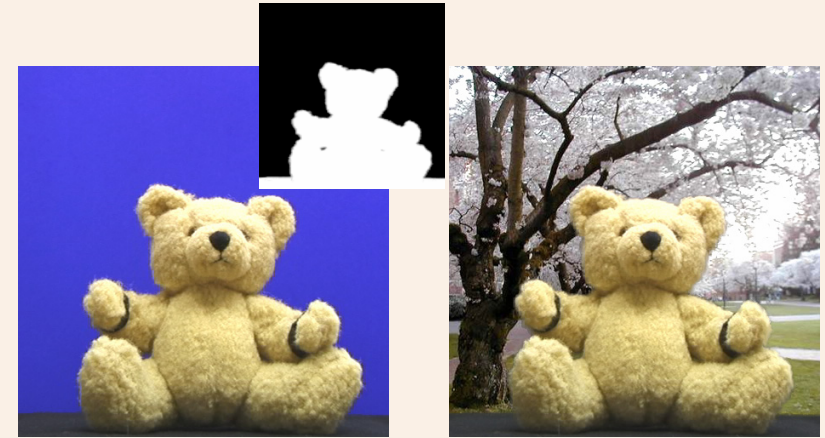


## Environment Matting

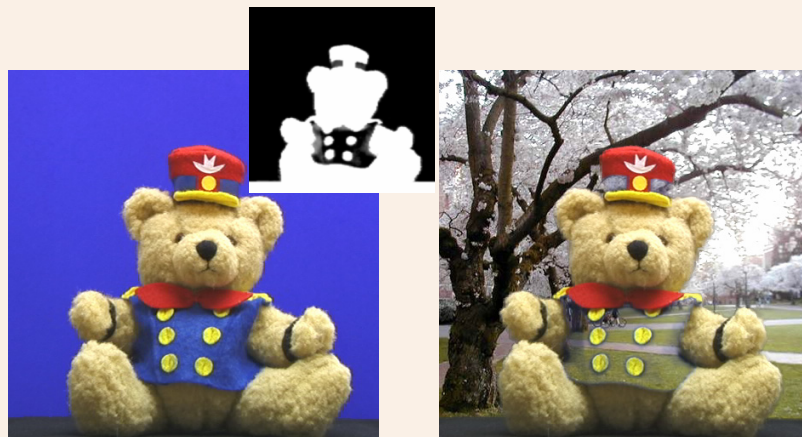
## Blue screen matting



input image

alpha composite

## Problem: blue foreground



source image

alpha composite

## Two-screen matting



alpha composite

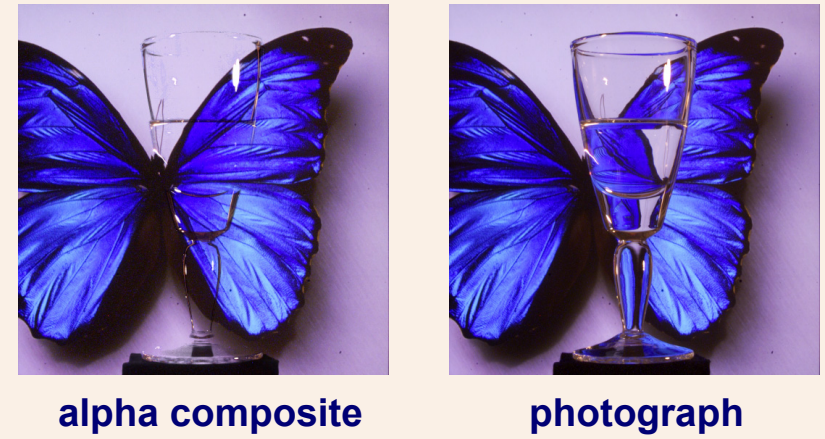
## Problem: refractive object

---



## Problem: refractive object

---



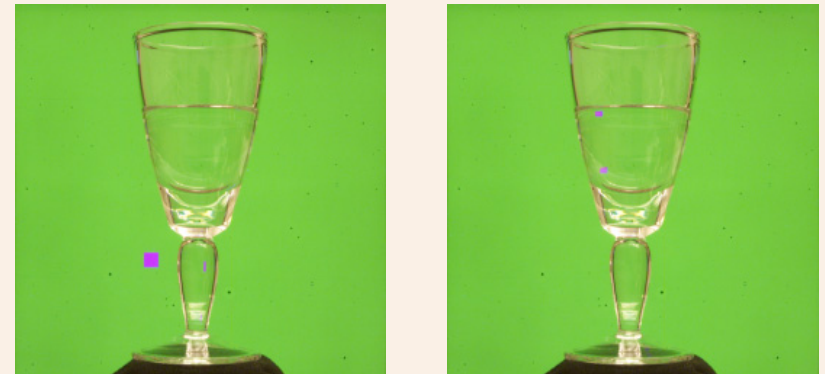
## Refracted image of a single pixel

---

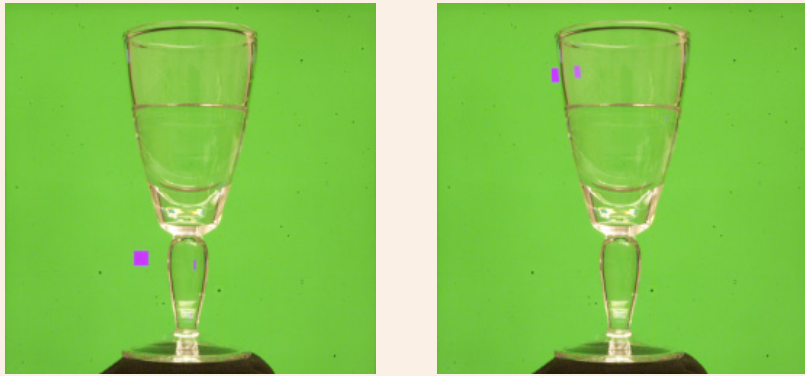


## Refracted image of a single pixel

---

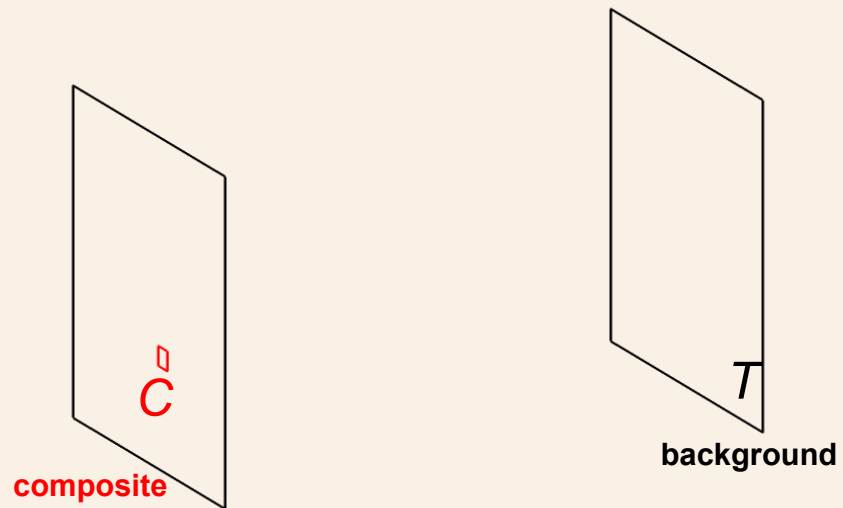


## Refracted image of a single pixel

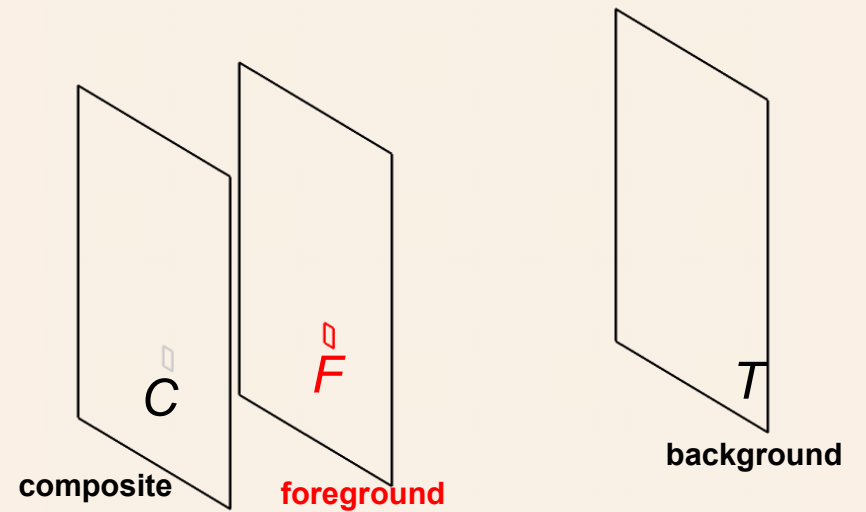


## Environment matting framework

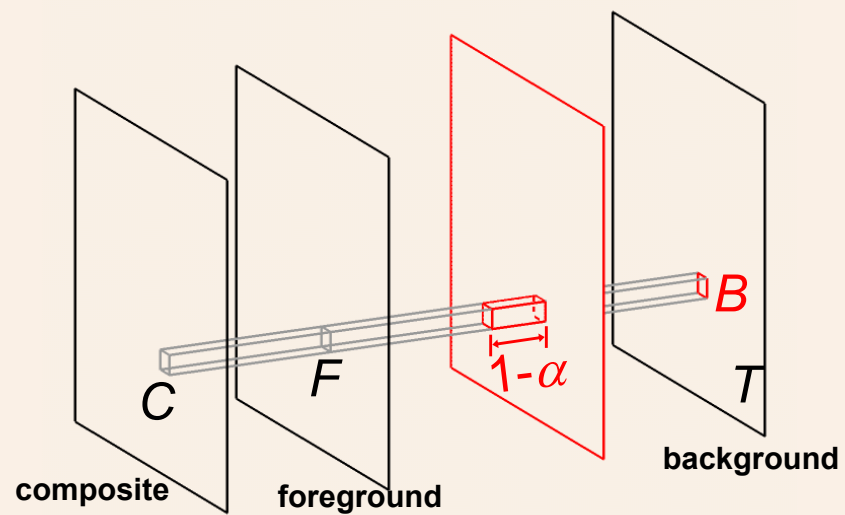
$$C =$$



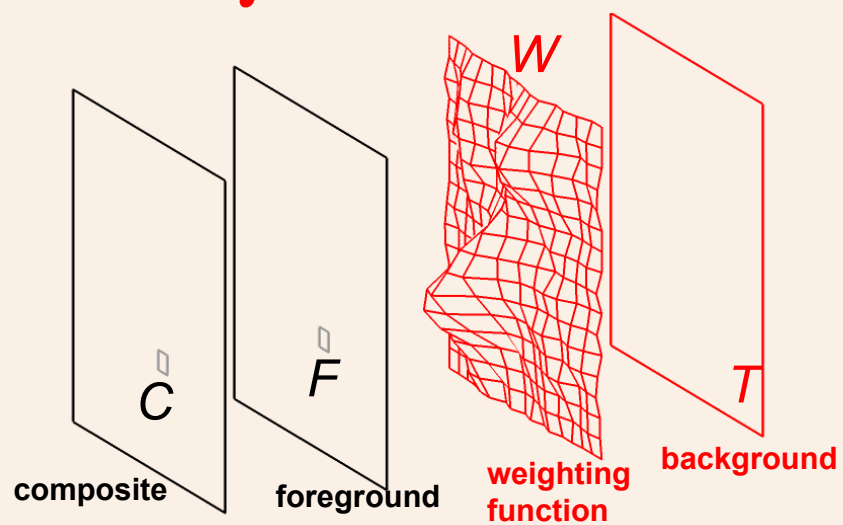
$$C = F$$



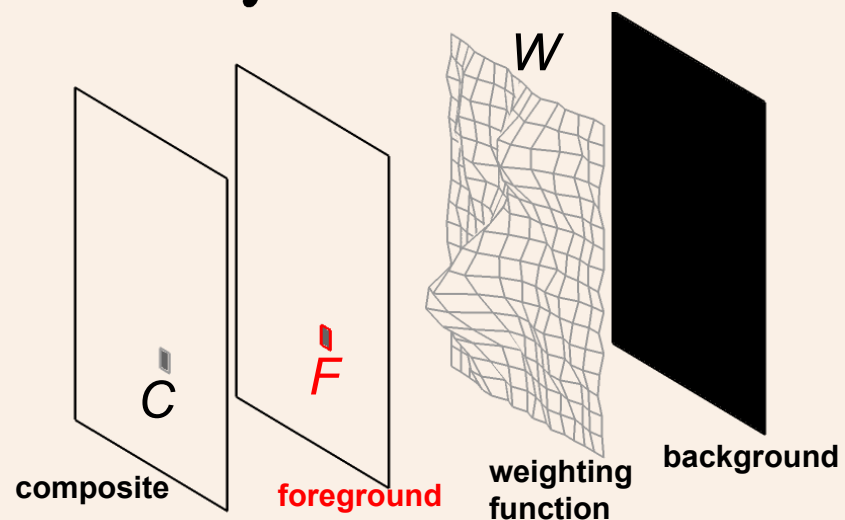
$$C = F + (1 - \alpha)B$$



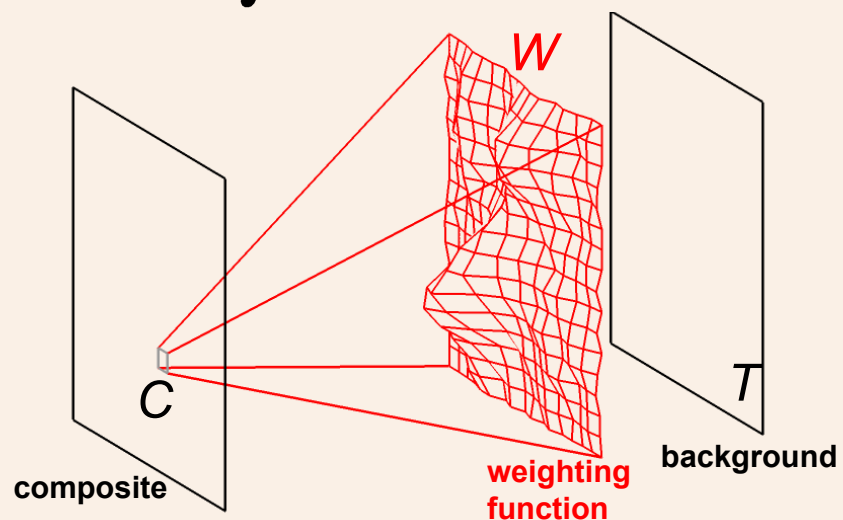
$$C = F + \int W T$$



$$C = F + \int W 0$$

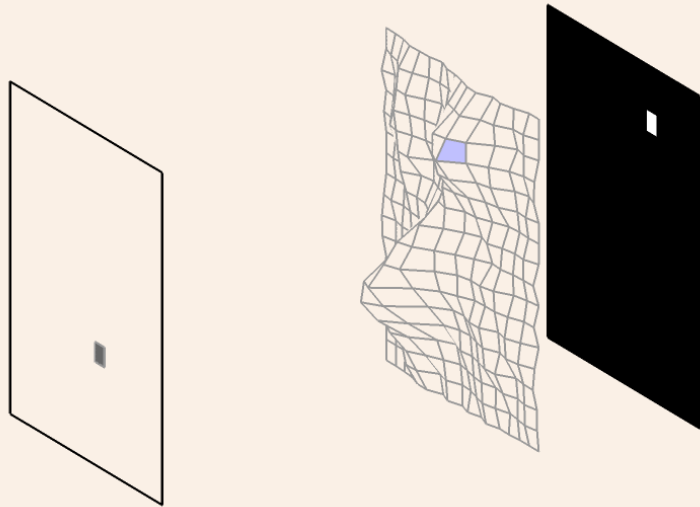


$$C = F + \int W T$$

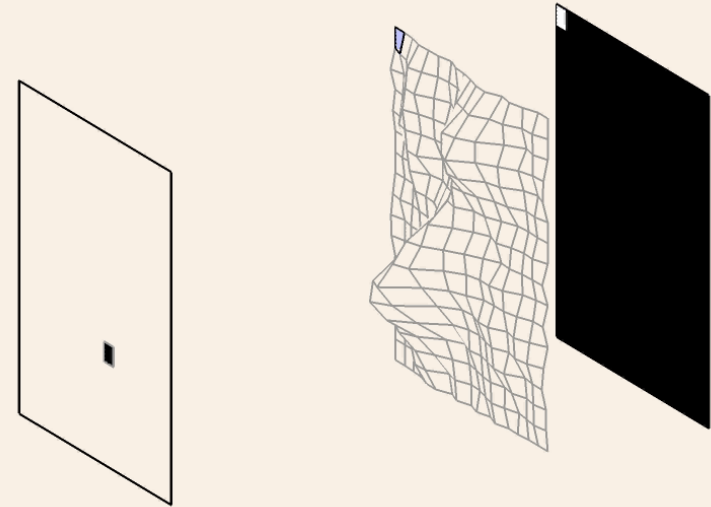




## Arbitrary weighting function



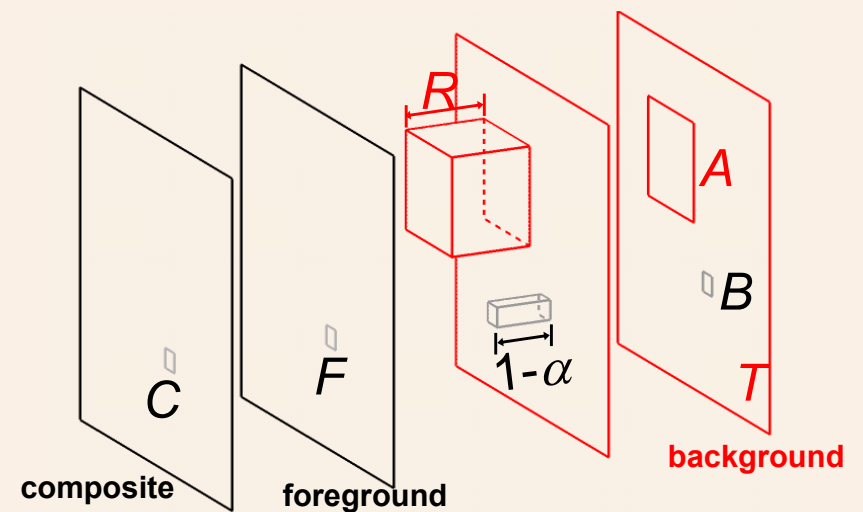
