Faces and Image-Based Lighting

Digital Visual Effects, Spring 2007 Yung-Yu Chuang 2007/6/12

with slides by Richard Szeliski, Steve Seitz, Alex Efros, Li-Yi Wei and Paul Debevec

Outline

DigiVFX

- Image-based lighting
- 3D acquisition for faces
- Statistical methods (with application to face super-resolution)
- 3D Face models from single images
- Image-based faces
- Relighting for faces

Announcements

- TA evaluation
- Final project:
 - Demo on 6/27 (Wednesday) 13:30pm in this room
 - Reports and videos due on 6/28 (Thursday) 11:59pm

Image-based lighting



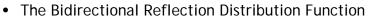
Rendering

- Rendering is a function of geometry, reflectance, lighting and viewing.
- To synthesize CGI into real scene, we have to match the above four factors.

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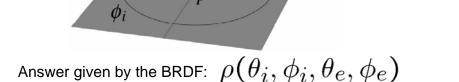
- Viewing can be obtained from *calibration* or *structure from motion*.
- Geometry can be captured using *3D* photography or made by hands.
- How to capture lighting and reflectance?

Reflectance

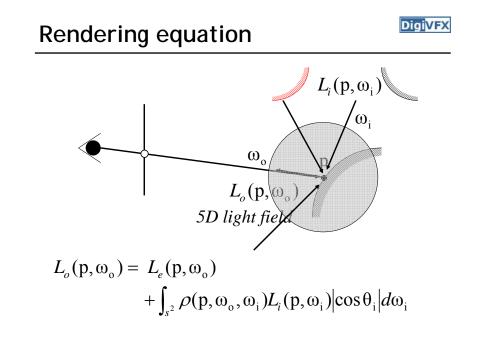


- Given an incoming ray (θ_i, ϕ_i) and outgoing ray (θ_e, ϕ_e) what proportion of the incoming light is reflected along out

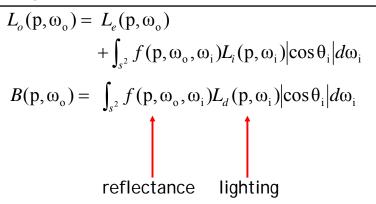
surface normal



 θ_e



Complex illumination





Point lights

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Classically, rendering is performed assuming point light sources



