# Theory of Computation 

## Homework 1

Due: 2010/10/05
Problem 1. Consider a deterministic $k$-tape Turing machine with $q$ states and $\sigma$ alphabetic symbols. Suppose this Turing machine halts after using a maximum of $h$ cells on each of the tapes. What is the maximum running time?

Problem 2. Cantor's theorem says that the set of all subsets of $\mathbb{N}$ (i.e. $2^{\mathbb{N}}$ ) is infinite and not countable. But consider the following counterargument. Let $p_{1}<p_{2}<p_{3}<\cdots$ be all the prime numbers. Define the following function from $2^{\mathbb{N}}$ to $\mathbb{N}$ :

$$
f(X)=p_{1}^{n_{1}} p_{2}^{n_{2}} p_{3}^{n_{3}} \ldots,
$$

where $X=\left\{n_{1}, n_{2}, n_{3}, \ldots\right\}$ and $n_{1}<n_{2}<n_{3}<\cdots$. Clearly, $f$ maps every subset of $\mathbb{N}$ into some number of $\mathbb{N}$. So, $2^{\mathbb{N}}$ is countable, contradicting Cantor's theorem. What is wrong with the argument?