## Arbitrary weighting function



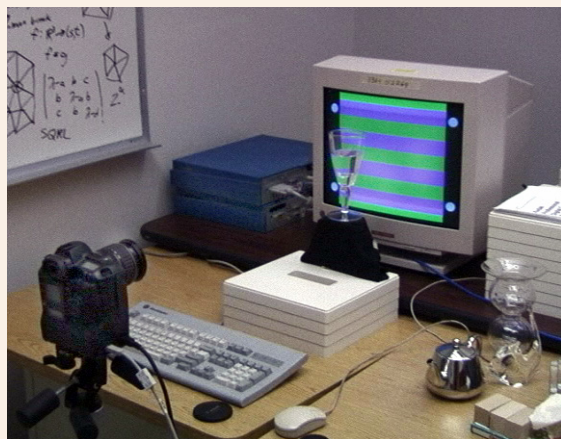
## Hierarchical environment matting

Zongker et. al.  
SIGGRAPH 1999

$$C = F + (1 - \alpha)B + \mathcal{RM}(T, A)$$



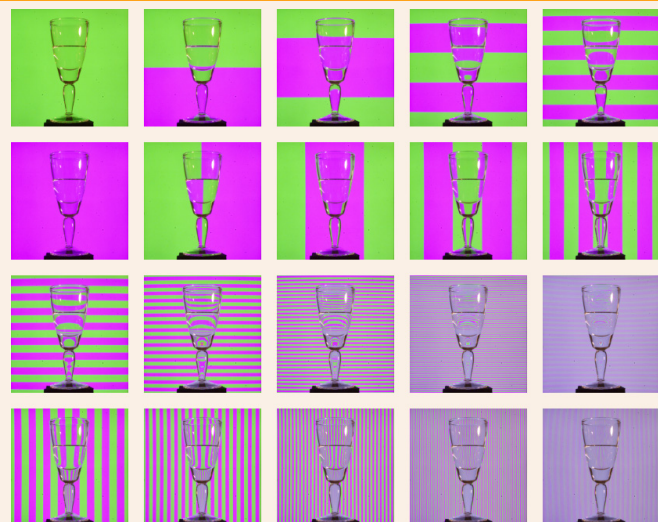
## Acquisition setup



## Hierarchical backgrounds

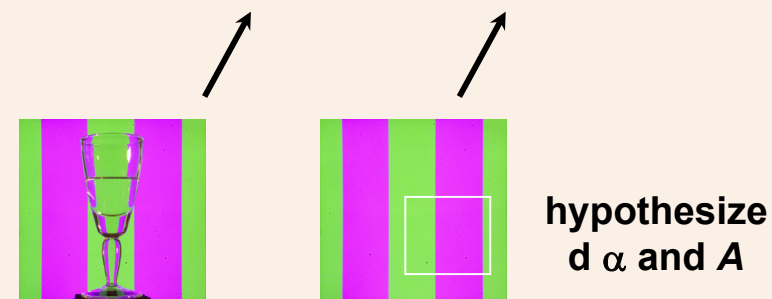


## Hierarchical backgrounds

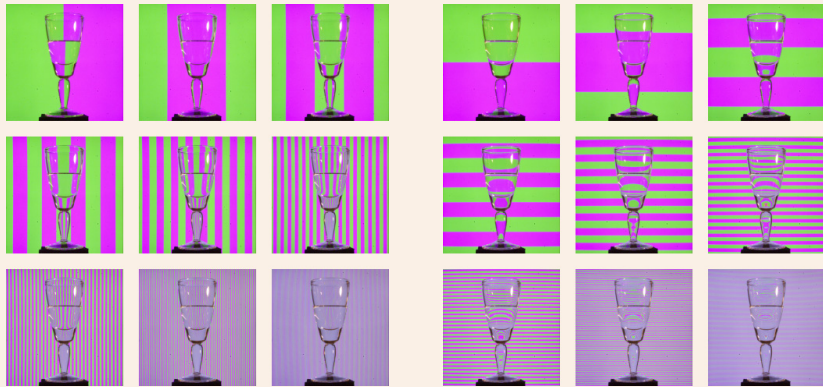


## Searching for $\alpha$ and $A$

$$E = \sum \| C_{\text{observed}} - C_{\text{computed}}(\alpha, A) \|^2$$



## Separate x and y extent searches



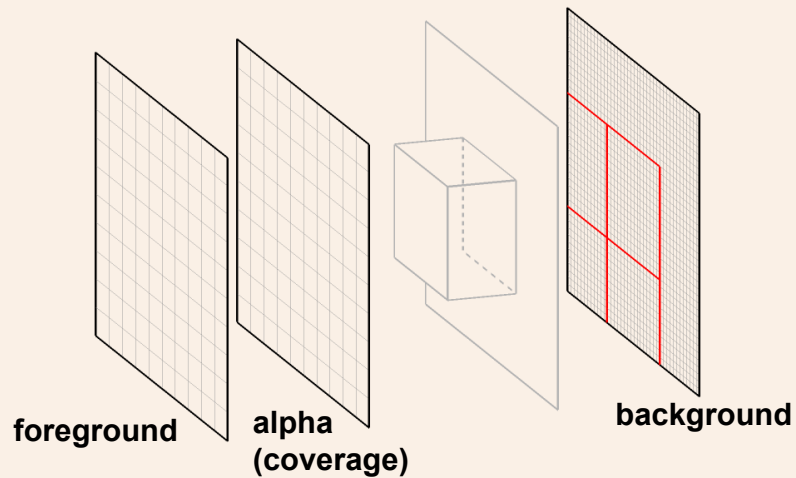
$(\alpha, l, r)$

$(\alpha, t, b)$

## Environment matte composite



$$C = F + (1 - \alpha)B + R\mathcal{M}(T, A)$$



## Results and comparisons



environment matte composite



alpha matte composite



## Results and comparisons



environment matte  
composite



photograph

## Results and comparisons



environment matte  
composite



alpha matte  
composite

## Results and comparisons



environment matte  
composite

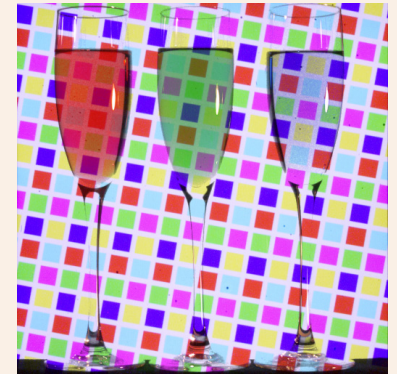


photograph

## Results and comparisons



environment matte  
composite



alpha matte  
composite