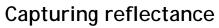
directional source

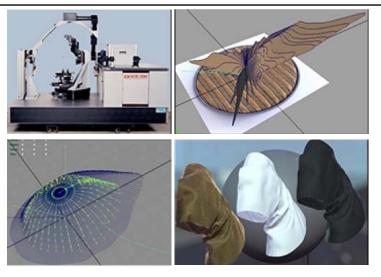
Environment maps

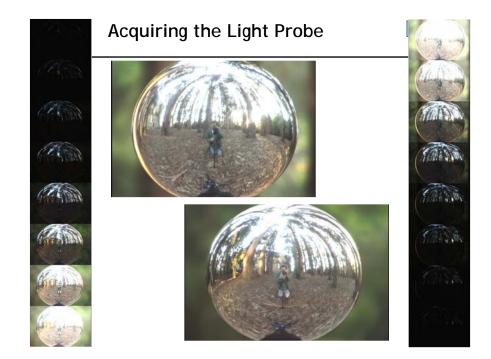




Miller and Hoffman, 1984







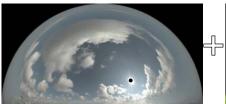


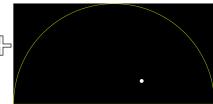
HDRI Sky Probe



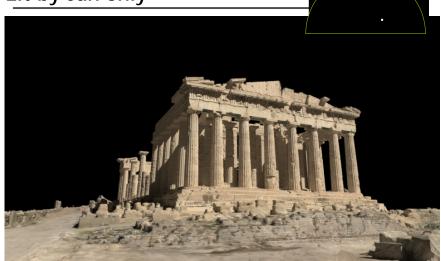






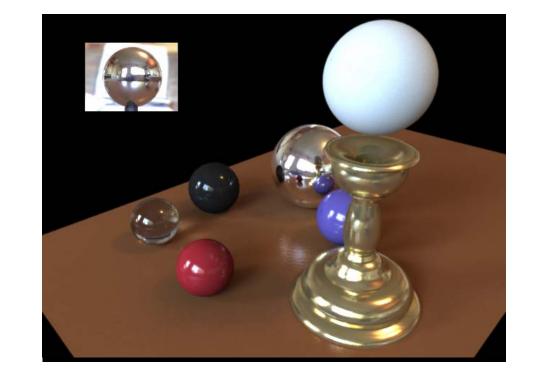


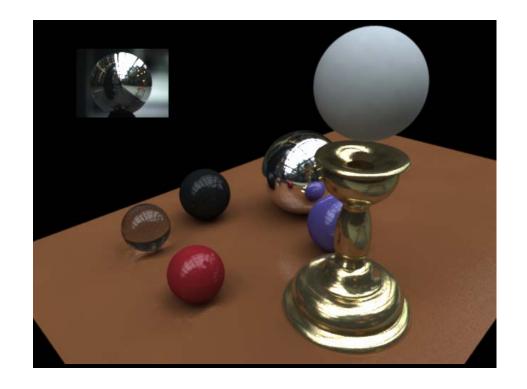
Lit by sun only











Real Scene Example

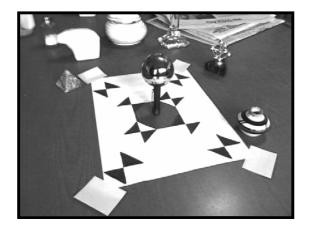


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• Goal: place synthetic objects on table

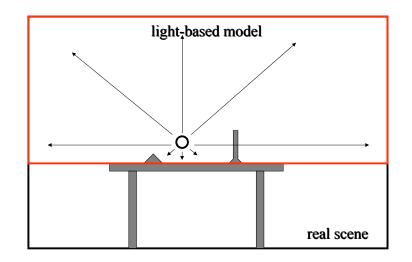
Light Probe / Calibration Grid





Modeling the Scene

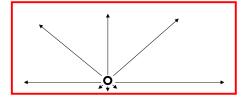




The Light-Based Room Model







Rendering into the Scene





• Background Plate

Rendering into the scene



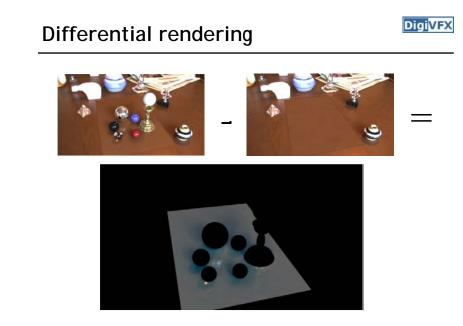


Objects and Local Scene matched to Scene

Differential rendering



• Local scene w/o objects, illuminated by model







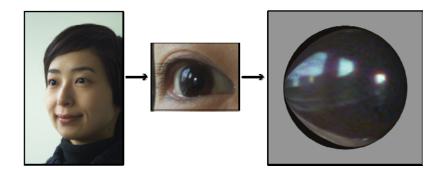
Environment map from single image?



Eye as light probe! (Nayar et al)



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Cornea is an ellipsoid





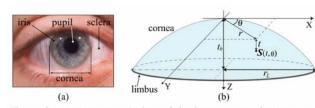
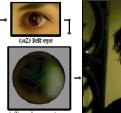


Figure 2: (a) An external view of the human eye. (b) A normal adult cornea can be modeled as an ellipsoid whose outer limit corresponds to the limbus. The eccentricity and radius of curvature at the apex can be assumed to be known.

Results





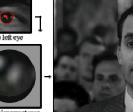


(aI) original image

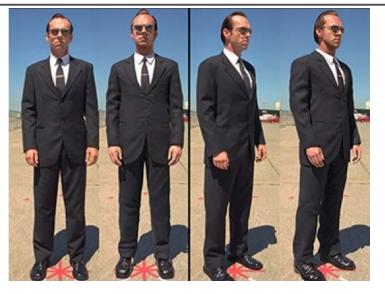
(a) replacing faces in Anefie







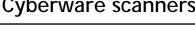
Application in "The Matrix Reloaded"



3D acquisition for faces

Cyberware scanners







face & head scanner



whole body scanner

Making facial expressions from photos

- Similar to Façade, use a generic face model ٠ and view-dependent texture mapping
- Procedure •
 - 1. Take multiple photographs of a person
 - 2. Establish corresponding feature points
 - 3. Recover 3D points and camera parameters
 - 4. Deform the generic face model to fit points
 - 5. Extract textures from photos

Reconstruct a 3D model

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input photographs



generic 3D face model

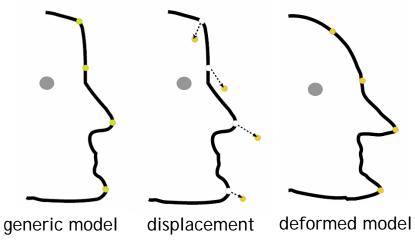
pose estimation

deformed more features

model

Mesh deformation

- Compute displacement of feature points
- Apply scattered data interpolation



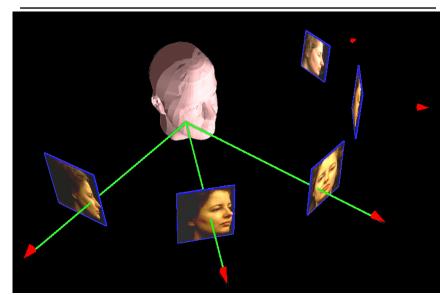
Texture extraction

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- The color at each point is a weighted combination of the colors in the photos
- Texture can be:
 - view-independent
 - view-dependent
- Considerations for weighting
 - occlusion
 - smoothness
 - positional certainty
 - view similarity

