Textures and Inpainting

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DigiVFX

Outline

- Texture synthesis
- Acceleration by multi-resolution and TSVQ
- Patch-based texture synthesis
- Image analogies

Texture synthesis



Texture synthesis

input image



synthesis

generated image



- Given a finite sample of some texture, the goal is to synthesize other samples from that same texture.
 - The sample needs to be "large enough"



- How to capture the essence of texture?
- Need to model the whole spectrum: from repeated to stochastic texture





Markov property

• $P(f_i | f_{i-1}, f_{i-2}, f_{i-3}, ..., f_0) = P(f_i | f_{i-1}, f_{i-2}, ..., f_{i-n})$



S

• $P(f_i | f_{S-\{i\}}) = P(f_i | f_{N_i})$





- [Shannon'48] proposed a way to generate English-looking text using N-grams:
 - Assume a generalized Markov model
 - Use a large text to compute probability distributions of each letter given N-1 previous letters
 - precompute or sample randomly
 - Starting from a seed repeatedly sample this Markov chain to generate new letters
 - One can use whole words instead of letters too.



- Results (using <u>alt.singles</u> corpus):
 - "One morning I shot an elephant in my arms and kissed him."
 - "I spent an interesting evening recently with a grain of salt"
- Notice how well local structure is preserved!
 - Now let's try this for video and in 2D...



• SIGGRAPH 2000 paper by Arno Schedl, Riachard Szeliski, David Salesin and Irfan Essa.



Still photos





Video clips





Video textures



Problem statement





video clip

video texture



Approach



How do we find good transitions?



Compute L₂ distance $D_{i, j}$ between all frames



Similar frames make good transitions



Video textures







- Assuming Markov property, what is conditional probability distribution of p, given the neighbourhood window?
- Instead of constructing a model, let's directly search the input image for all such neighbourhoods to produce a histogram for p
- To synthesize p, just pick one match at random



In reality



- However, since our sample image is finite, an exact neighbourhood match might not be present
- So we find the best match using SSD error (weighted by a Gaussian to emphasize local structure), and take all samples within some distance from that match
- Using Gaussian-weighted SSD is very important

Neighborhood size matters







More results



More results





rafia weave





More results





Failure cases



Growing garbage

Verbatim copying

Summary of the basic algorithm



• Exhaustively search neighborhoods







Neighborhood size determines the quality & cost





Summary

- Advantages:
 - conceptually simple
 - models a wide range of real-world textures
 - naturally does hole-filling
- Disadvantages:
 - it's slow
 - it's a heuristic



Acceleration by Wei & Levoy

- Multi-resolution
- Tree-structure





Multi-resolution algorithm







Benefits

• Better image quality & faster computation (by using smaller windows)





1 level 11×11



 5×5

Results





Failures



• Non-planar structures





Global information





• Computation bottleneck: neighborhood search





• Treat neighborhoods as high dimensional points



High dimensional point/vector

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Tree-Structured Vector Quantization





• Time complexity : O(log N) instead of O(N)






Patch-based methods





• <u>Observation</u>: neighbor pixels are highly correlated

Idea: unit of synthesis = block

- Exactly the same but now we want P(B|N(B))
- Much faster: synthesize all pixels in a block at once



- Pick size of block and size of overlap
- Synthesize blocks in raster order



- Search input texture for block that satisfies overlap constraints (above and left)
- Paste new block into resulting texture
 - blending
 - use dynamic programming to compute minimal error boundary cut









Random placement of blocks Neighboring blocks constrained by overlap

Minimal error boundary cut







Minimal error boundary



overlapping blocks







overlap error

vertical boundary





min. error boundary











Failure cases





Texture transfer

 Take the texture from one object and "paint" it onto another object



Then, just add another constraint when sampling: similarity to underlying image at that spot



parmesan















GraphCut textures







Input

Image Quilting

Graph cut



GraphCut textures







Graphcut Textures: Image and Video Synthesis Using Graph Cuts

Vivek Kwatra Arno Schödl Irfan Essa Greg Turk Aaron Bobick

GVU Center / College of Computing Georgia Institute of Technology

http://www.cc.gatech.edu/cpl/projects/graphcuttextures



Inpainting



- Growing is in "onion peeling" order
 - within each "layer", pixels with most neighbors are synthesized first







Digi<mark>VFX</mark>

Inpainting





Inpainting

















http://research.microsoft.com/vision/cambridge/i3l/patchworks.htm



Structure propagation















Image Analogies Implementation





Image Analogies Implementation



Image Analogies Implementation



Balance between approximate and coherence searches



function BESTMATCH $(A, A', B, B', s, \ell, q)$:

 $\begin{array}{l} p_{\mathsf{app}} \leftarrow \mathsf{BESTAPPROXIMATEMATCH}(A, A', B, B', \ell, q) \\ p_{\mathsf{coh}} \leftarrow \mathsf{BESTCOHERENCEMATCH}(A, A', B, B', s, \ell, q) \\ d_{\mathsf{app}} \leftarrow \|F_{\ell}(p_{\mathsf{app}}) - F_{\ell}(q)\|^2 \\ d_{\mathsf{coh}} \leftarrow \|F_{\ell}(p_{\mathsf{coh}}) - F_{\ell}(q)\|^2 \\ \mathbf{if} \ d_{\mathsf{coh}} \leq d_{\mathsf{app}}(1 + 2^{\ell - L}\kappa) \ \mathbf{then} \\ \mathbf{return} \ p_{\mathsf{coh}} \\ \mathbf{else} \end{array}$

return p_{app}



Coherence search



output image



Learn to blur



Unfiltered source (A)



Filtered source (A')



Filtered target (B')



Unfiltered target (B)



Super-resolution













Colorization



Unfiltered source (A) Filtered source (A')



Unfiltered target (B)



Filtered target (B')



Artistic filters









B'







Β

B'





Texture by numbers





Image Analogies

Aaron Hertzmann Charles Jacobs Nuria Oliver Brian Curless David Salesin

The end!