## Results and comparisons



environment matte  
composite



photograph

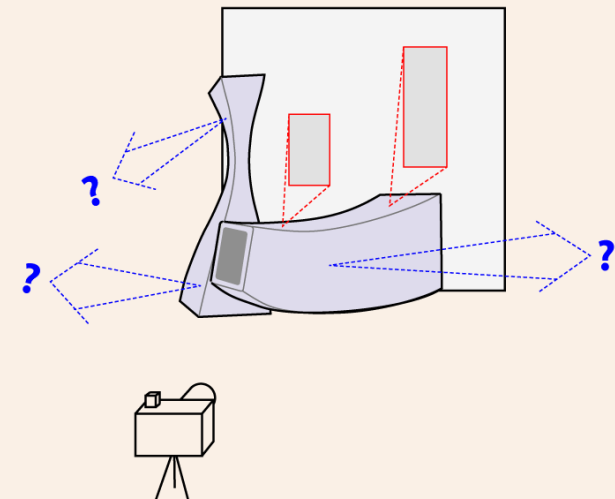
## Results



## Reflective objects

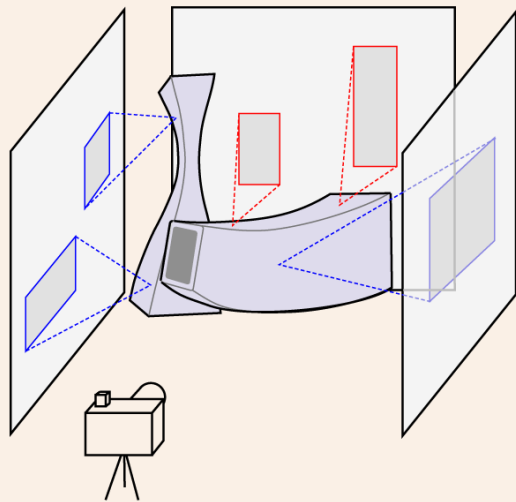


## Many rays not captured



## Add sidedrops to capture these rays

---



## Capturing multiple sides

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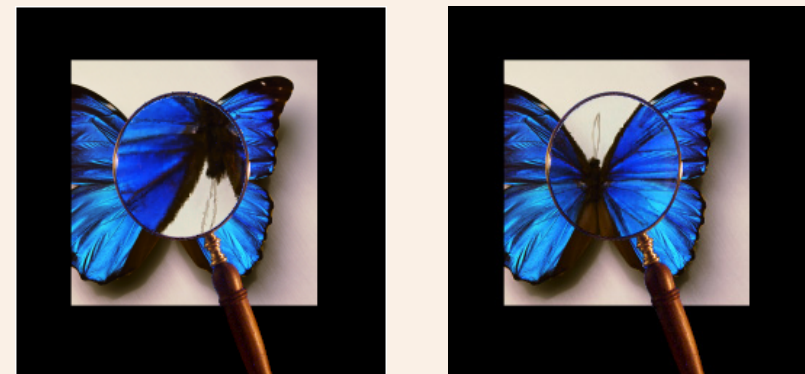
## Contributions from multiple sides

---



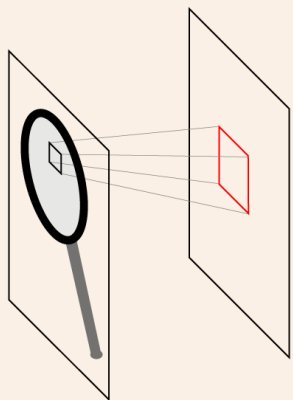
## Depth correction

---



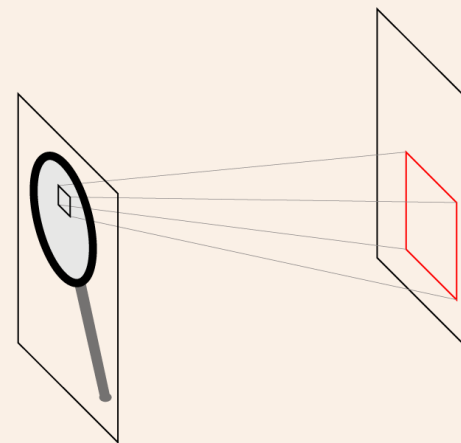
## Capturing at a single depth

---



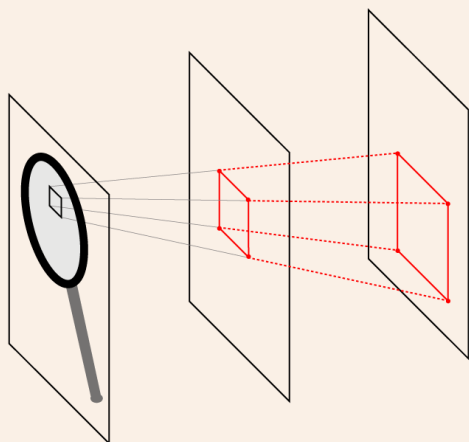
## Capturing a second depth

---



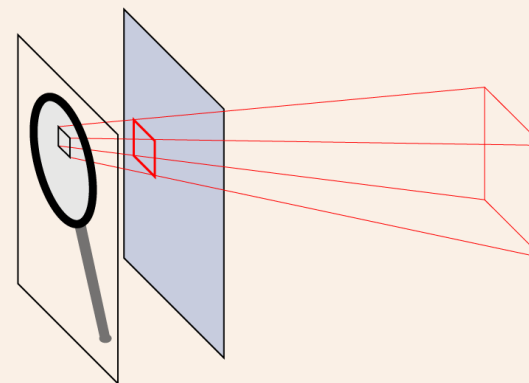
## Constructing the 3D beam

---



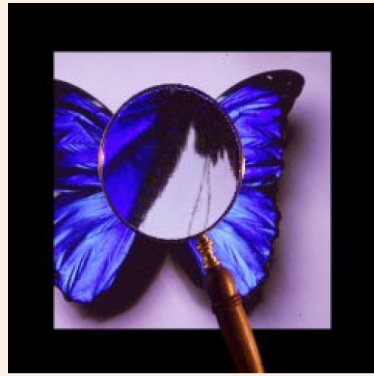
## Rendering at novel depths

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## Rendering at novel depths

---



## Problem: glossy surface

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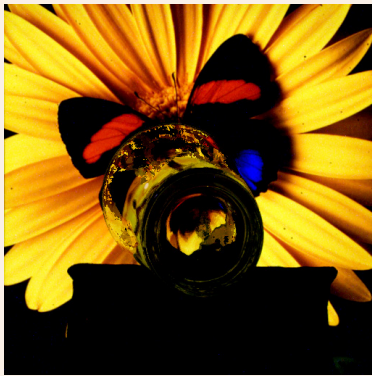
environment matte  
composite



photograph

## Problem: multiple mappings

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environment matte  
composite