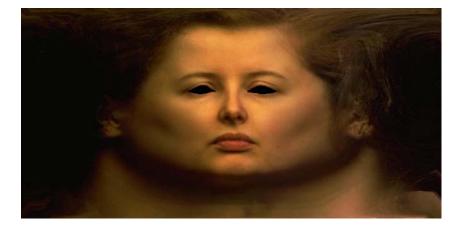
Texture extraction

DigiVFX



Texture extraction

DigiVFX



Texture extraction

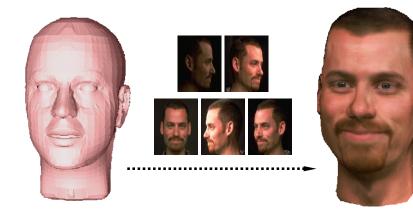


view-independent

view-dependent

Model reconstruction





Use images to adapt a generic face model.

Creating new expressions



- In addition to global blending we can use:
 - Regional blending
 - Painterly interface

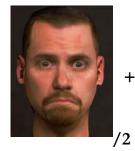


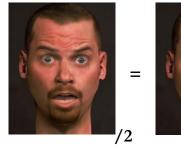
Creating new expressions

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New expressions are created with 3D morphing:

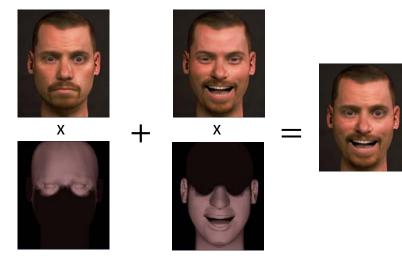




Applying a global blend

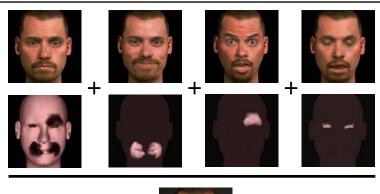
Creating new expressions





Applying a region-based blend

Creating new expressions





Using a painterly interface

Drunken smile

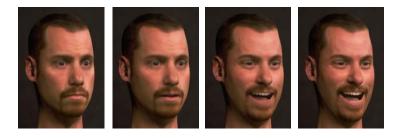




Animating between expressions

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Morphing over time creates animation:

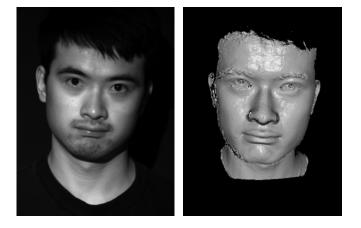


"neutral"

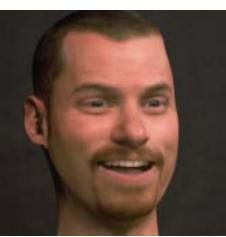
"joy"

Spacetime faces

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Video

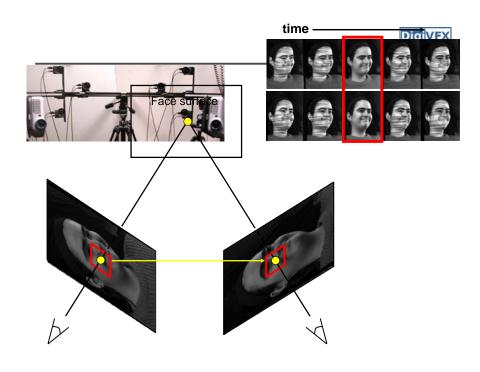


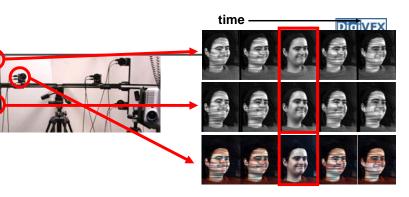
Spacetime faces black & white cameras





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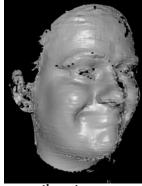






