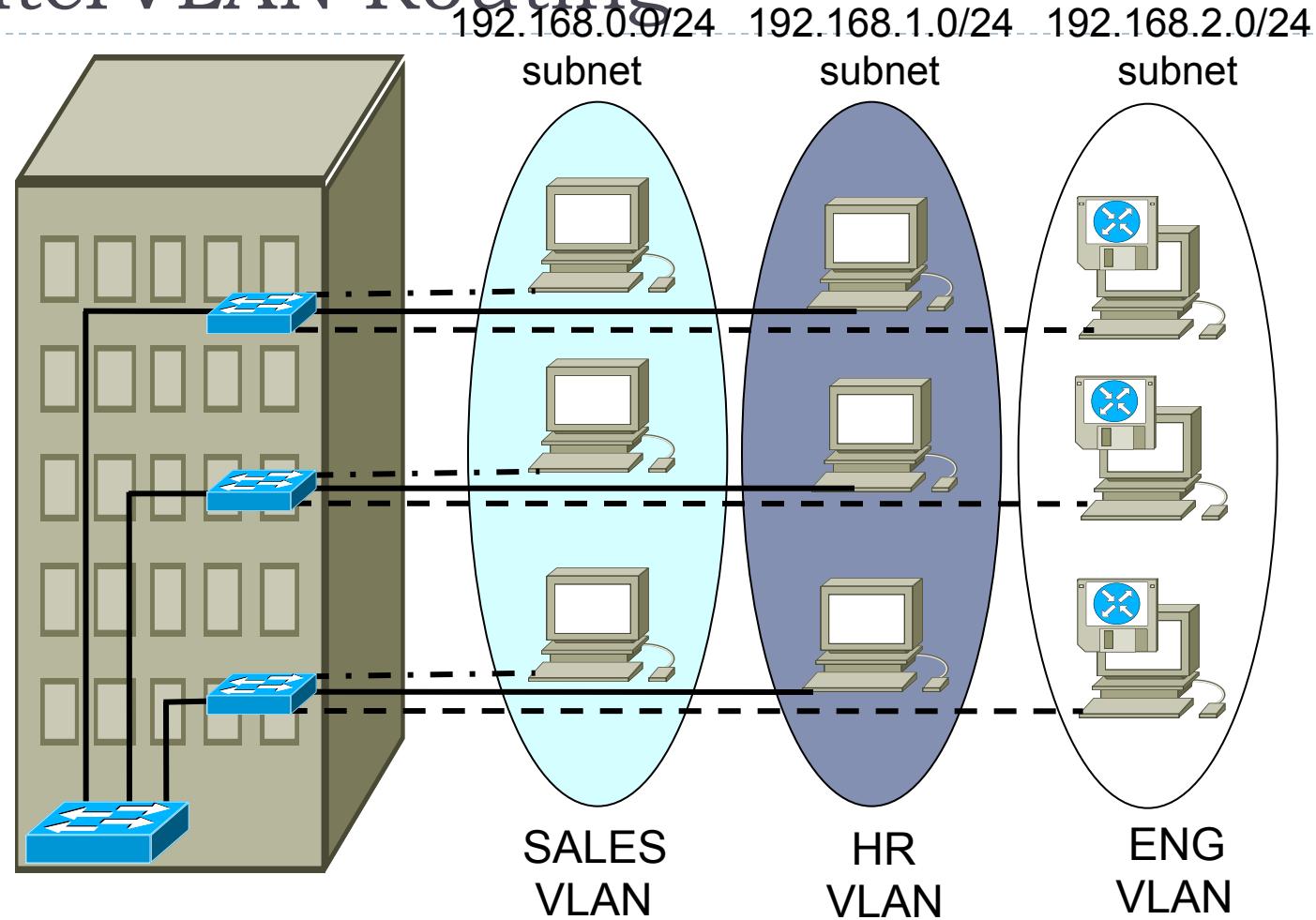


ACL

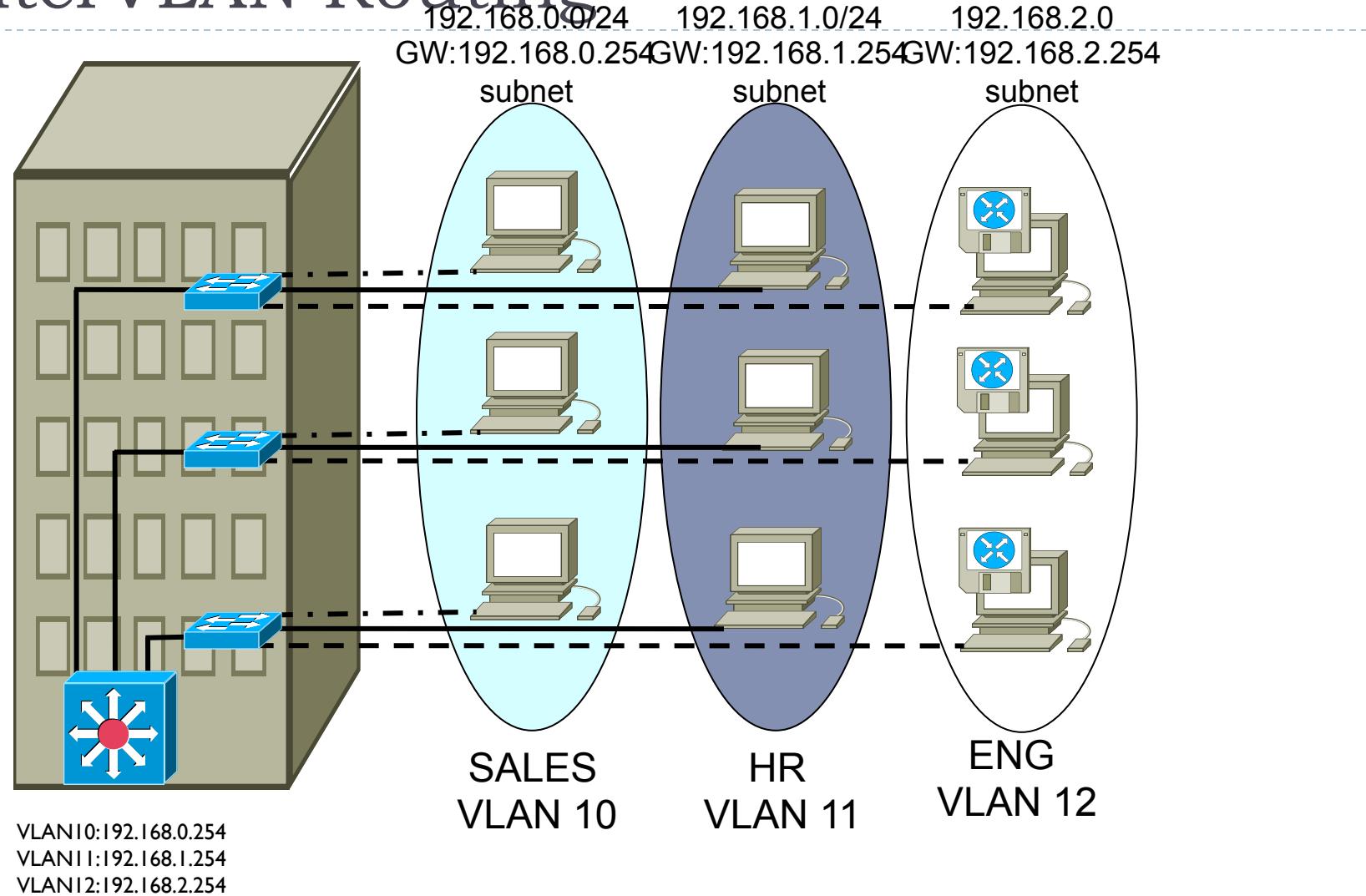
1. **Switch(config)#ip access-list extended/standard “Policy ID or Policy Name”**
 - ▶ **Extended**：會檢查封包來源、目的IP以及所使用之Layer4協定及路由協定等等資訊。
 - ▶ **Standard**：僅檢查封包的目的地IP資訊。
2. **Switch(config-ext-nacl)#permit/deny tcp/udp “Source Address” “Wildcard Bits” “Dest Address” “Wildcard Bits” eq “Port Number”**
3. **Switch(config)#interface fastethernet “Port ID”**
4. **Switch(config-if)#no switchport**
5. **Switch(config-if)#ip access-group “Policy Name or Policy ID” in/out**