photograph

## Problem: color dispersion

---



environment matte  
composite



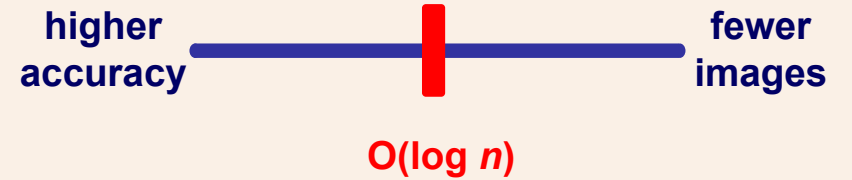
photograph



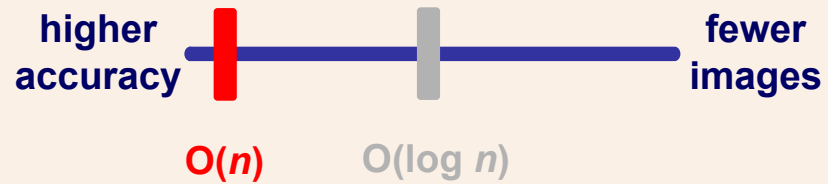
## Problem: many photographs needed



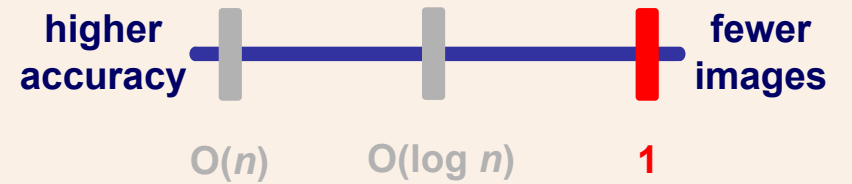
## Environment matting



## Towards higher accuracy



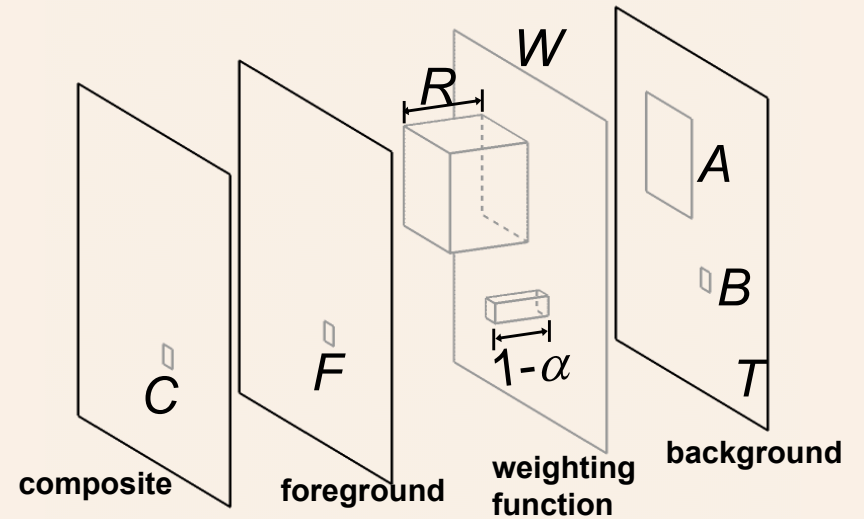
## Towards real-time capture



## Real-time environment matting

Chuang et. al.  
SIGGRAPH 2000

$$C = F + (1 - \alpha)B + R\mathcal{M}(T, A)$$



$$\underset{3}{C} = \underset{3}{F} + \underset{1}{(1-\alpha)}\underset{3}{B} + \underset{4}{R}\mathcal{M}(\underset{4}{T}, \underset{4}{A})$$

3 observations  
11 variables

- $A, R$
- $\alpha$
- $F$

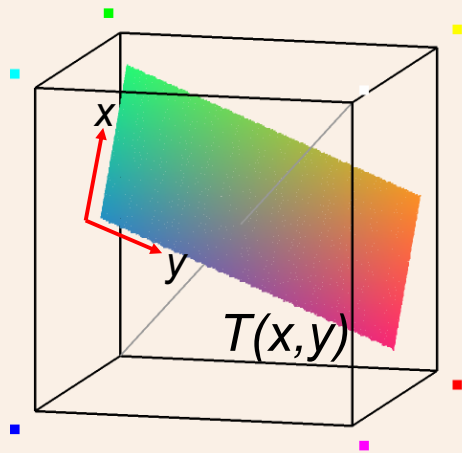
$$\underset{3}{C} = \underset{3}{R}\mathcal{M}(\underset{4}{T}, \underset{4}{A})$$

3 observations  
7 variables

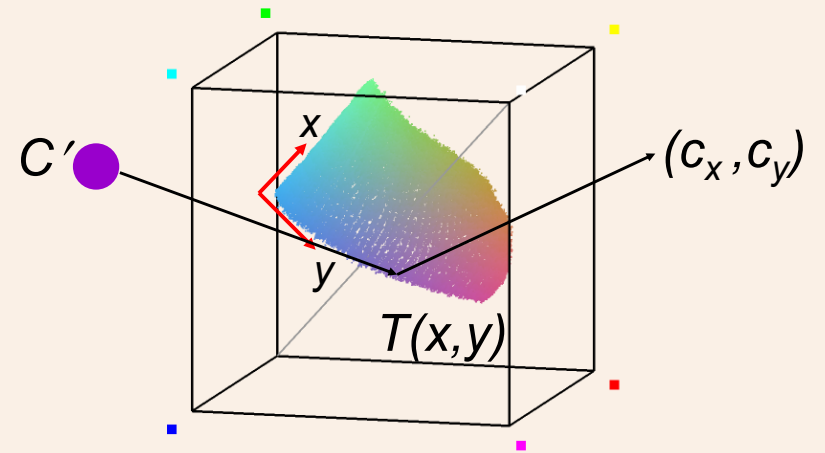
- $A, R$
- $\alpha$
- $F$



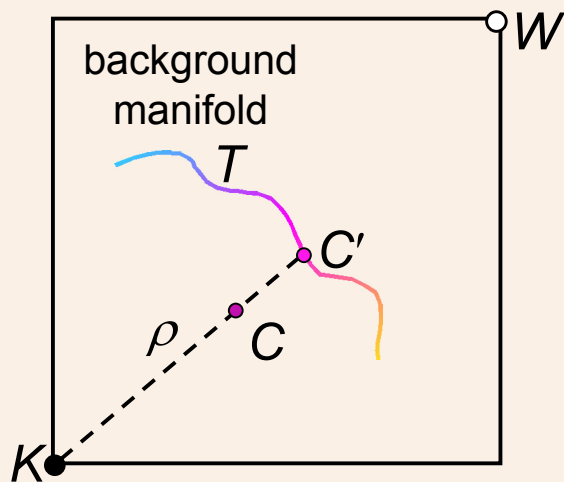
## Ideal plane in RGB cube



## Calibrated manifold in RGB cube



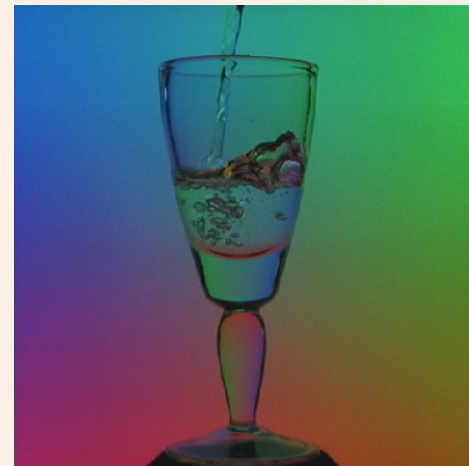
## Estimate $c_x, c_y$ and $\rho$



$$C' \rightarrow (c_x, c_y)$$

$$\rho = \frac{\|KD\|}{\|KC'\|}$$

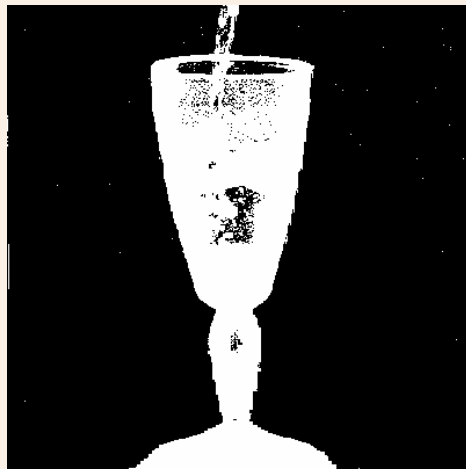
## Input image





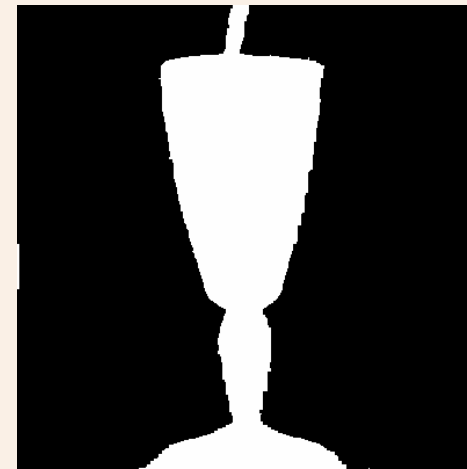
## Difference thresholding

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## Morphological operation

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## Feathering

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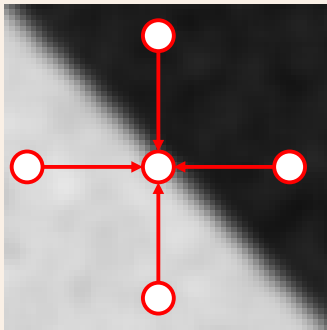