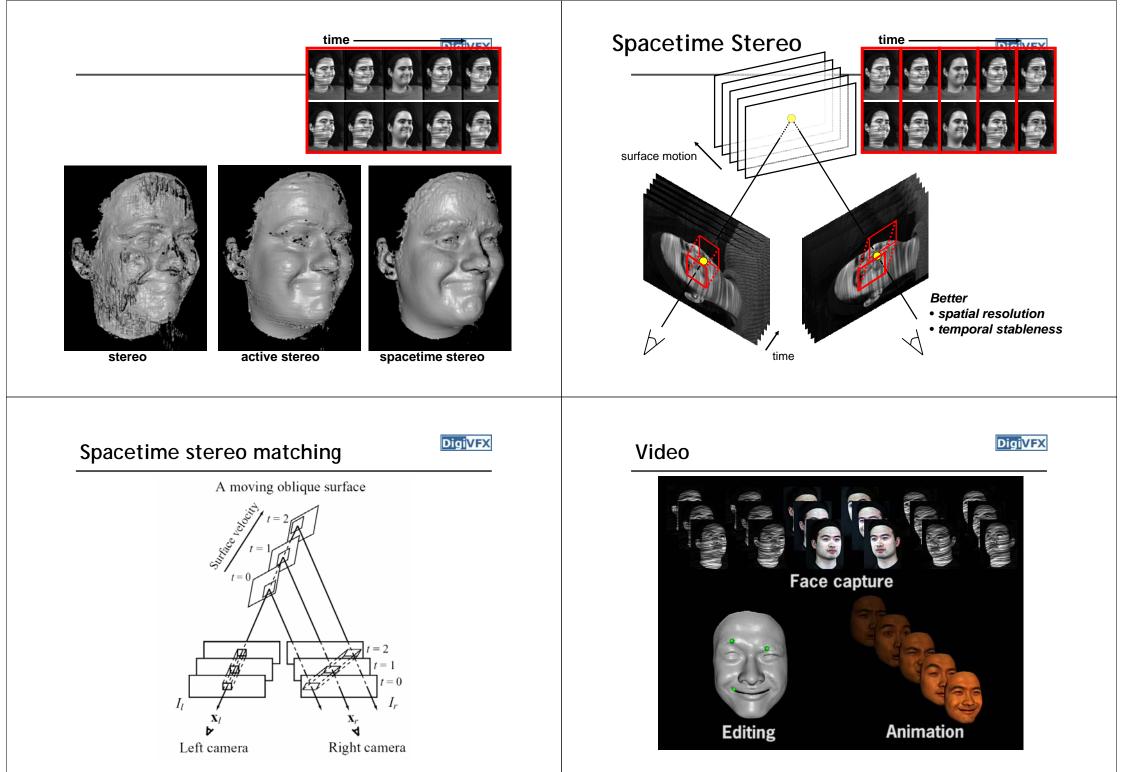


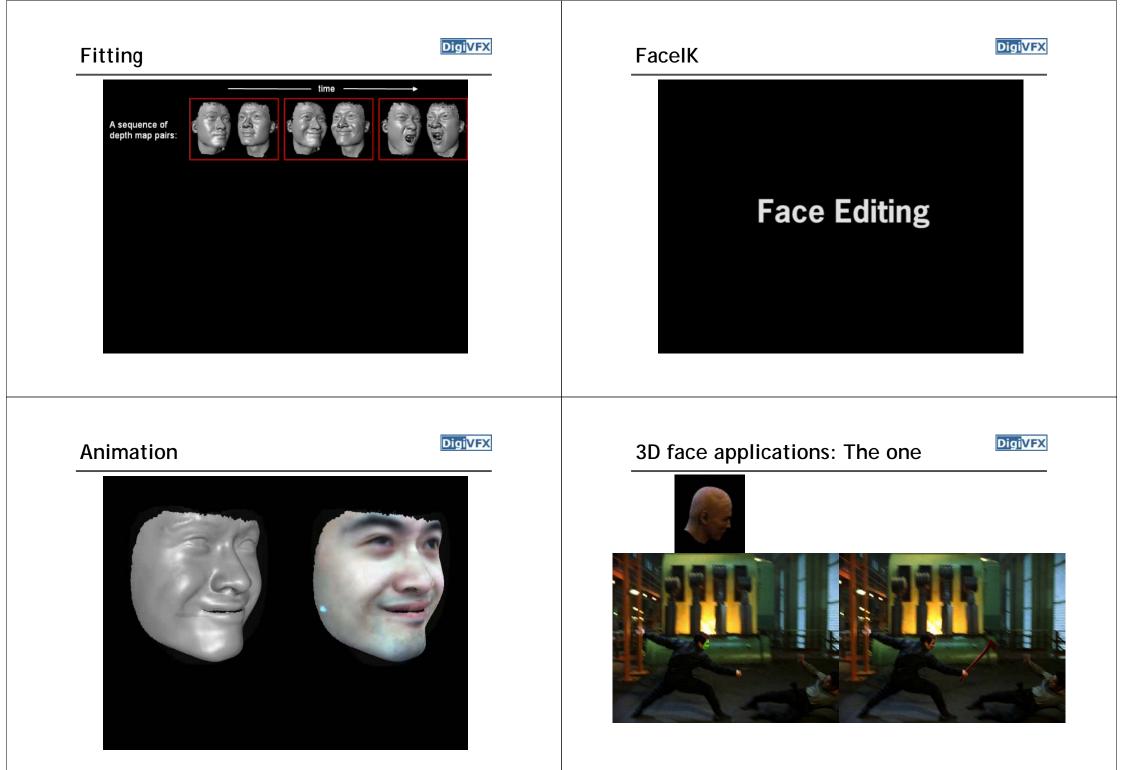


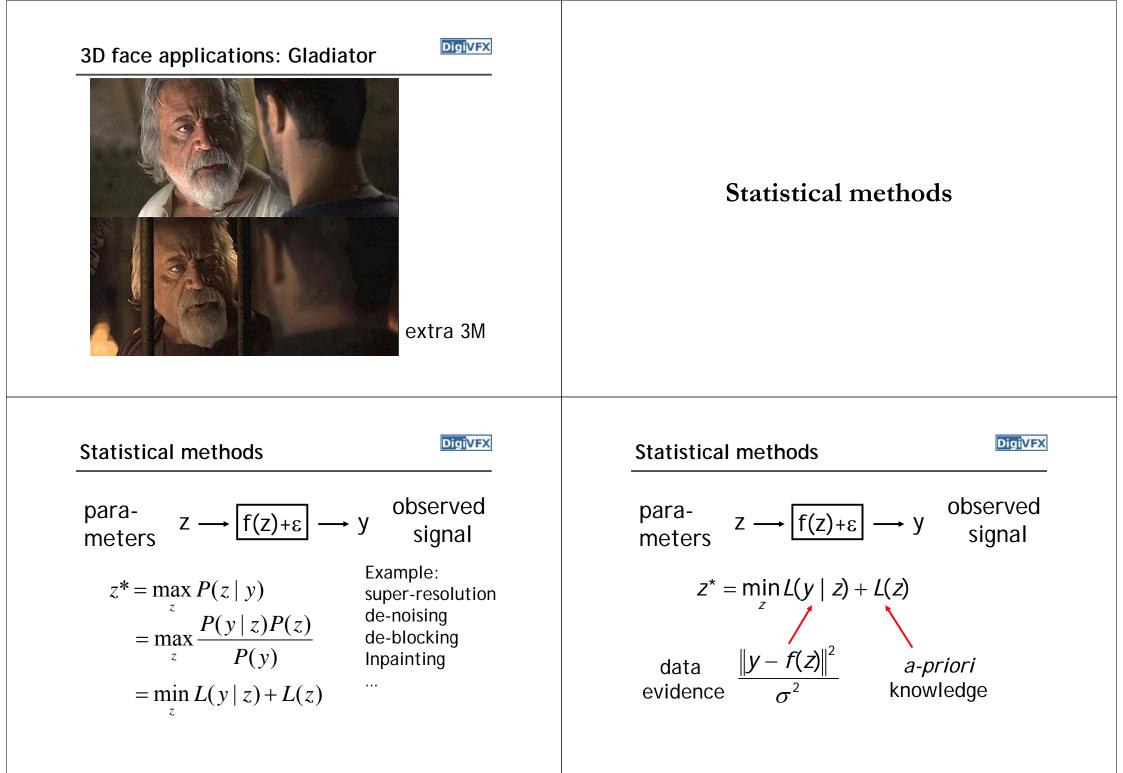


stereo

active stereo







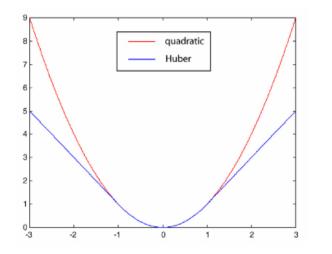
Statistical methods

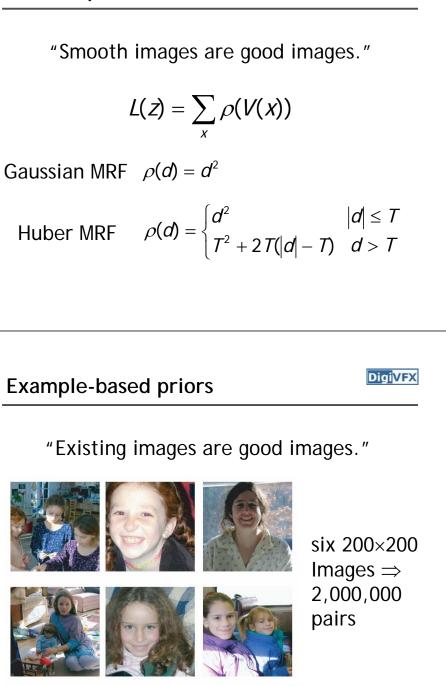
There are approximately 10²⁴⁰ possible 10×10 gray-level images. Even human being has not seen them all yet. There must be a strong statistical bias.

Takeo Kanade

Approximately 8X10¹¹ blocks per day per person.

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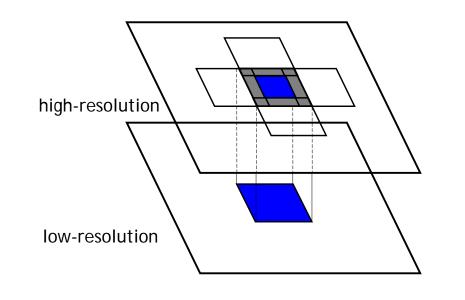
Example-based priors

L(z)

Example-based priors



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Model-based priors

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"Face images are good images when working on face images ..."

