

7_無趣的資料結構(Boring Data Structure)

(3 分 / 6 分 / 11 分)

時間限制: 1 second

記憶體限制: 256 MB

題目敘述

樂奈最近迷上了函數，特別是一個名為 **mex** (minimum excluded value) 的函數。**mex** 函數的定義如下：

- 對於一個集合 S ， $\text{mex}(S)$ 是最小的非負整數 x 滿足 S 中不存在 x 。
 - 舉例來說： $\text{mex}(\{0, 1, 3, 5\}) = 2$ 、 $\text{mex}(\{1, 3\}) = 0$ 、 $\text{mex}(\{0, 1, 2\}) = 3$ 。

樂奈在練新歌之餘，用這個函數構造了一道資料結構問題。給定一個數字 n 和 n 個集合 A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n ，其中第 i 個集合包含了 $0, 1, 2, \dots, n - 1$ 之中除了 $e_{i,1}, e_{i,2}, \dots, e_{i,k_i}$ 之外的所有整數。樂奈想設計一個能支援 q 次以下兩種操作的資料結構：

1. **mex-add**：令 $A = \text{def } A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n$ 是這 n 個集合的交集且 $x = \text{def } \text{mex}(A)$ 。對 $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ ，如果 x 不在 A_i 之中，則將 x 加入 A_i 。
2. **toggle** x ：對 $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ ，如果 x 在 A_i 之中，則將其從 A_i 移除；反之，則將 x 加入 A_i 。

請在每次操作完之後輸出所有集合內的數字之和。

樂奈在構造完這個問題之後，認為這個問題實在太無趣就跑去吃抹茶巴菲了。喵喵在練吉他的時候無意間看到了留在練習室的題目，於是就順手把它丟給了你。你能解開這個問題嗎？還是你要再把問題丟給你的隊友來做呢？

P.S. 交集的定義： x 存在於 $S_1 \cap S_2 \cap \dots \cap S_k$ 之中若且唯若 x 同時存在於所有 S_1, S_2, \dots, S_k 之中。

輸入格式

- line 1: $n \ q$
- line $1 + i$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$): $k_i \ e_{i,1} \ e_{i,2} \ \dots \ e_{i,k_i}$
- line $n + 1 + j$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$): Query_j

其中， Query_j 的格式為下列兩者之一：

- **mex-add**
- **toggle** x_j

以上的變數所代表的含意都如同題目敘述所述。

輸出格式

- line 1: *ans*

資料範圍

- $1 \leq n \leq 300\,000$ 。
- $1 \leq q \leq 300\,000$ 。
- $0 \leq k_i \leq n$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$) 。
- $\sum_{i=1}^n k_i \leq 1\,000\,000$ 。
- $0 \leq e_{i,1} < e_{i,2} < \dots < e_{i,k_i} \leq n - 1$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$) 。
- $op_j \in \{\text{mex-add}, \text{toggle}\}$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$) 。
- $0 \leq x_j \leq n - 1$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$ 且 $op_j = \text{toggle}$) 。
- 輸入的數字都是整數。

子任務

1. (3 points) $op_j = \text{toggle}$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$) 。
2. (6 points) $k_i = n$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$) 。
3. (11 points) 無額外限制。

測試範例

輸入範例 1

```
5 8
1 3
1 2
4 0 1 2 3
1 2
3 0 1 4
toggle 4
mex-add
mex-add
toggle 4
toggle 2
mex-add
toggle 3
mex-add
```

該範例輸入符合子任務 3 的限制。

輸出範例 1

```
20
20
22
34
36
40
37
46
```

- 最一開始：
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2, 4\}$
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3, 4\}$
 - $A_3 = \{4\}$
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3, 4\}$
 - $A_5 = \{2, 3\}$
- 第一次操作 Query₁ = toggle 4 之後：
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2\}$ (移除 4)
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3\}$ (移除 4)
 - $A_3 = \{\}$ (移除 4)
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3\}$ (移除 4)
 - $A_5 = \{2, 3, 4\}$ (加入 4)
 - 數字之和為 $(0 + 1 + 2) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (2 + 3 + 4) = 20$ 。
- 第二次操作 Query₂ = mex-add 之後：
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2\}$
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_3 = \{0\}$ (加入 0)
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_5 = \{0, 2, 3, 4\}$ (加入 0)
 - 數字之和為 $(0 + 1 + 2) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 2 + 3 + 4) = 20$ 。
- 第三次操作 Query₃ = mex-add 之後：
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2\}$
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_3 = \{0, 1\}$
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_5 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$
 - 數字之和為 $(0 + 1 + 2) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 1) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4) = 22$ 。

輸入範例 2

```
3 8
2 0 2
1 2
0
toggle 0
toggle 1
toggle 0
toggle 2
toggle 0
toggle 1
toggle 0
toggle 2
```

該範例輸入符合子任務 1, 3 的限制。

輸出範例 2

```
5
2
2
4
4
7
7
5
```

輸入範例 3

```
4 10
4 0 1 2 3
4 0 1 2 3
4 0 1 2 3
4 0 1 2 3
toggle 2
mex-add
toggle 1
mex-add
toggle 0
toggle 3
mex-add
toggle 2
mex-add
mex-add
```

該範例輸入符合子任務 2, 3 的限制。

輸出範例 3

```
8
8
12
24
24
12
12
4
12
24
```

7_Boring Data Structure

(3 points/6 points/11 points)

Time Limit: 1 second

Memory Limit: 256MB

Statement

Raana-chan has recently become obsessed with functions, especially a function called **mex** (minimum excluded value). The **mex** function is defined as follows:

- For a set S , $\text{mex}(S)$ is the smallest non-negative integer x such that x is not in S .
 - For example: $\text{mex}(\{0, 1, 3, 5\}) = 2$, $\text{mex}(\{1, 3\}) = 0$, $\text{mex}(\{0, 1, 2\}) = 3$.