## Problem: noisy matte

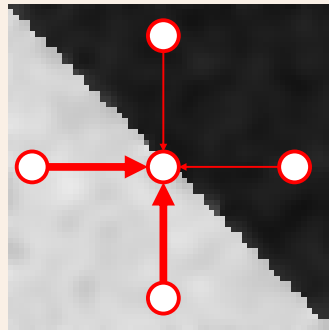
---



## Edge-preserving filtering



isotropic filter

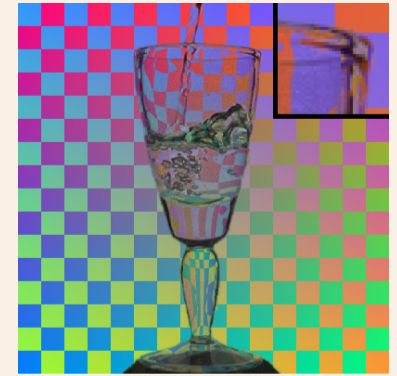


anisotropic filter

## Edge-preserving filtering

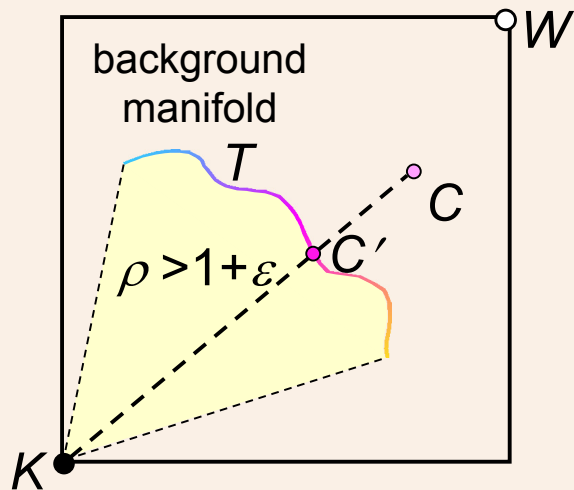


without filtering

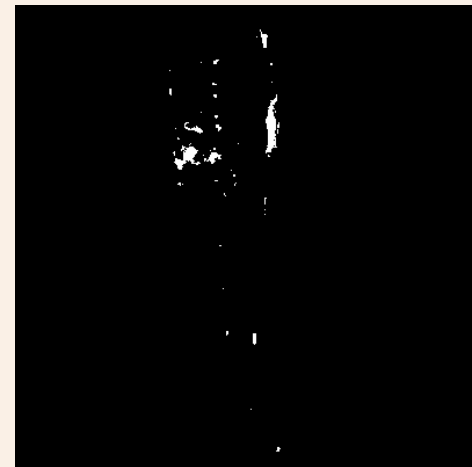


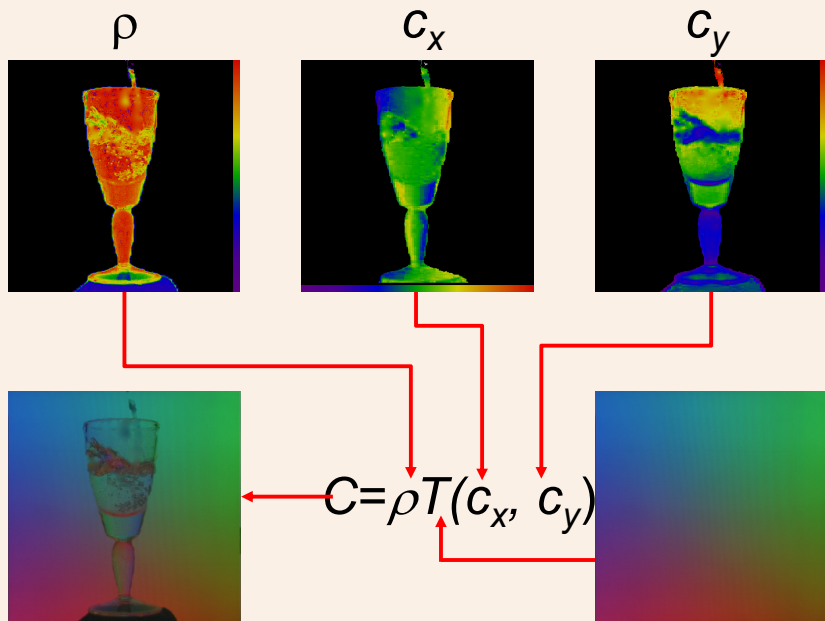
with filtering

## Heuristics for specular highlights



## Heuristics for specular highlights

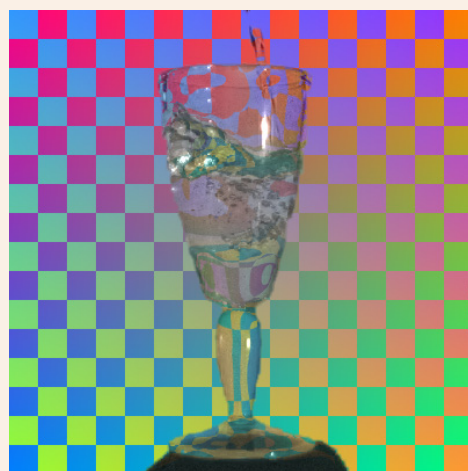




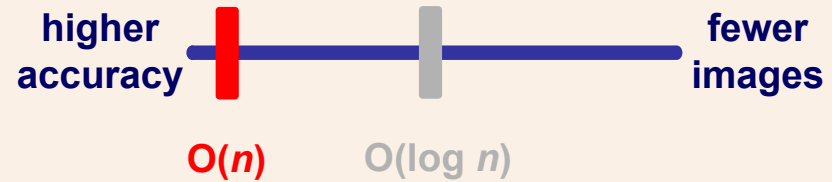
## Heuristics for specular highlights



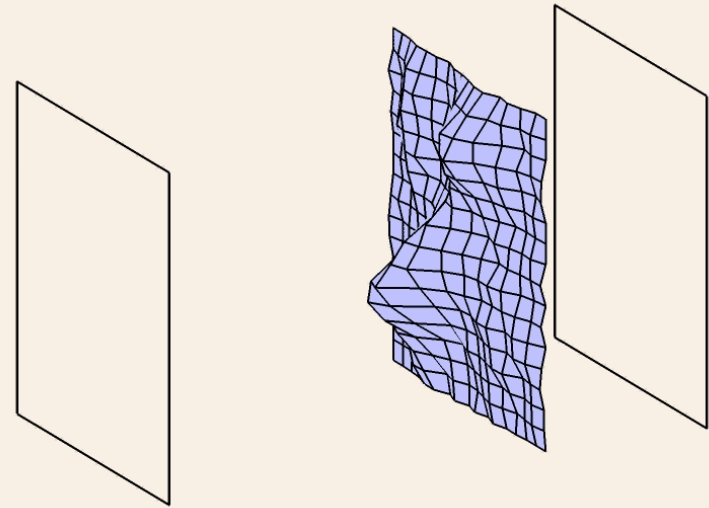
## Composite with highlights



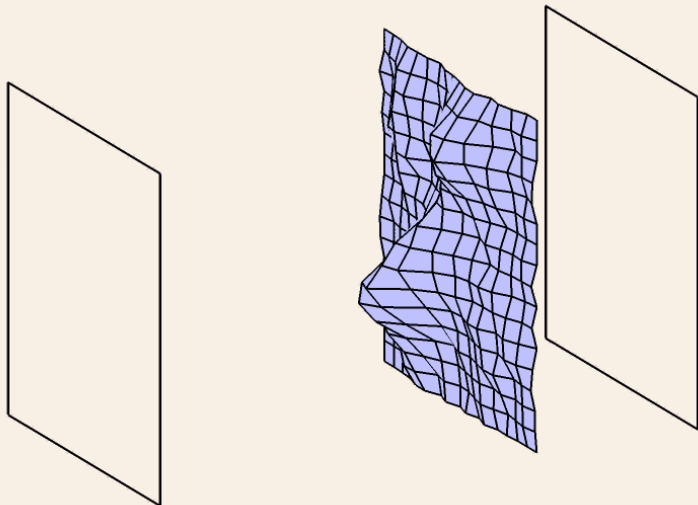
## Towards higher accuracy



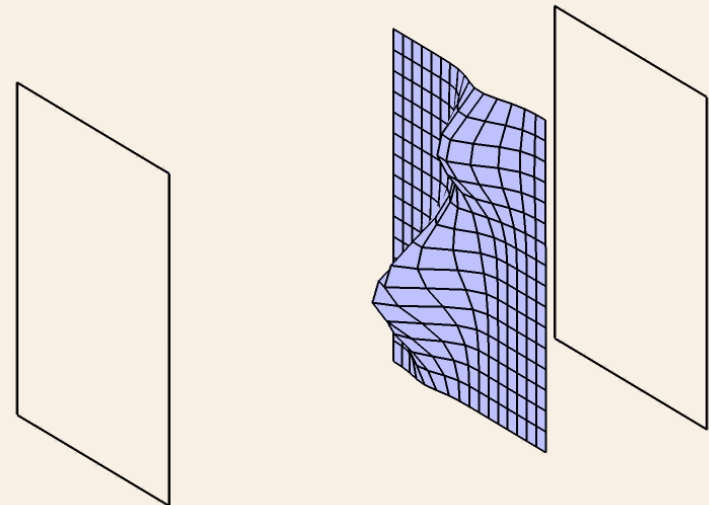
## Arbitrary weighting function



## Multimodal oriented Gaussian

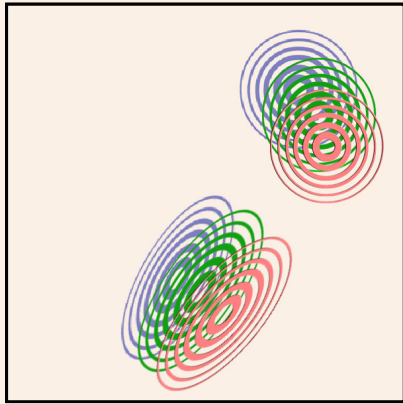


## Multimodal oriented Gaussian



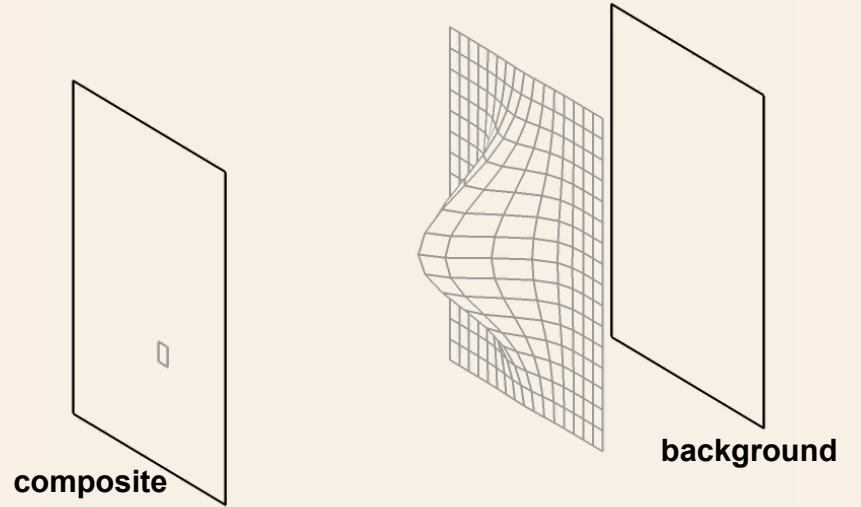


## Multimodal oriented Gaussian

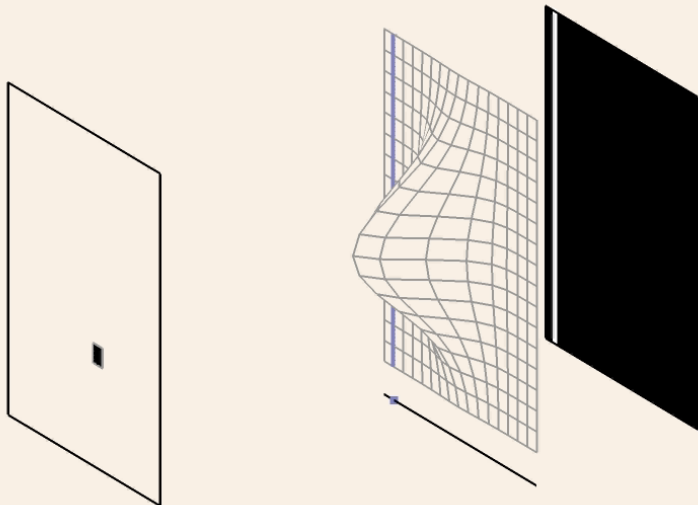


- Better BRDF approximation
- Multiple mappings
- Wavelength-coupled variation

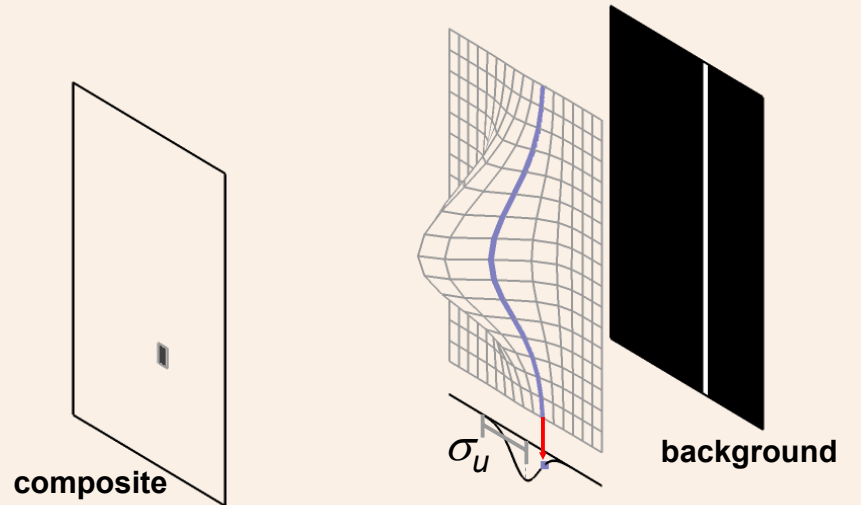
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