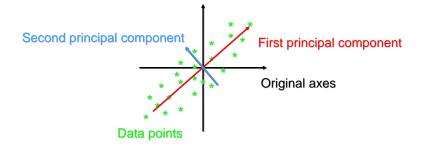
Parametric model Z=WX+µ

$$z^* = \min_{z} L(y \mid z) + L(z)$$
$$X^* = \min_{x} L(y \mid WX + \mu) + L(X)$$
$$z^* = WX^* + \mu$$

L(X)

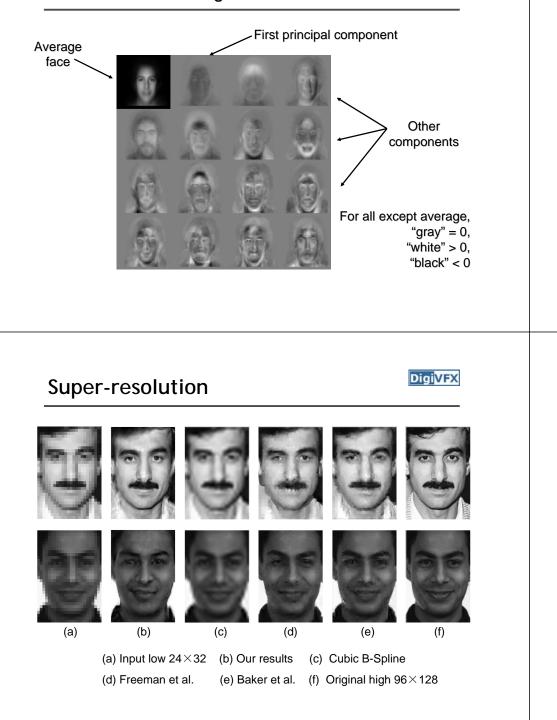
PCA

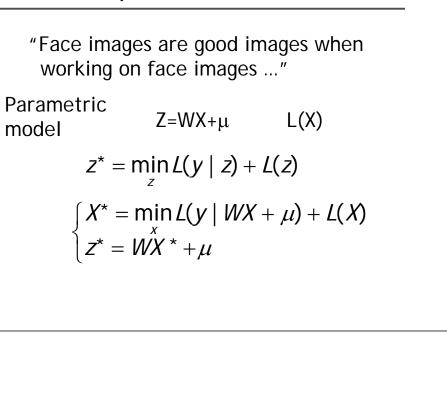
 Principal Components Analysis (PCA): approximating a high-dimensional data set with a lower-dimensional subspace



PCA on faces: "eigenfaces"

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DigiVFX

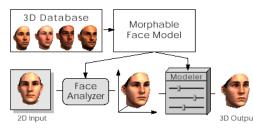
Face models from single images

Morphable model of 3D faces

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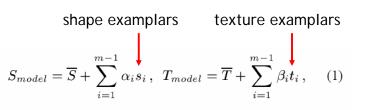
DigiVFX

 Start with a catalogue of 200 aligned 3D Cyberware scans



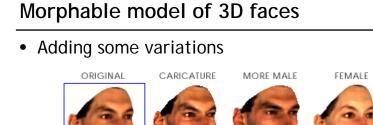
• Build a model of *average* shape and texture, and principal *variations* using PCA

Morphable model



 $\vec{\alpha}, \vec{\beta} \in \Re^{m-1}$. The probability for coefficients $\vec{\alpha}$ is given by

$$p(\vec{\alpha}) \sim exp[-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{m-1} (\alpha_i/\sigma_i)^2],$$
 (2)