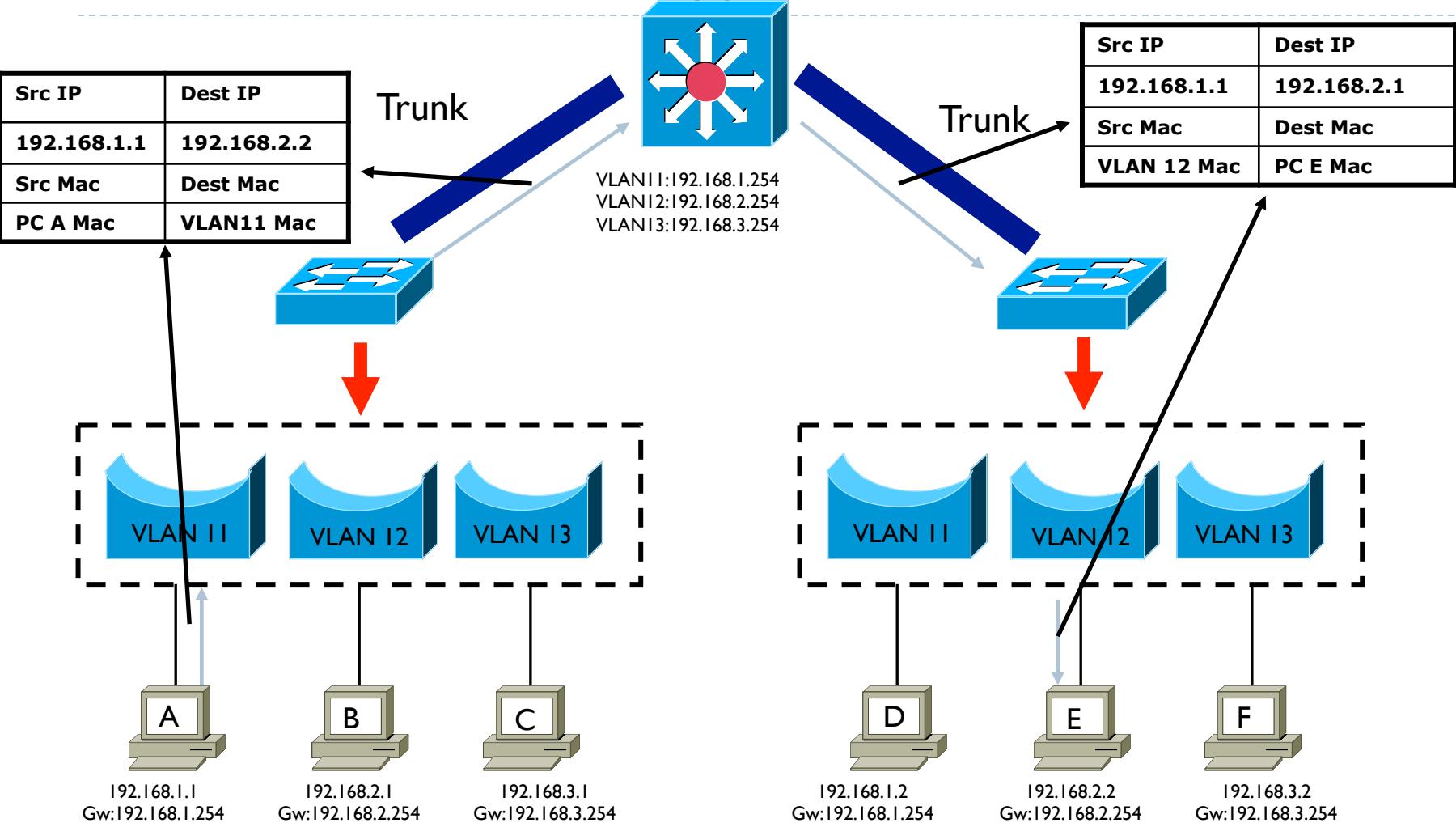
InterVLAN Routing



InterVLAN Routing



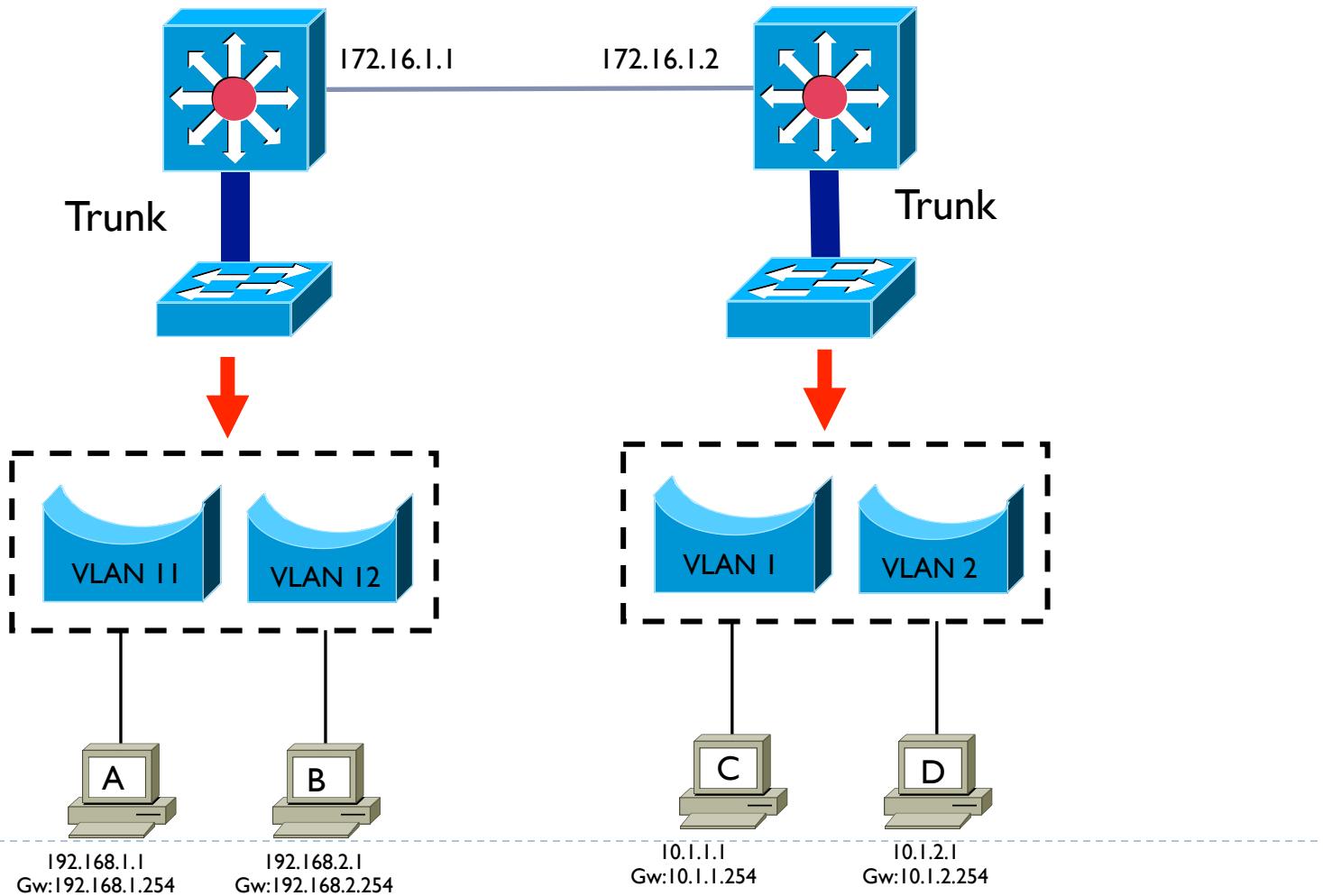
InterVLAN Routing



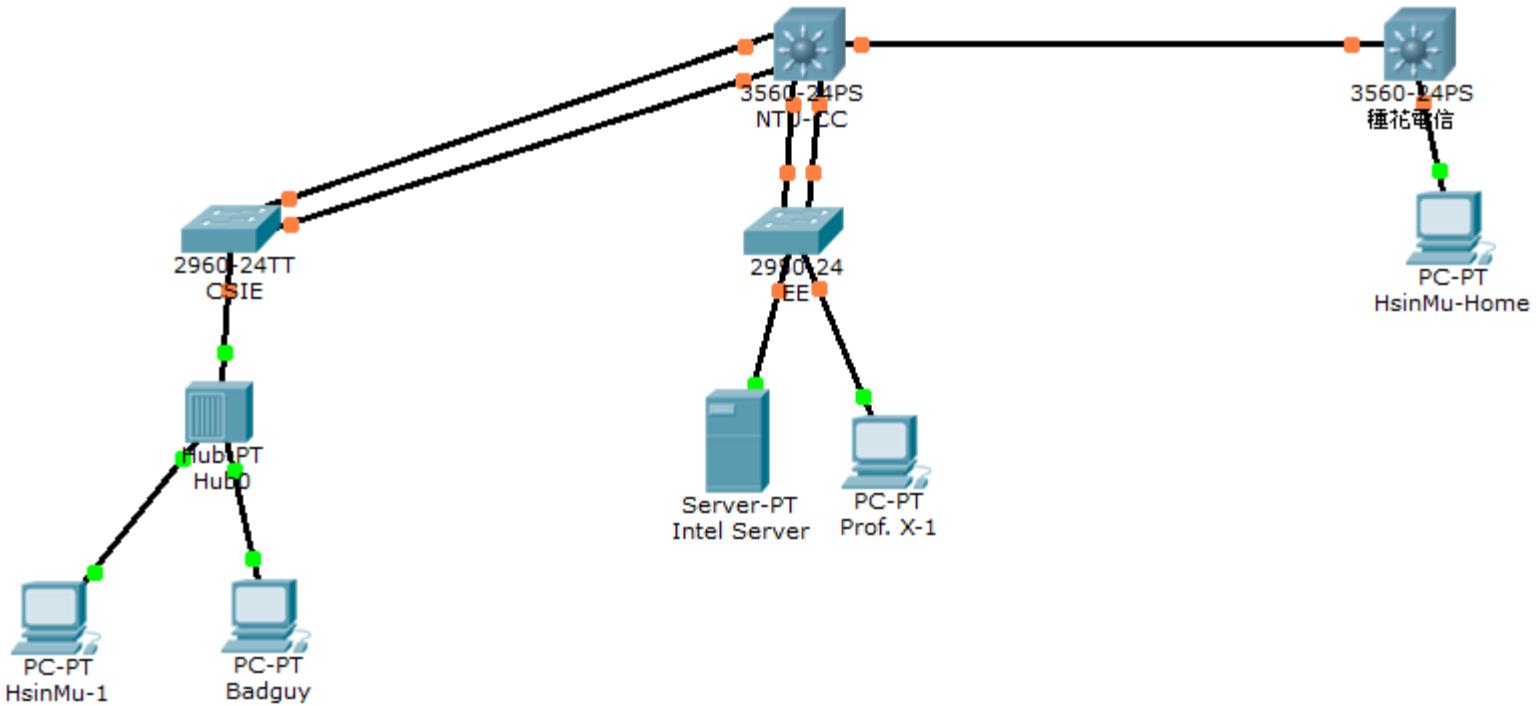
Static Routing

```
ip route 10.1.1.0 255.255.255.0 gw 172.16.1.2  
ip route 10.1.2.0 255.255.255.0 gw 172.16.1.2
```

```
ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 gw 172.16.1.2  
ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 gw 172.16.1.2
```



Homework



Homework

- VLAN
 - - Vlan 91
 - - Name: NASA-Project
 - - HsinMu-I, ptt.cc, BadGuy, and Intel Server under this Vlan
 - - Vlan 100
 - - Name: X-Project
 - - Prof. X-I under this Vlan
- VTP
 - - vtp domain : NTU
 - - Server mode :NTU-CC
 - - Client mode :CSIE and EE



Homework

- ACL
 - - Deny icmp request from BadGuy in appropriate device
- Connectify test:
 - - HsinMu-I can ping Intel Server (Inner-Vlan), Prof. X-I and HsinMu-Home (Inter-Vlan).
 - (Hint : netmask of some PCs and NTU-CC need to be configured in order to do this.)
 - (Hint : type 'ip routing' in NTU-CC(config)# to enable routing.)
 - - BadGuy cannot ping HsinMu-Home