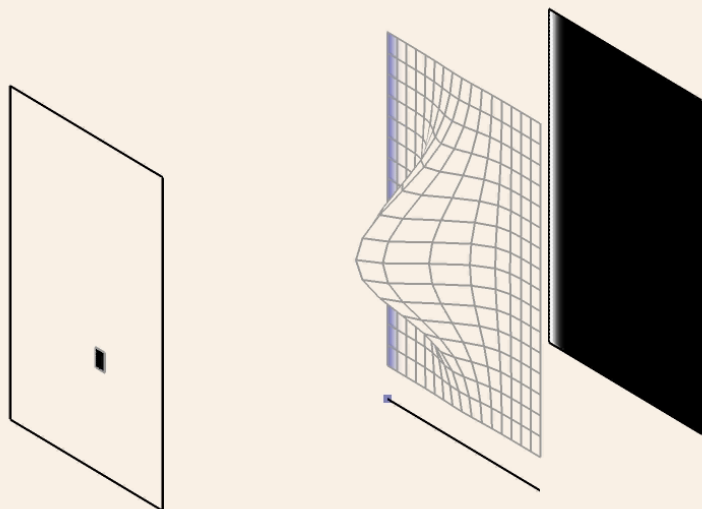
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



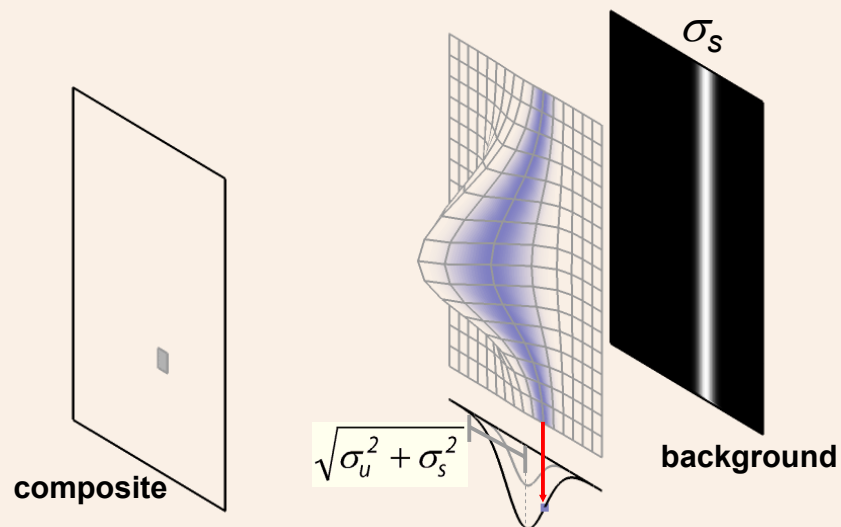
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



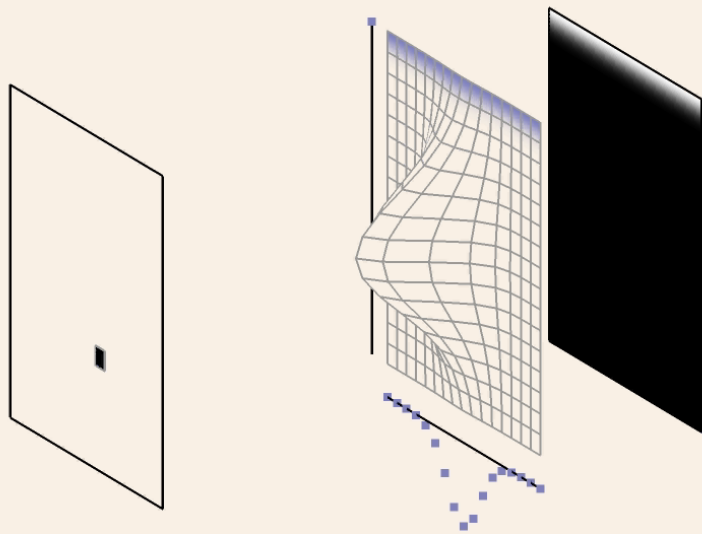
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



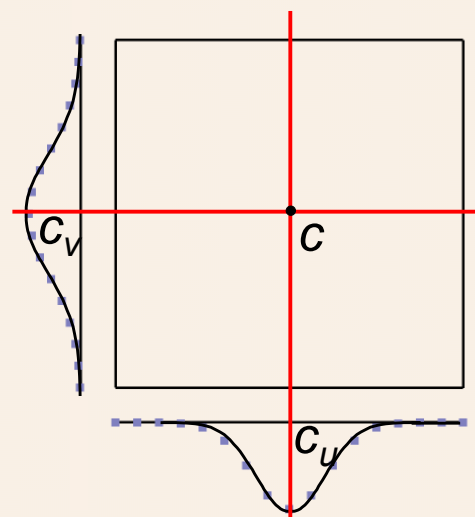
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



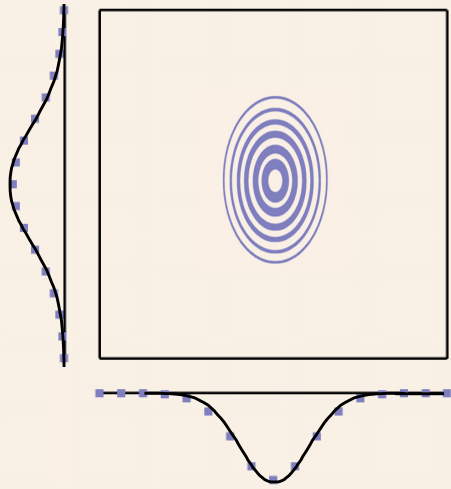
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



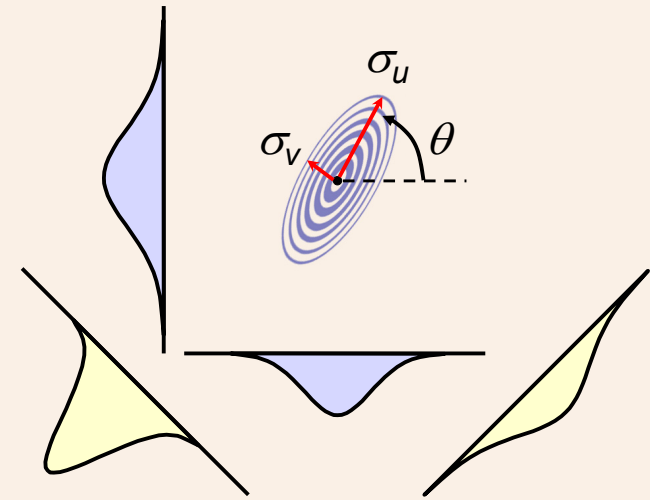
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