SMILE





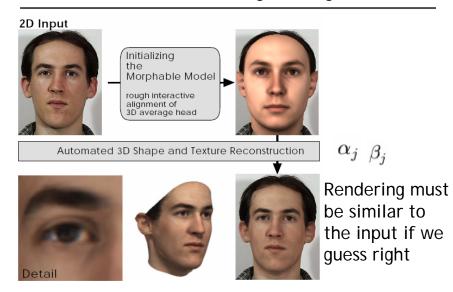




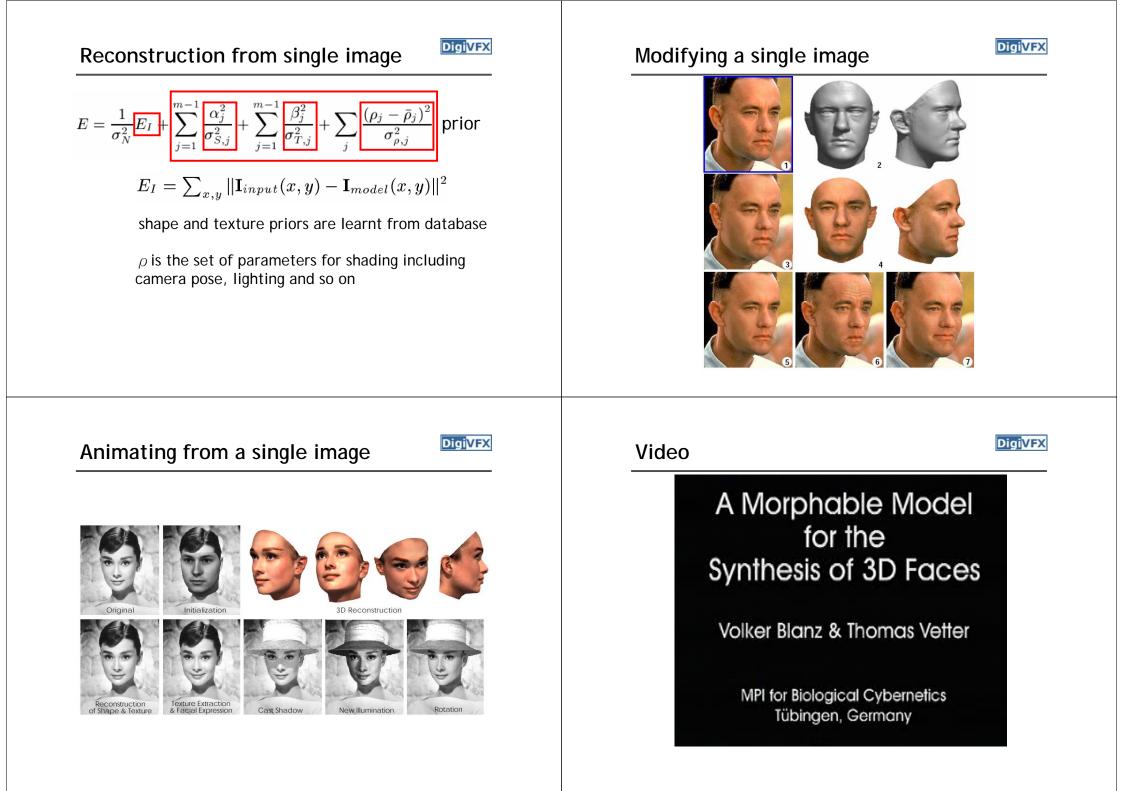
WEIGHT H

HOOKED NOSE

Reconstruction from single image









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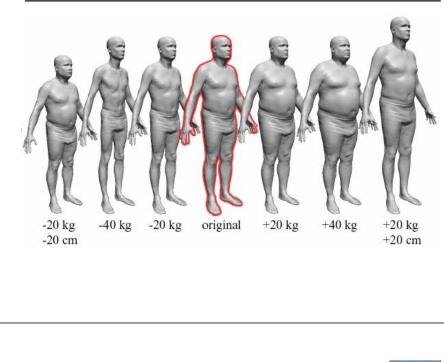
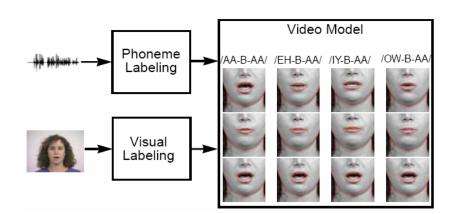


Image-based faces (lip sync.)

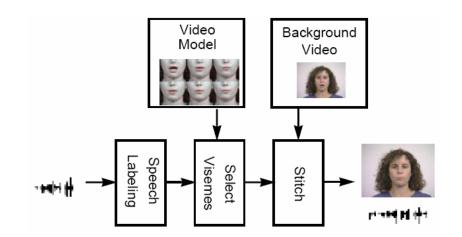
Video rewrite (analysis)

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Video rewrite (synthesis)





Results

• Video database

- 2 minutes of JFK
 - Only half usable
 - Head rotation



training video Read my lips.

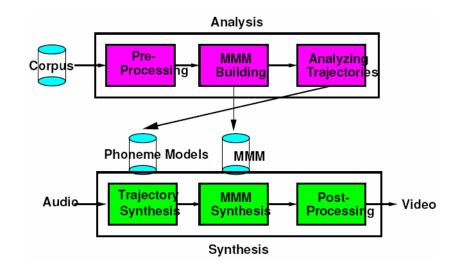
I never met Forest Gump.