Raana-chan has constructed a data structure problem using this function in her spare time while practicing a new song. Given a number n and n sets A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n , where the i^{th} set contains all integers from 0 to $n - 1$ **except** $e_{i,1}, e_{i,2}, \dots, e_{i,k_i}$. Raana-chan want to design a data structure which supports the following two operations q times:

1. **mex-add**: Let $A = \text{def } A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n$ be the intersection of these n sets and $x = \text{def } \text{mex}(A)$.
For $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, if x is not in A_i , then add x to A_i .
2. **toggle** x : For $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, if x is in A_i , then remove it from A_i ; otherwise, add x to A_i .

Please output the sum of all numbers in the sets after each operation.

Raana-chan thought this problem was too boring and she went to eat matcha parfait. As the next user of the practice room, Neko-chan accidentally saw the problem left in the room while practicing guitar, and handed it to you. Can you solve this problem? ~~Or do you want to hand the problem to your teammates again?~~

P.S. Definition of intersection: x exists in $S_1 \cap S_2 \cap \dots \cap S_k$ if and only if x exists in all S_1, S_2, \dots, S_k .

Input Format

- line 1: $n \ q$
- line $1 + i$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$): $k_i \ e_{i,1} \ e_{i,2} \ \dots \ e_{i,k_i}$
- line $n + 1 + j$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$): Query_j

Where Query_j is in the following format:

- **mex-add**
- **toggle** x_j

All variable is as described above.

Output Format

- line 1: *ans*

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 300\,000$.
- $1 \leq q \leq 300\,000$.
- $0 \leq k_i \leq n$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$).
 - $\sum_{i=1}^n k_i \leq 1\,000\,000$.
- $0 \leq e_{i,1} < e_{i,2} < \dots < e_{i,k_i} \leq n-1$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$).
- $op_j \in \{\text{mex-add}, \text{toggle}\}$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$).
- $0 \leq x_j \leq n-1$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$ and $op_j = \text{toggle}$).
- All numbers in the input are integers.

Subtasks

1. (3 points) $op_j = \text{toggle}$ ($1 \leq j \leq q$).
2. (6 points) $k_i = n$ ($1 \leq i \leq n$).
3. (11 points) No additional constraints.

Test Cases

Input 1

```
5 8
1 3
1 2
4 0 1 2 3
1 2
3 0 1 4
toggle 4
mex-add
mex-add
toggle 4
toggle 2
mex-add
toggle 3
mex-add
```

This sample input satisfies the constraints of Subtask 3.

Output 1

```
20
20
22
34
36
40
37
46
```

- In the beginning:
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2, 4\}$
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3, 4\}$
 - $A_3 = \{4\}$
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3, 4\}$
 - $A_5 = \{2, 3\}$
- After Query₁ = toggle 4:
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2\}$ (remove 4)
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3\}$ (remove 4)
 - $A_3 = \{\}$ (remove 4)
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3\}$ (remove 4)
 - $A_5 = \{2, 3, 4\}$ (add 4)
 - The sum is $(0 + 1 + 2) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (2 + 3 + 4) = 20$.
- After Query₂ = mex-add:
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2\}$
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_3 = \{0\}$ (add 0)
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_5 = \{0, 2, 3, 4\}$ (add 0)
 - The sum is $(0 + 1 + 2) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 2 + 3 + 4) = 20$.
- After Query₃ = mex-add:
 - $A_1 = \{0, 1, 2\}$
 - $A_2 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_3 = \{0, 1\}$
 - $A_4 = \{0, 1, 3\}$
 - $A_5 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$
 - The sum is $(0 + 1 + 2) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 1) + (0 + 1 + 3) + (0 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4) = 22$.

Input 2

```
3 8
2 0 2
1 2
0
toggle 0
toggle 1
toggle 0
toggle 2
toggle 0
toggle 1
toggle 0
toggle 2
```

This sample input satisfies the constraints of Subtasks 1, 3.

Output 2

```
5
2
2
4
4
7
7
5
```

Input 3

```
4 10
4 0 1 2 3
4 0 1 2 3
4 0 1 2 3
4 0 1 2 3
toggle 2
mex-add
toggle 1
mex-add
toggle 0
toggle 3
mex-add
toggle 2
mex-add
mex-add
```

This sample input satisfies the constraints of Subtasks 2, 3.

Output 3

```
8
8
12
24
24
12
12
4
12
24
```