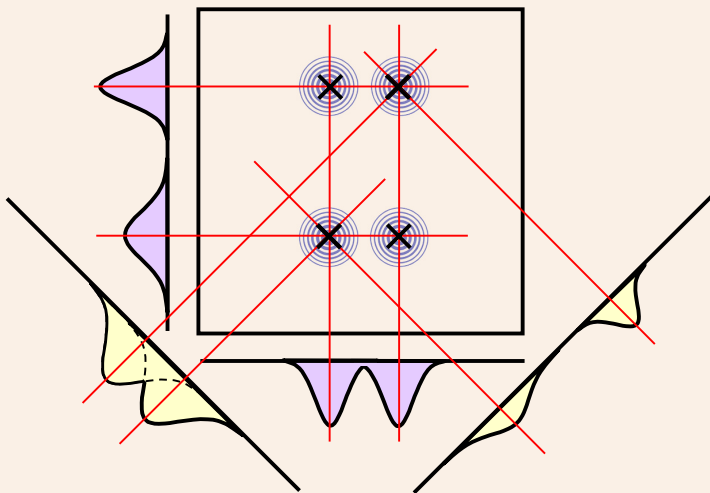
## Unimodal axis-aligned Gaussian



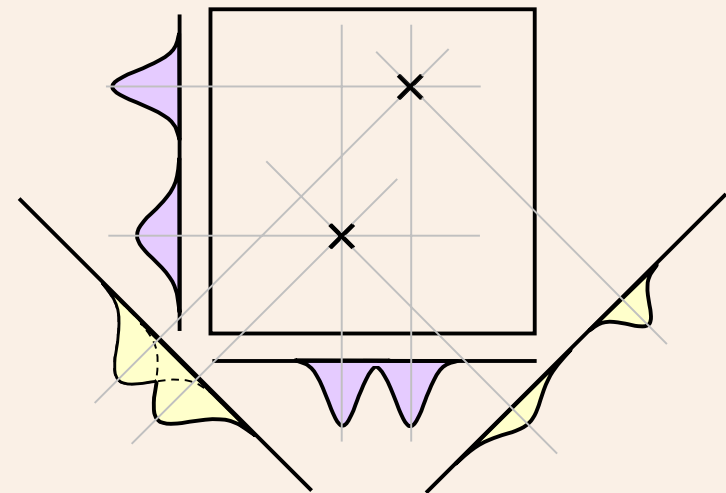
## Unimodal oriented Gaussian



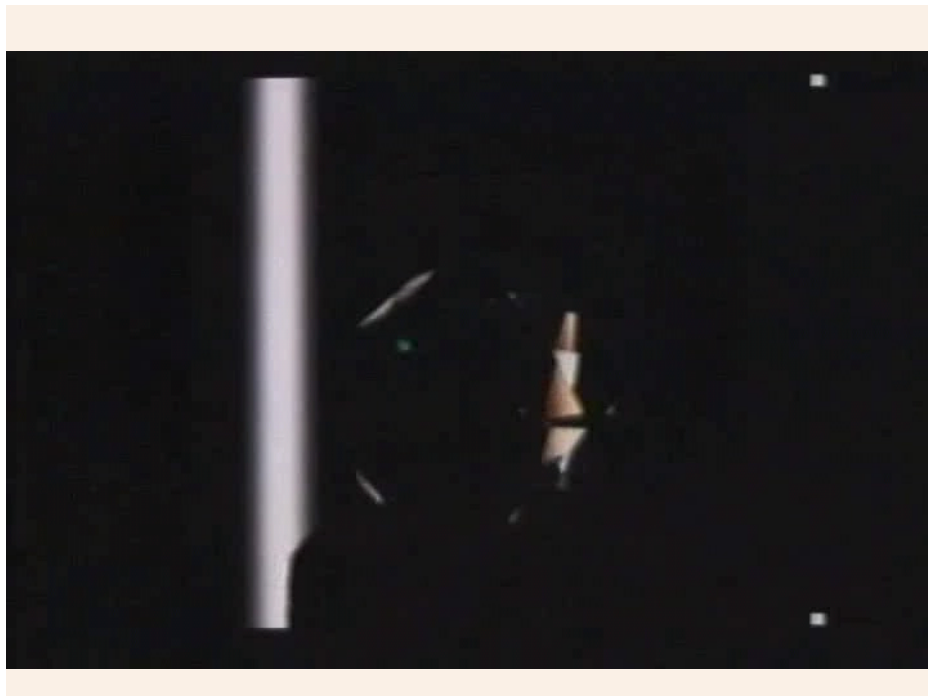
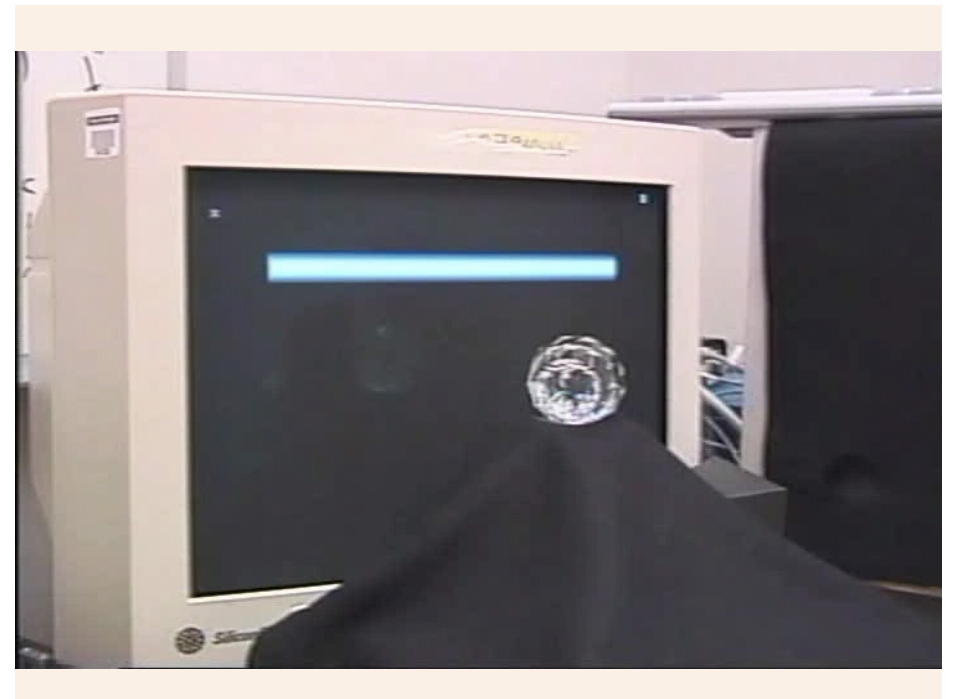
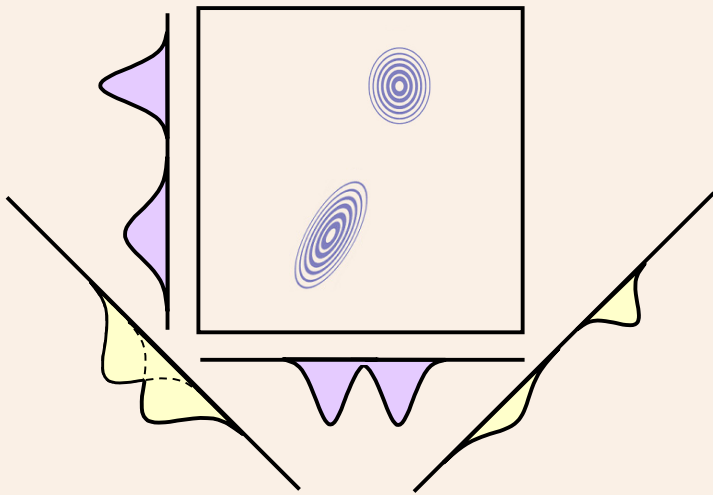
## Multimodal oriented Gaussian



## Multimodal oriented Gaussian



## Multimodal oriented Gaussian



## Glossy surface



**SIGGRAPH 99**



**photograph**



## Glossy surface

---



higher accuracy  
algorithm



photograph

## Oriented Gaussian

---



without orientation



photograph

## Oriented Gaussian

---



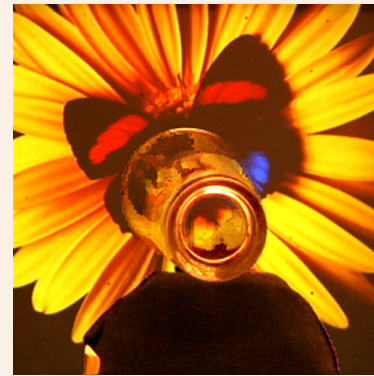
with orientation



photograph

## Multiple mappings

---



SIGGRAPH 99



photograph

## Multiple mappings

---



higher accuracy  
algorithm



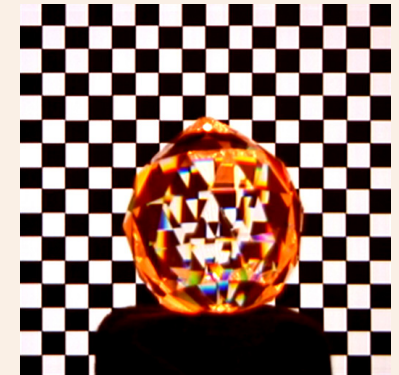
photograph

## Color dispersion

---



SIGGRAPH 99



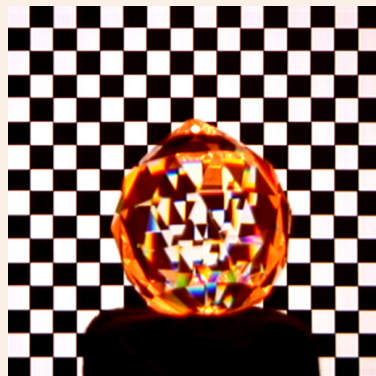
photograph

## Color dispersion

---



higher accuracy  
algorithm



photograph

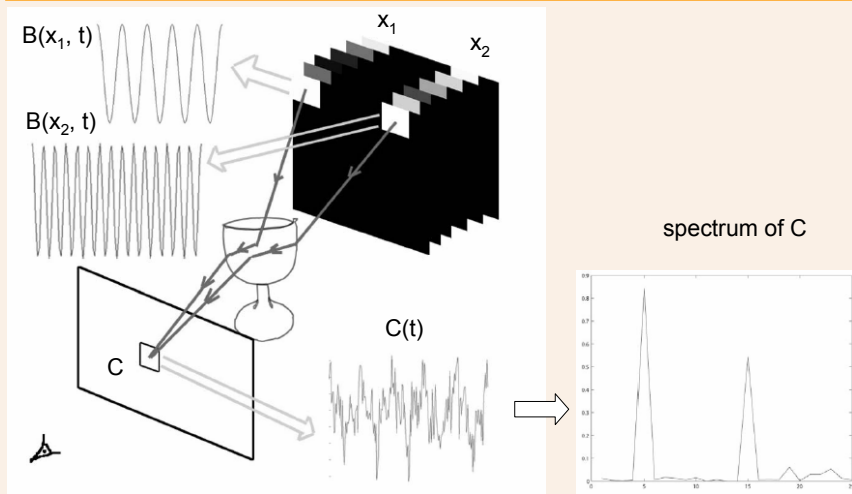
## Frequency-based environment matting

Zhu et. al.

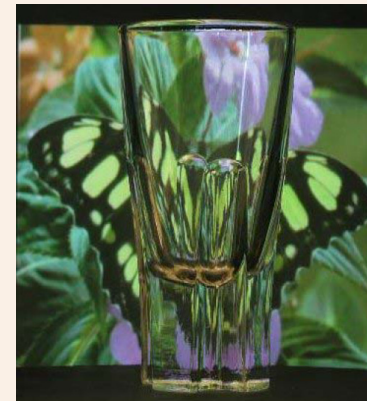
Pacific Graphics 2004



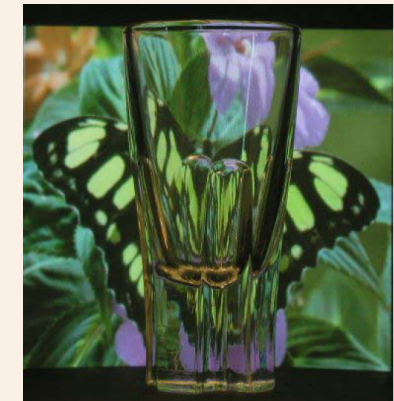
## Frequency-based environment matting



## Results: refraction

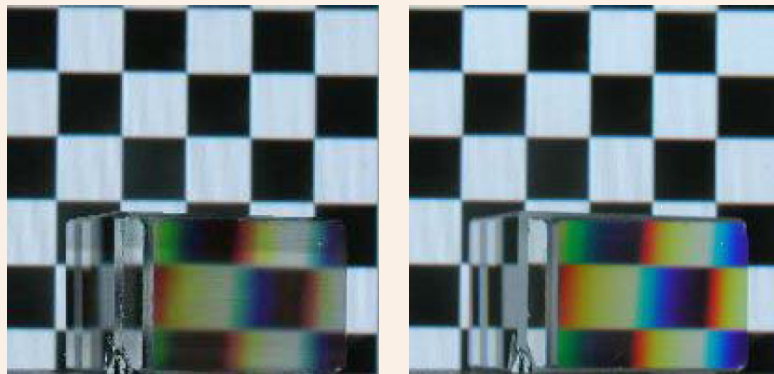


frequency-based environment matting



photograph

## Results: color dispersion



frequency-based environment matting

photograph

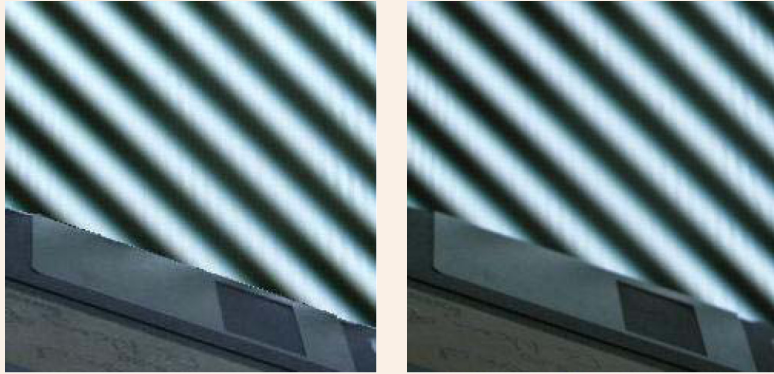
## Results: oriented



frequency-based environment matting

photograph

## Results: oriented



frequency-based  
environment matting

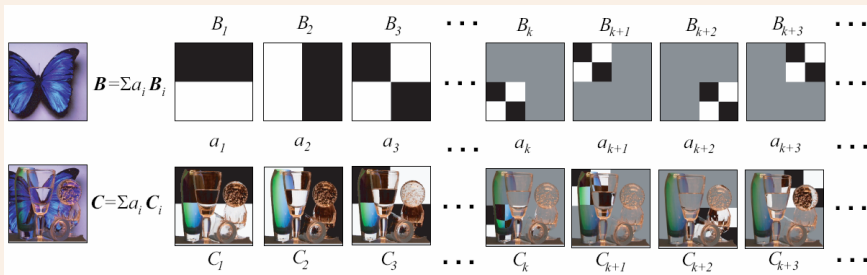
photograph

## Wavelet environment matting

Peers et. al.