DigiVFX

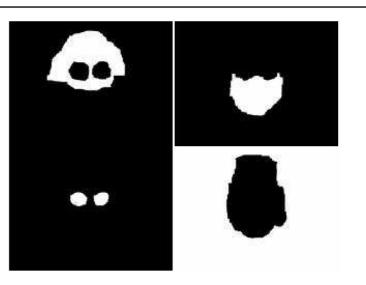
DigiVFX

Morphable speech model



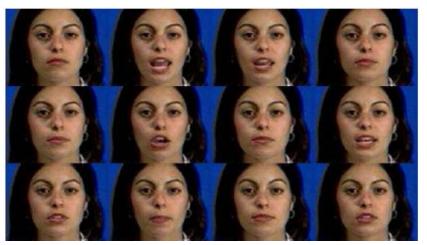


Preprocessing



Prototypes (PCA+k-mean clustering)

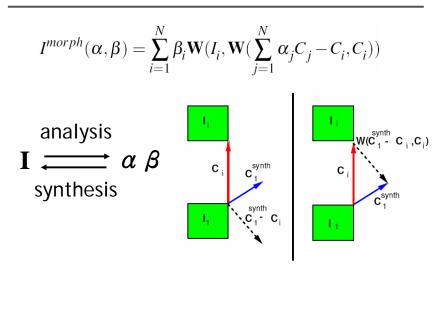




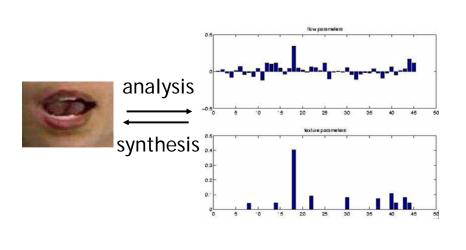
We find \mathbf{I}_i and \mathbf{C}_i for each prototype image.



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Morphable model

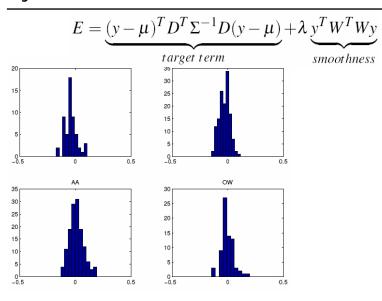


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Synthesis

DigiVFX



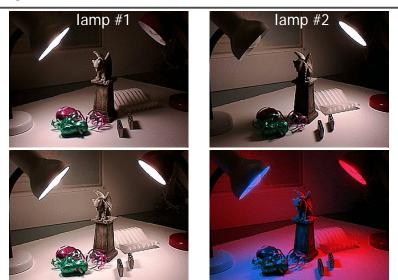
Results



Relighting faces

Light is additive





Light stage 1.0



Light stage 1.0



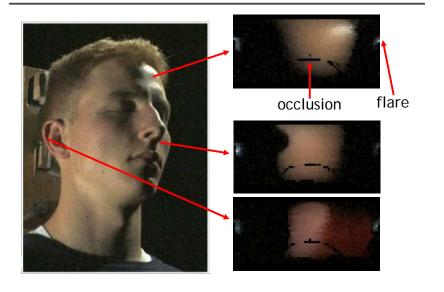
Input images

DigiVFX



Reflectance function





Relighting



normalized light map



lighting product



=



lighting product

DigiVFX



rendered pixel

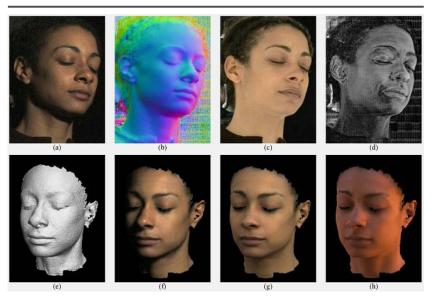








Changing viewpoints



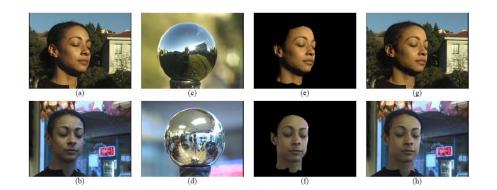
3D face applications: Spiderman 2



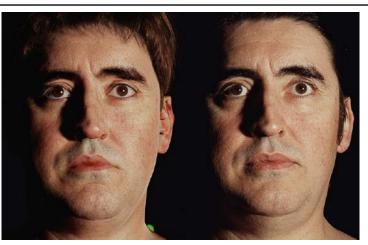
DigiVFX



Results



Spiderman 2



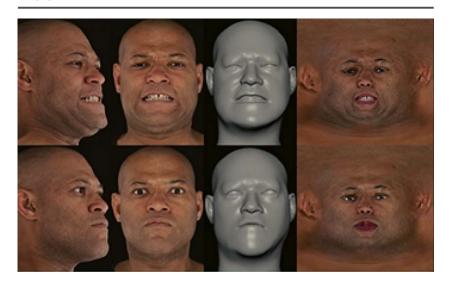
real

synthetic



Application: The Matrix Reloaded





Application: The Matrix Reloaded





References

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- F. Pighin, J. Hecker, D. Lischinski, D. H. Salesin, and R. Szeliski. <u>Synthesizing realistic facial expressions from</u> photographs. SIGGRAPH 1998, pp75-84.
- Li Zhang, Noah Snavely, Brian Curless, Steven M. Seitz, Spacetime Faces: High Resolution Capture for Modeling and Animation, SIGGRAPH 2004.
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- Tony Ezzat, Gadi Geiger, Tomaso Poggio, Trainable Videorealistic Speech Animation, SIGGRAPH 2002.