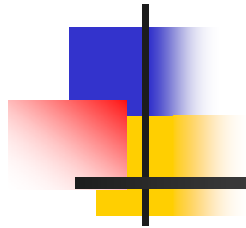


Computer Organization and
Assembly Language
Assignment #3



Box Filter



Virtual Boy Advance

- An emulator for Nintendo Gameboy Advance
- GBA - ARM7 architecture



Develop Environment

- HAM GBA Devkit
 - <http://www.ngine.de/index.jsp?pageid=3504>
 - recommended
- DevKit Advance
 - <http://devkitadv.sourceforge.net/>
 - Lightweight and simple
 - Base knowledge in writing Makefile required



Preparing

- Download ham-280-full-win32.exe
- Follow the instructions to install it

- Download template files
 - http://w.csie.org/~r96051/hw3_template.rar
 - Extract to wherever you want



Replacing Makefile

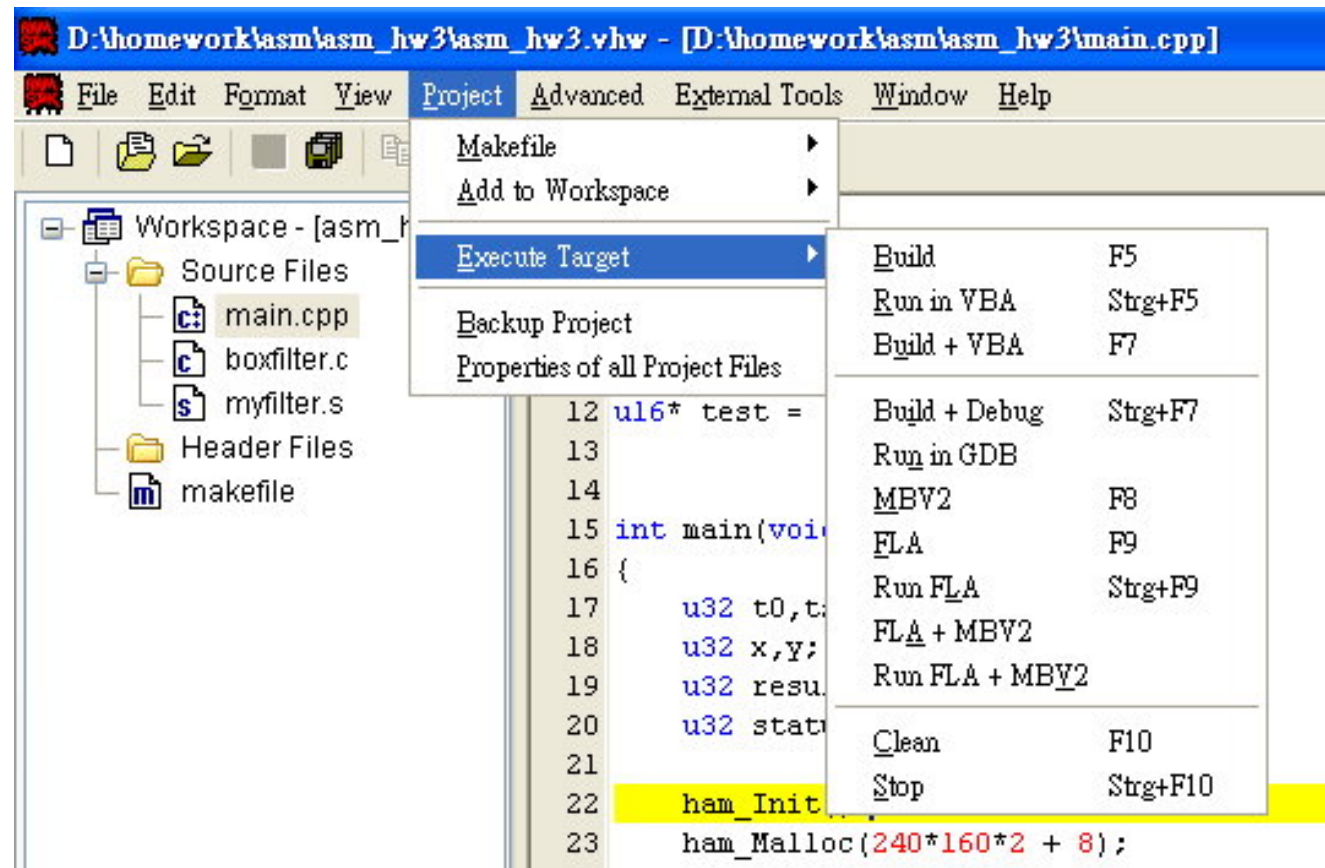
- In (\$HAM_dir)/system/
- Replacing
 - master.mak & standard-targets.mak
- With these two files:
 - <http://w.csie.org/~r96051/master.mak>
 - <http://w.csie.org/~r96051/standard-targets.mak>



Getting start

- Run (\$HAM_dir)/vham/VHAM.exe
- File -> Open workspace
 - open asm_hw3.vhw
- Press 'F7' to Build and Run

Getting start



The screenshot shows a code editor window with the following components:

- Title Bar:** D:\homework\asm\asm_hw3\asm_hw3.vhw - [D:\homework\asm\asm_hw3\main.cpp]
- Menu Bar:** File, Edit, Format, View, Project, Advanced, External Tools, Window, Help
- Project Menu:** Makefile, Add to Workspace, Execute Target (selected), Backup Project, Properties of all Project Files
- Execute Target Sub-menu:**

Build	F5
Run in VBA	Strg+F5
Build + VBA	F7
Build + Debug	Strg+F7
Run in GDB	
MBV2	F8
FLA	F9
Run FLA	Strg+F9
FLA + MBV2	
Run FLA + MBV2	
Clean	F10
Stop	Strg+F10
- Workspace - [asm_hw3]:**
 - Source Files
 - main.cpp
 - boxfilter.c
 - myfilter.s
 - Header Files
 - makefile
- Code Editor:**

```
12 ul6* test =
13
14
15 int main(void)
16 {
17     u32 t0, t1;
18     u32 x, y;
19     u32 result;
20     u32 status;
21
22     ham_Init();
23     ham_Malloc(240*160*2 + 8);
```

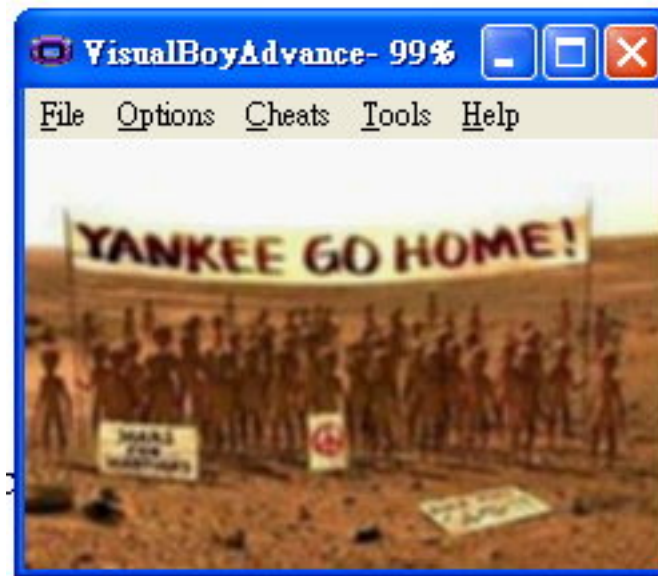


Box Filter

- A spatial domain filter that simply averaging pixel values in kernel.
- Fixed 3x3 kernel for this assignment.
- Notice: There are 2x2 kernel on corners, and 2x3 kernel on edges

$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$
$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$
$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$

Box Filter





Assignment

- Modify myfilter.s as a box filter
- `void myfilter(u16* ret,const u16* ori);`
 - ret and ori are two pointer to original and return images
 - ret in r0, ori in r1

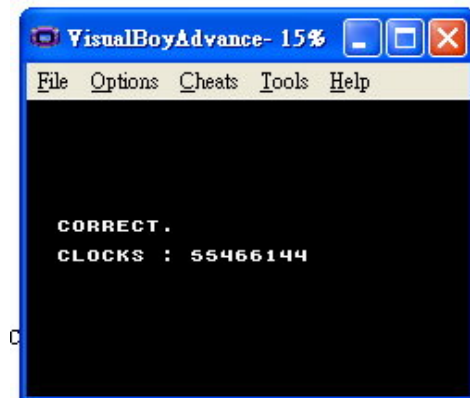


myfilter.s

```
1  .file  "myfilter.c"
2  .text
3  .align 2
4  .global myfilter
5  .type  myfilter, %function
6  myfilter:
7
8  ldrh   r2, [r1, #0]    @ movhi @ * ori
9  strh   r2, [r0, #0]    @ movhi @ * ret
10
11  bx    lr
12
13  .size  myfilter, .-myfilter
14  .ident "GCC: (GNU) 3.3.2"
```

Auto Judge

- Press Left, Up and Down to switch between original image, filtered image and result.
- Both accuracy and efficiency will be encountered when scoring.





Changing input

- Replacing input.h for different input image.
- You can use Gfx2gba making your own input image.
 - Gfx2gba 1.03
 - <http://www.gbadev.org/tools.php?showinfo=143>



BGR5 Format

- 15 bits for a pixel
- 5 bits for each BGR channel
 - Red channel at the lowest 5 bits
 - Green channel at bit6 to bit10
 - Blue channel at bit11 to bit15
- Separating channels when blending



BGR5 Format

- A straightforward C code for blending

```
ncolor = UL1[ny*240+x];
cc++;
r+= (ncolor&0x001f);
g+= ((ncolor&0x03e0)>>5);
b+= ((ncolor&0x7c00)>>10);
}
}
r = r/cc;
g = g/cc;
b = b/cc;

ret[y*240+x] = (b<<10)+ (g<<5) + r;
```

- Is there a faster way?



Efficiency issue

- Loop unrolling?
- GBA memory :
 - 96KB VRAM
 - 32KB in-chip RAM
 - 256KB on-board RAM
 - Can we tiling?
- Space and time : trade off
 - Are there duplicate adding? Can we reuse it?



Reference

- More about GBA development:
- GBADEV.org
 - <http://www.gbadev.org/>
- Jonathan S. Harbour's blog
 - http://theharbourfamily.com/jonathan/?page_id=89