EGSR 2003

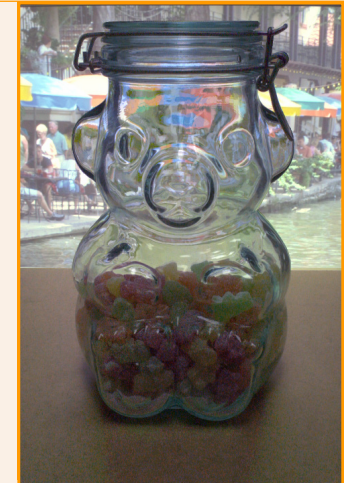
## Wavelet environment matting



## Results: number of basis images



reference image

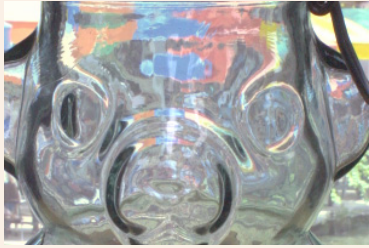


1200 basis  
images



## Results: number of basis images

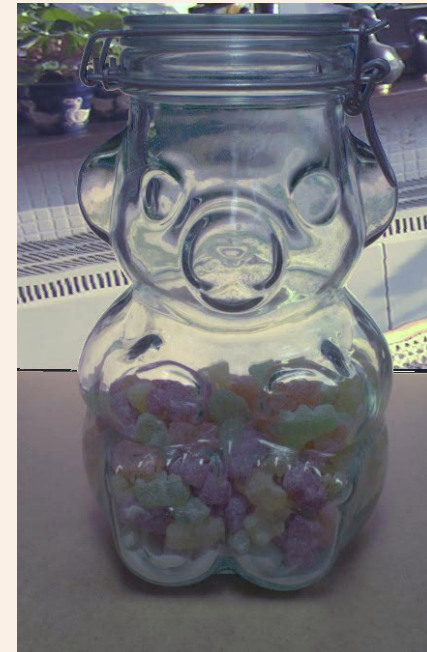
---



reference image



1200 basis  
images



## Results: wavelet patterns

---



reference  
image



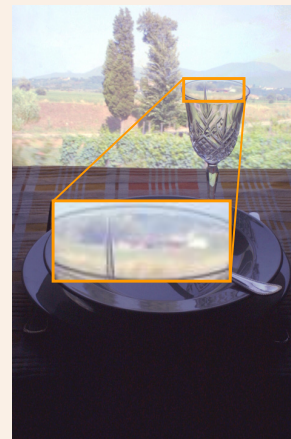
1000 Haar  
patterns



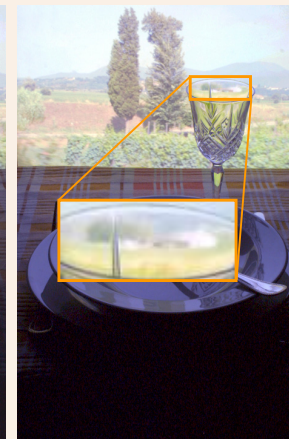
1000  
Daubechies (9,7)  
natterns

## Results: wavelet patterns

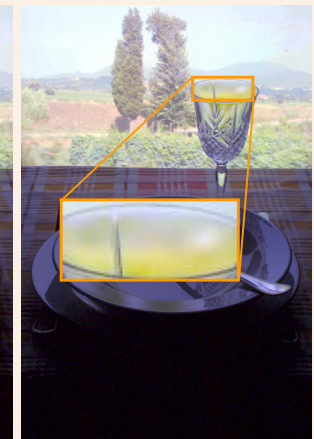
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reference  
image

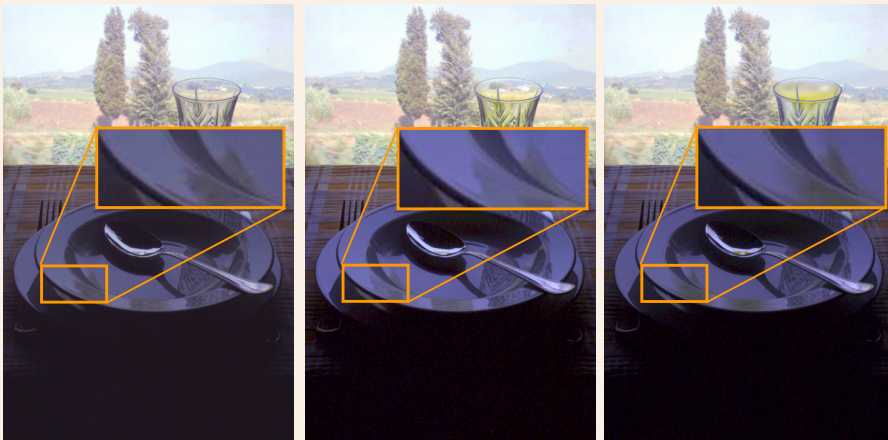


1000 Haar  
patterns



1000  
Daubechies (9,7)  
natterns

## Results: wavelet patterns

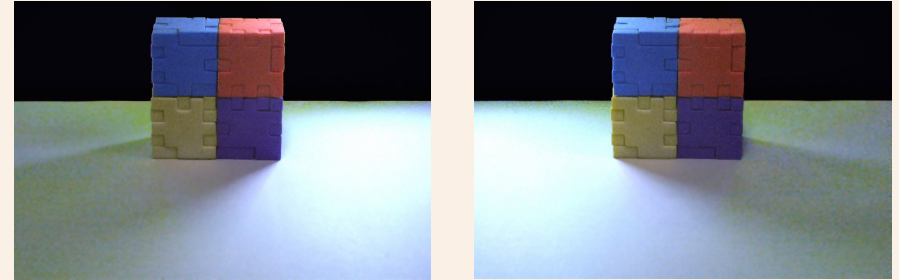


reference  
image

1000 Haar  
patterns

1000  
Daubechies (9,7)  
patterns

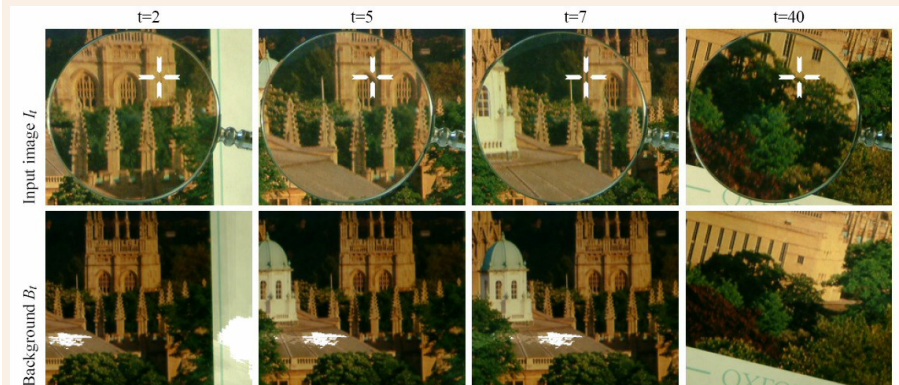
## Results: diffuse materials



## Image-based environment matting

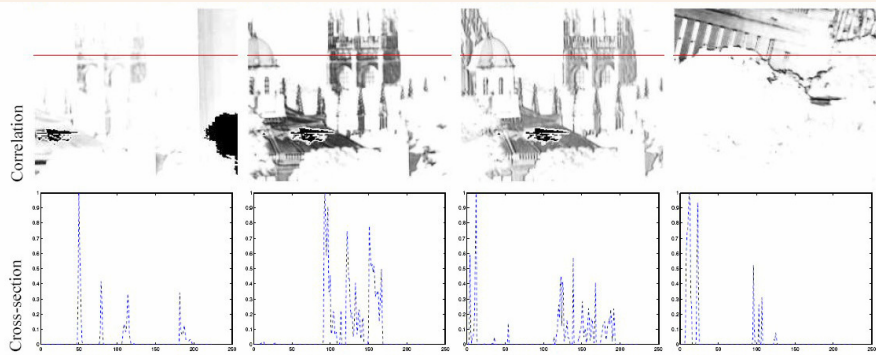
Wexler et. al.  
EWSR 2002

## Image-based environment matting

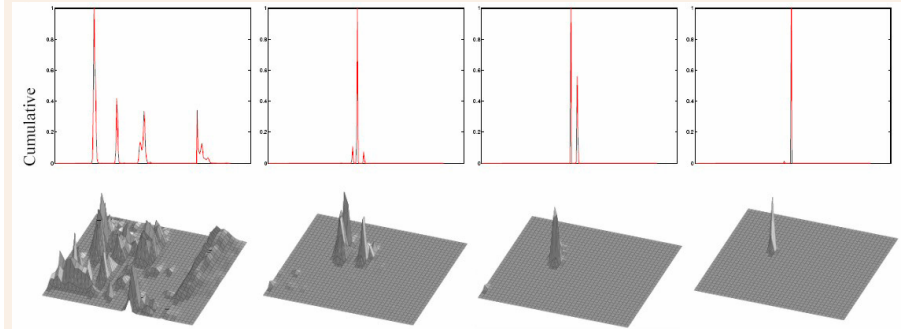




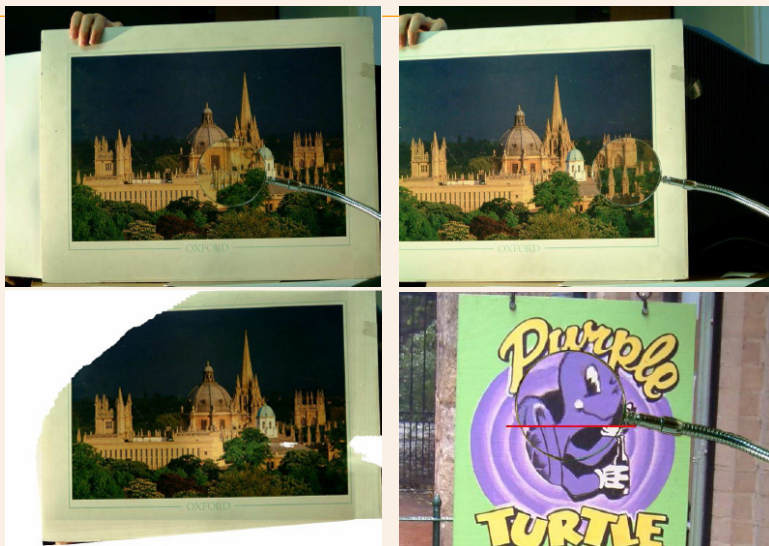
# Image-based environment matting



# Image-based environment matting



# Results



# Results



## Comparisons

category	method	asymptotic # of images	typical # of images	weighting function	materials
active	RTEM	1	1	warping function	colorless, specularly refractive
	HEM	$O(\log k)$	20	box filter	refraction, translucency, highly specular, color transparency
	GEM	$O(k)$	600	sum of Gaussians	+color dispersion, multiple mappings and glossy reflection
	FBEM	$O(k)$	1,200	product of two 1D functions	-multiple mappings
	WEM	$O(k^2)$	1,200	object images	+diffuse reflection
passive	IBEM	N/A	40	probability map	colorless, specularly refractive
	ROEM	N/A	200	warping function	colorless, specularly refractive

## Reference

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- P. Peers and P. Dutre. [Wavelet Environment Matting](#), EGSR 2003.
- J. Zhu and Y.-H. Yang. [Frequency-Based Environment Matting](#), Pacific Graphics 2004.
- Y. Wexler, A. Fitzgibbon and A. Zisserman. [Image-Based Environment Matting](#), EGWR 2002, pp279-289.
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