

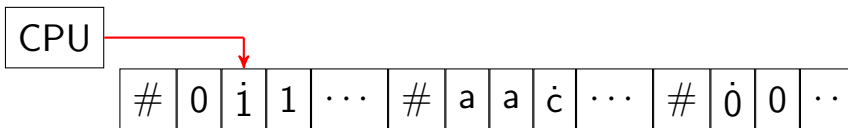
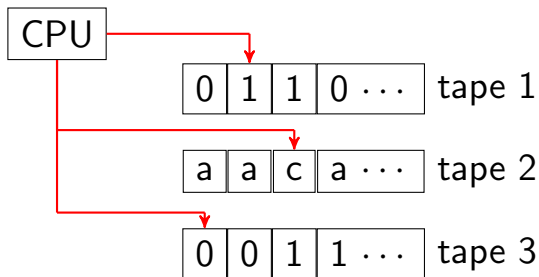
# Computability theory vs. complexity theory I

- In Chapter 3 we showed that various TMs are equivalent
- For example, single-tape and multi-tape TMs are equivalent
- However, their “time complexities” are different

# Complexity of Multi-tape TM I

- Theorem 7.8  
Let  $t(n) \geq n$ . For a  $t(n)$  multi-tape TM  
 $\Rightarrow \exists$  equivalent  $O(t(n)^2)$  single-tape TM
- Idea for the proof: similar to how we proved their equivalence
- We will show that simulating each step of a multi-tape TM takes  $O(t(n))$  on a single-tape TM
- Let  $k$  be the number of tapes
- How did we simulate a multi-tape TM?

# Complexity of Multi-tape TM II



# Complexity of Multi-tape TM III

- To simulate each step of multi-tape TM, we scan to know where heads point to and do the update
- However, we may have to right shift the tape
- So we need to know the tape length. It is

$$k \times O(t(n)) = O(t(n))$$

- Note that each tape of multi-tape TM has  $O(t(n))$  length. Why?
- A  $t(n)$  multi-tape TM generates  $O(t(n))$  contents in  $O(t(n))$  time

# Complexity of Multi-tape TM IV

- Thus the cost of simulating each step of multi-tape TM on a single-tape TM is  $O(t(n))$
- There are  $O(t(n))$  multi-tape TM steps, so the total cost is

$$O(t(n)) \times O(t(n)) = O(t(n)^2)$$